

# The Future of Black Hole Imaging

Charles F. Gammie

on behalf of the Event Horizon Telescope Collaboration



# 窥视黑洞，何去何从

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Event Horizon Telescope Images

Modeling EHT sources

Future of Black Hole Imaging

Hot Spots and Model Predictions



# Event Horizon Telescope Images

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M87\*



*EHTC+ 2019*

**First image of a black hole**





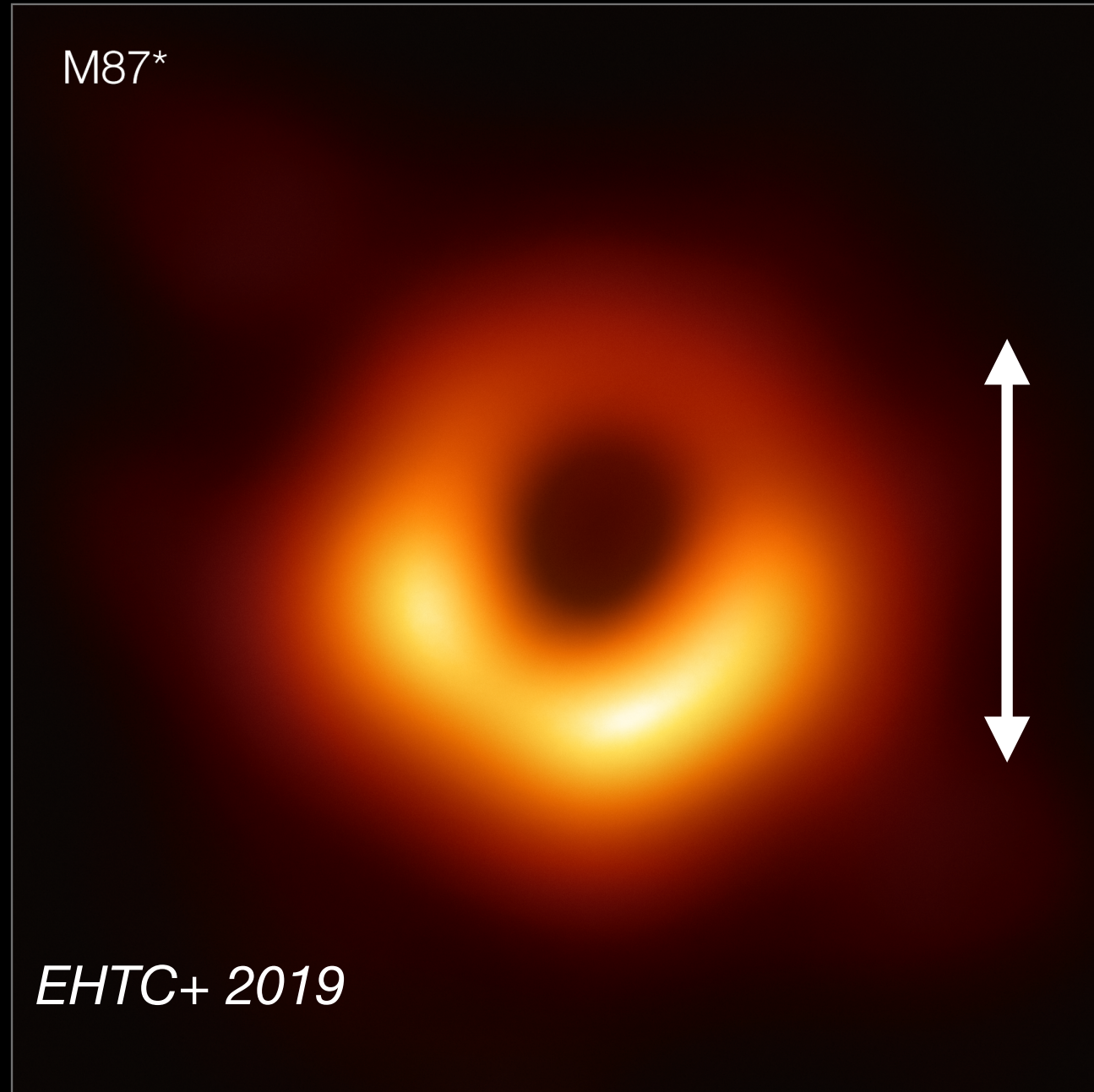
# EHT: millimeter VLBI



- 1.3mm VLBI network,  $\Delta\theta \sim \lambda/D \sim (1.3\text{mm})/(2 R_{\oplus}) \sim 20\mu\text{as}$
- 2017 campaign: April 5, 6, 7, 10, 11; 6 targets, incl M87\* & Sgr A\*
- 8 telescopes at 6 sites



M87\*



*EHTC+ 2019*

**First image of a black hole**

**angular diameter**

$$42\mu\text{as} = \sqrt{27} \frac{2GM}{c^2 D}$$

$$\Rightarrow M \simeq 6.5 \pm 0.7 \times 10^9 M_{\odot}$$

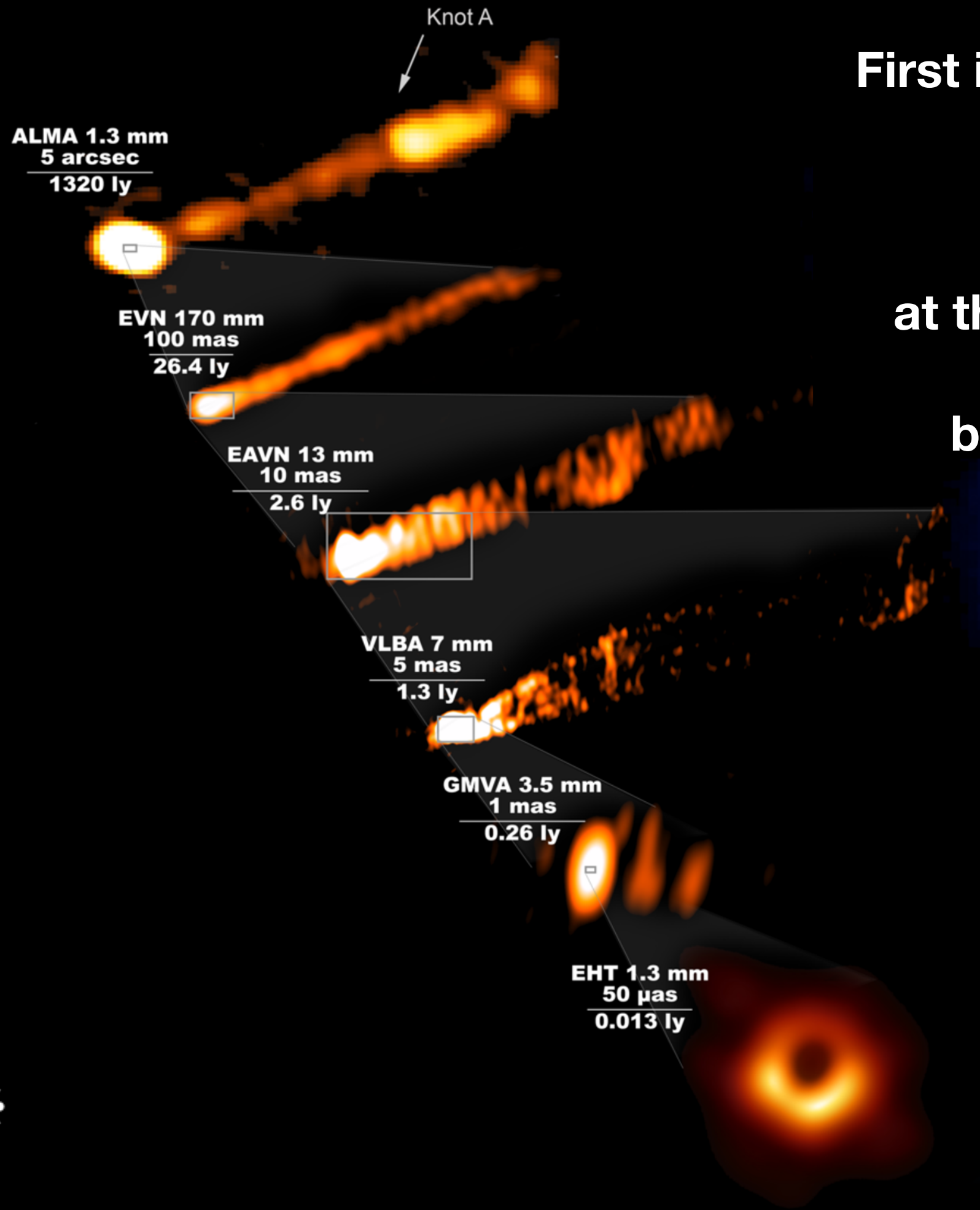




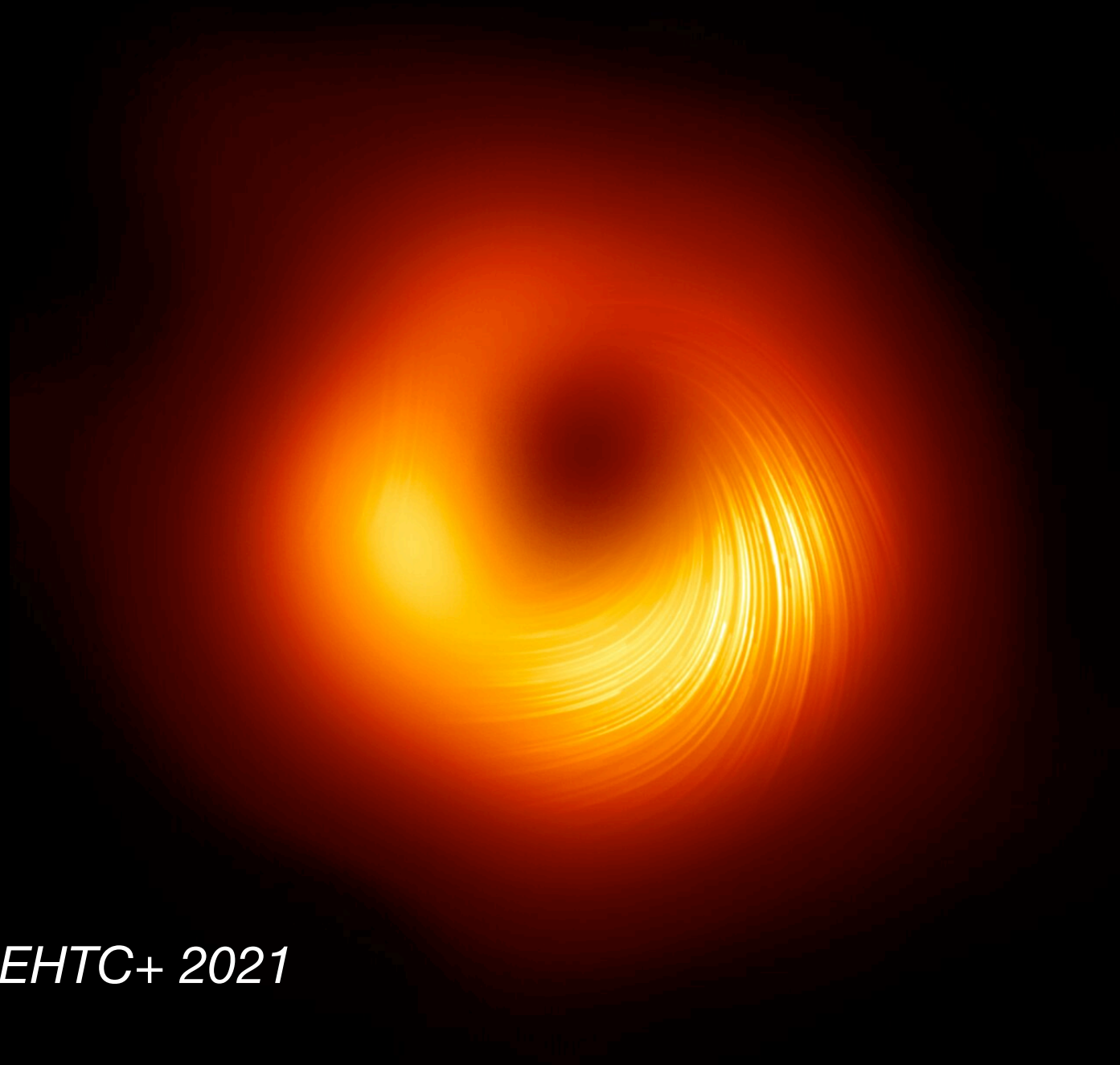
# First image of a black hole

black hole is  
at the base of M87's jet

black hole powers  
the jet





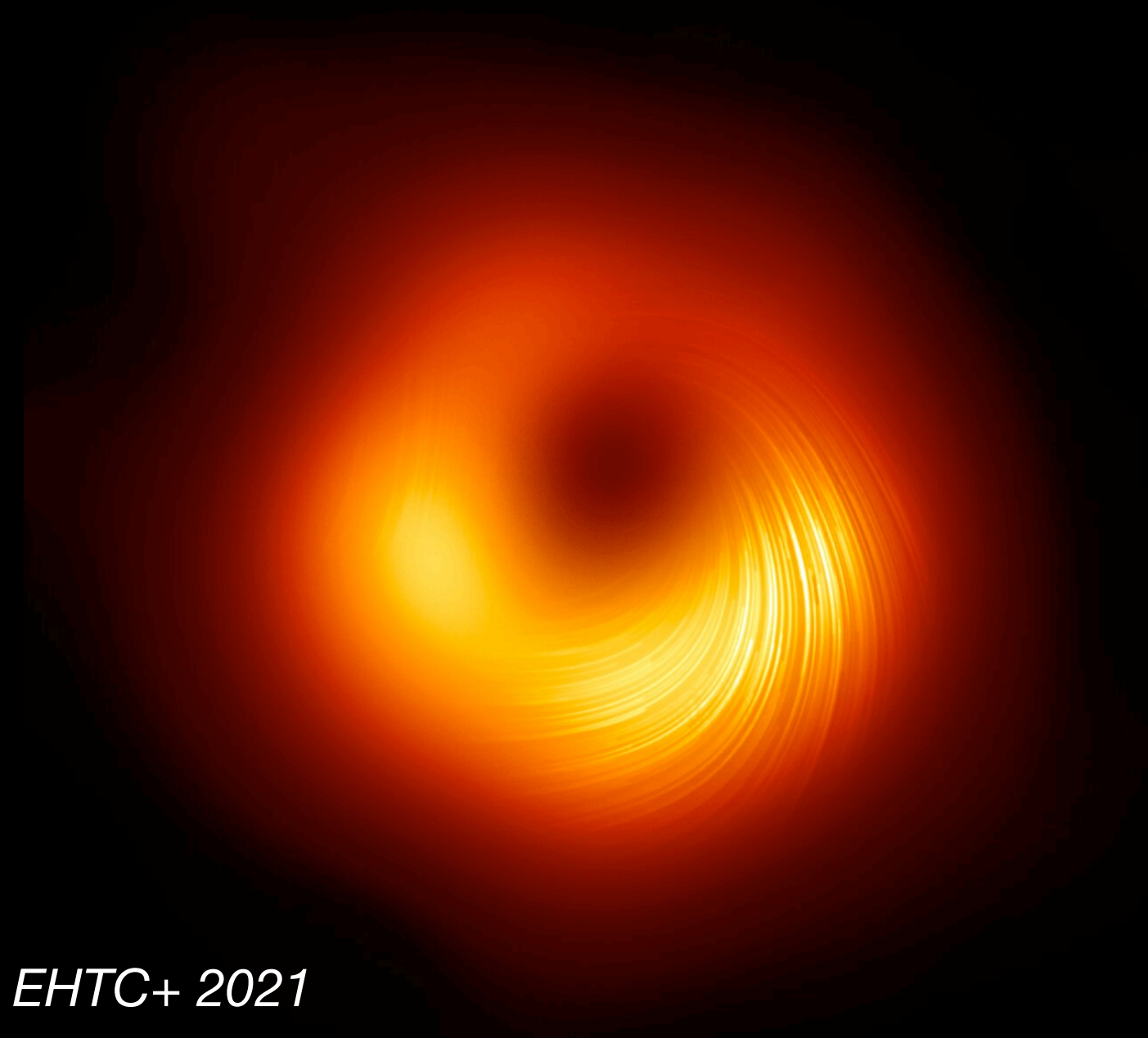


**M87\***  
**First *polarized***  
**image of a black hole**

*EHTC+ 2021*







**M87\***  
**First polarized**  
**image of a black hole**

**consistent with**  
**left-handed**  
**spiral in**  
**magnetic field**

*EHTC+ 2021*





Sgr A\*

**First image of the  
galactic center black hole**

*EHTC+ 2022*





Sgr A\*

EHTC+ 2022

**First image of the  
galactic center black hole**

**angular diameter**

$$52\mu\text{as} = \sqrt{27} \frac{2GM}{c^2 D}$$

$$\Rightarrow M \simeq 4.0^{+1.1}_{-0.6} \times 10^6 M_{\odot}$$





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# What shapes the EHT images?

Plasma Flow, Lensing, Electron Physics

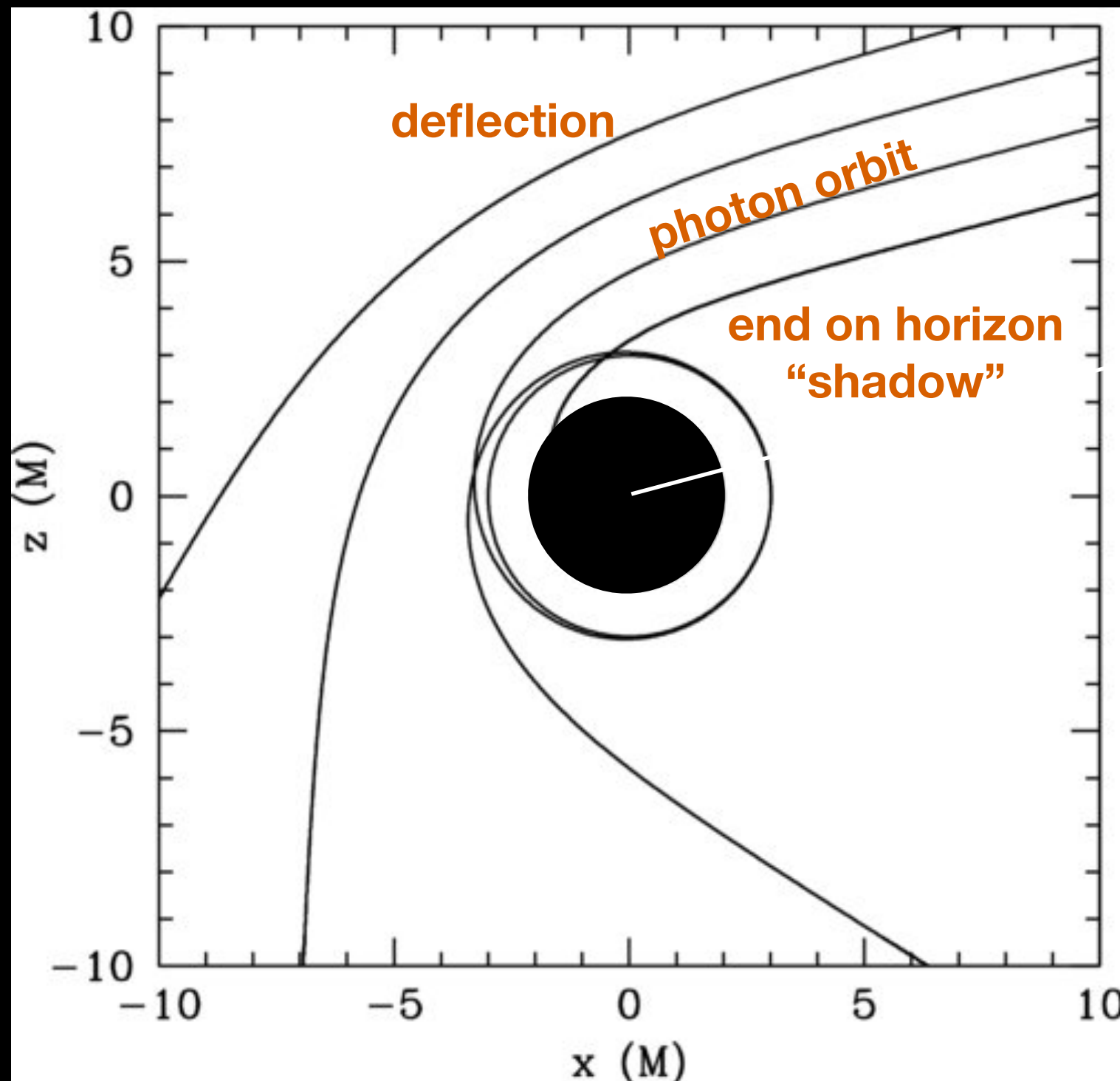




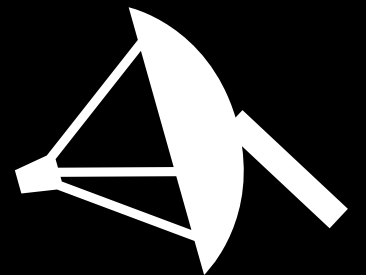
*credit: Raley et al., Uni Primary School; NSF 20-07936*



# Gravitational Macrolensing



impact  
parameter  
 $\sqrt{27}GM/c^2$





1. (magneto)hydrodynamic simulation
  2. assign electron distribution function
  3. radiative transfer calculation
- ⇒ Stokes  $IQUV(\nu, x, y, t)$





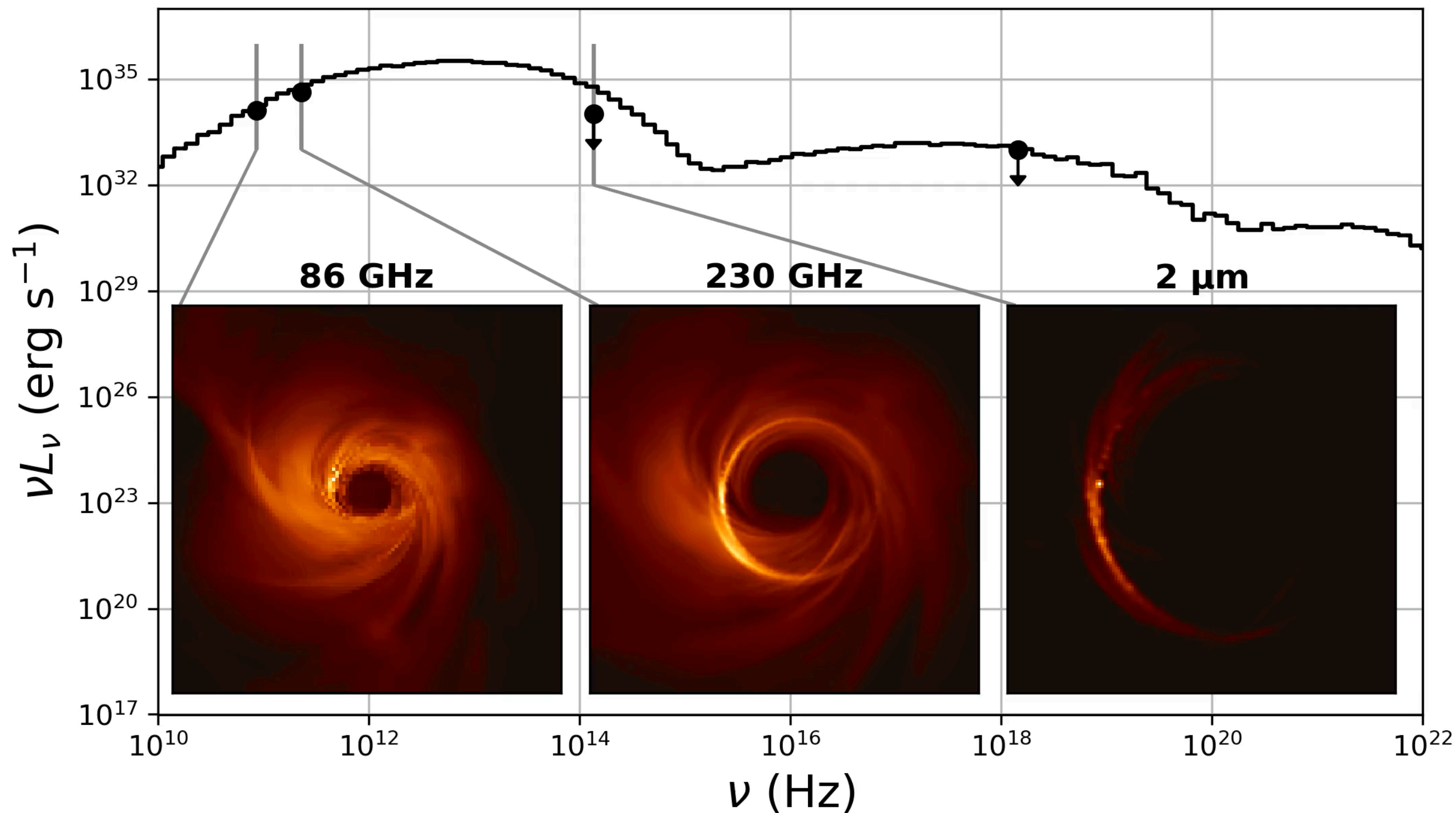
*credit: A. Joshi*



**Sgr A\* Model**

**I ILLINOIS**<sup>TM</sup>



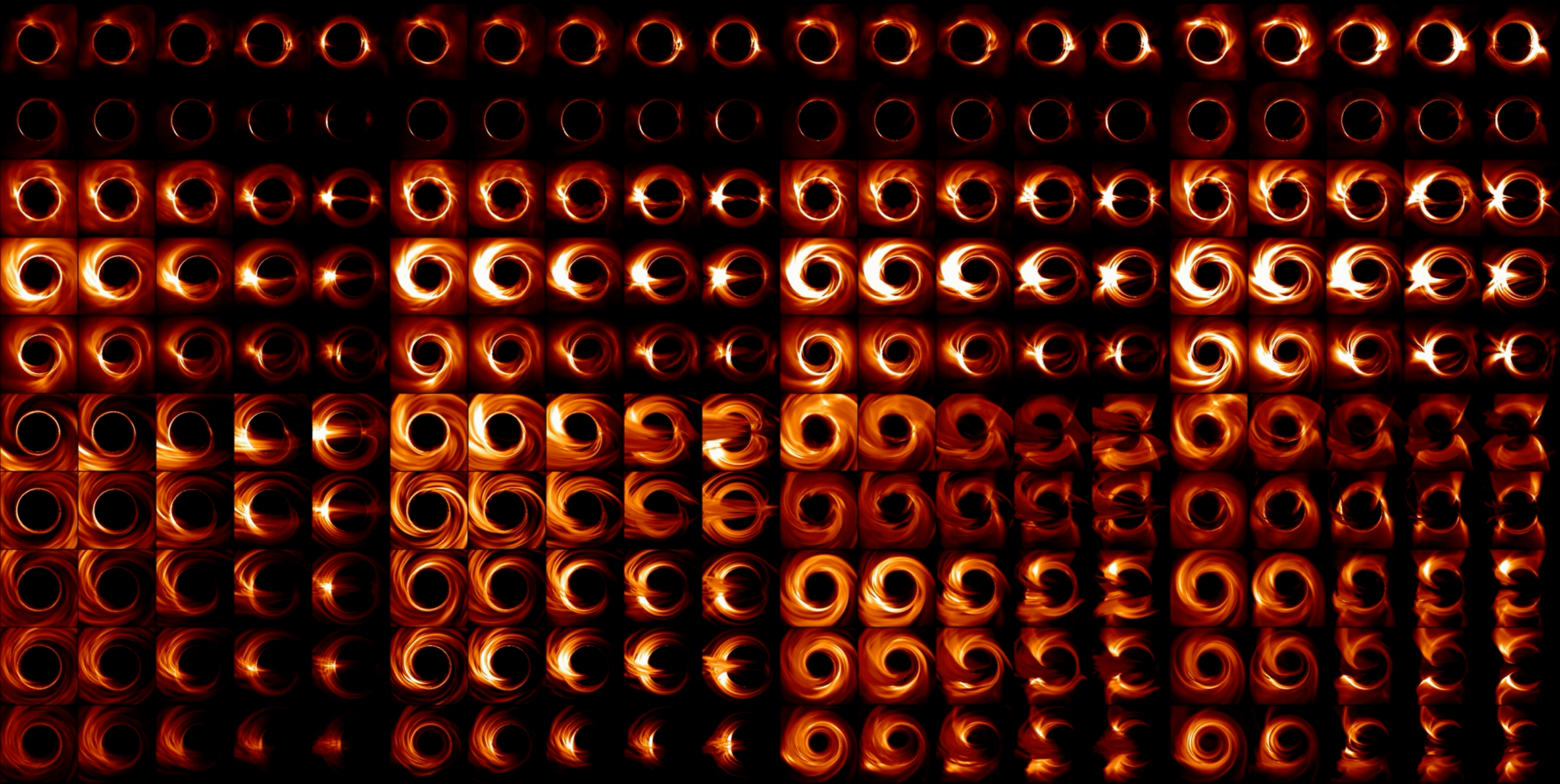


credit: B. Prather

Sgr A\* Model



*credit: B. Prather*



**EHTC et al. 2022, Paper V**



# Model Comparison Results

- M87 black hole mass to  $\sim 20\%$  (models required)  
*previously uncertain to  $\sim 2$*
- Sgr A\* black hole mass (models required)  
*consistent w. Ghez/Genzel to  $\sim 20\%$*
- Confirmed black hole at base of M87 jet  
*only  $spin > 0$  models produce substantial jet*  
*consistent with Blandford-Znajek (1977) hypothesis*
- Model comparison (**spin, magnetization, inclination, e- dist**):
  - magnetically dominated (MAD) models favored
  - M87\* spin vector pointed away from Earth
  - Sgr A\* has accretion flow inclination  $< 70\text{deg}$
  - Sgr A\* is **quieter than expected from models**



If you make a theory, for example,  
and advertise it, or put it out, then  
you must also put down all the  
facts that disagree with it, as well  
as those that agree with it.

-Feynman



# Some Limitations

1. Ideal fluid model for collisionless plasma
2. Thermal model for electron distribution function
3. Local thermodynamic state controls electron distribution function (instantaneous adjustment)
4. Boundary condition dependence
5. Initial condition dependence
6. “Fast light” approximation



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# EHT Imaging Campaigns

2017	SPT, ALMA, APEX, SMA, JCMT, LMT, SMT, PV	M87*: I, QU, V pub Sgr A*: I pub, QU in process
2018	+GLT	M87*: I in process
2021	+KP, NOEMA, -LMT	M87*: I in process
2022	+LMT	
2023	-PV; +345GHz	

**+GMVA campaigns and other simultaneous multiwavelength campaigns**

partial key: SPT = south pole telescope, SMA = submillimeter array (Mauna Kea, Hawaii),  
LMT = large millimeter telescope (Sierra Negra, Mexico),  
SMT = submillimeter telescope (Mt. Graham, Arizona)  
PV = IRAM 30m (Pico Veleta, Spain), GLT = Greenland Telescope (Thule, Greenland)  
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# EHT New Capabilities

1. **345 GHz:**  $\Delta\theta \sim \lambda/D$   
nominal resolution 20  $\mu\text{as}$   $\rightarrow$  13  $\mu\text{as}$
2. **Agile Observing:** repeated imaging of M87\*  
**MOVIES!**
3. **new sites:** African Millimetre Telescope  
ngEHT ~4 new sites, higher UV covering fraction
4. **Space!**  $\Delta\theta \sim \lambda/D$   
geosynch nominal resolution 20  $\mu\text{as}$   $\rightarrow$  5  $\mu\text{as}$

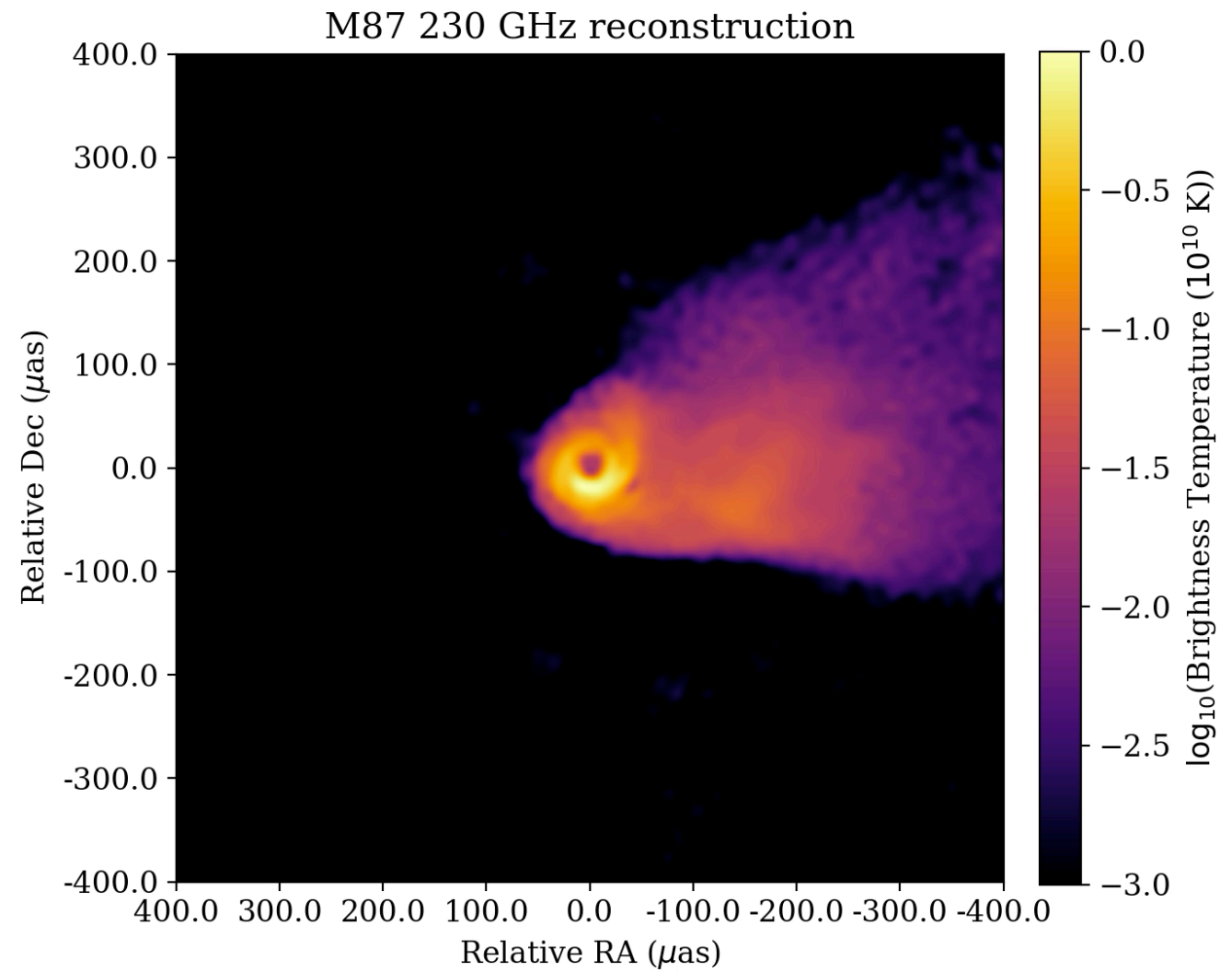
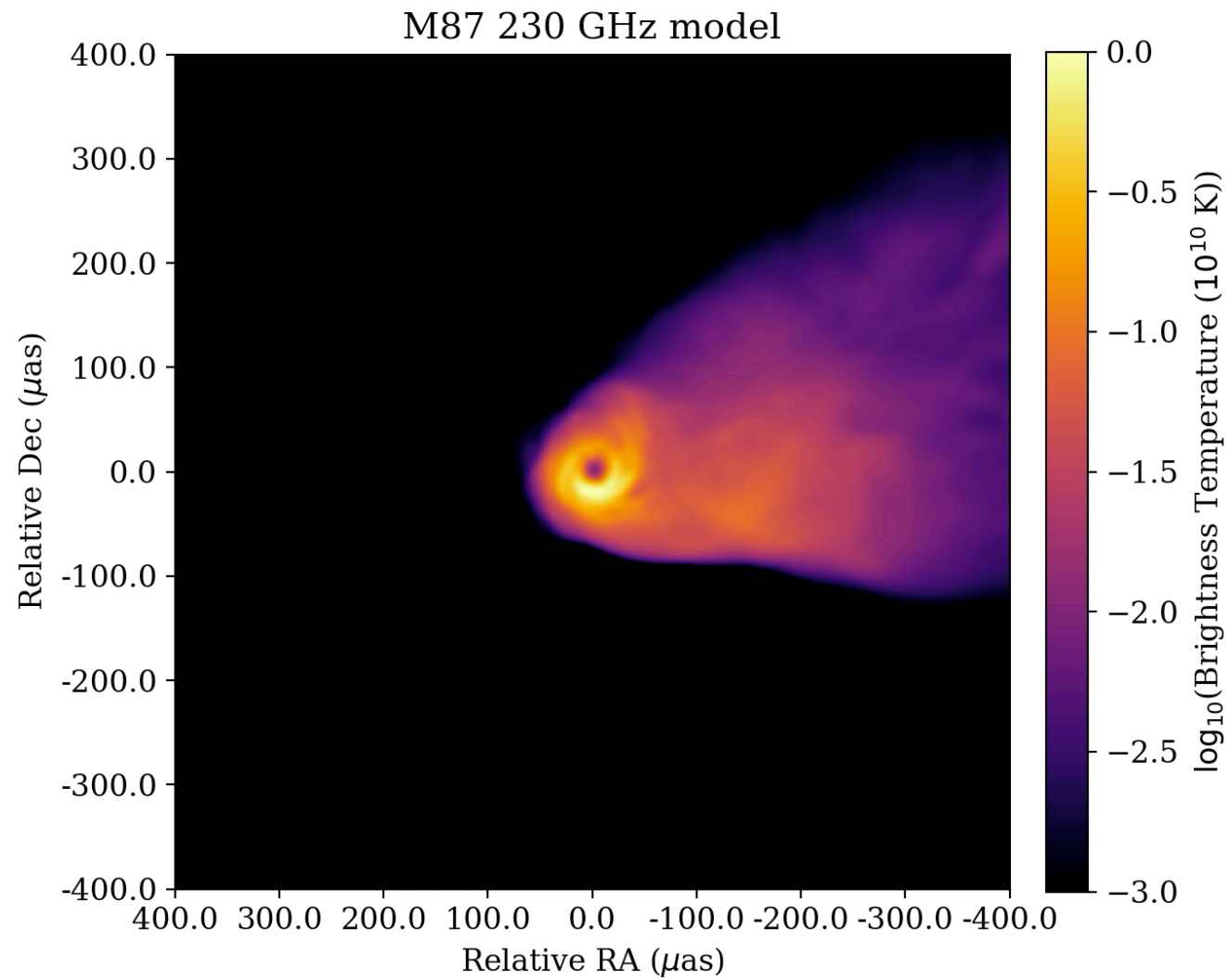


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# ngEHT Capabilities



**L. Blackburn**



Event Horizon Telescope Images

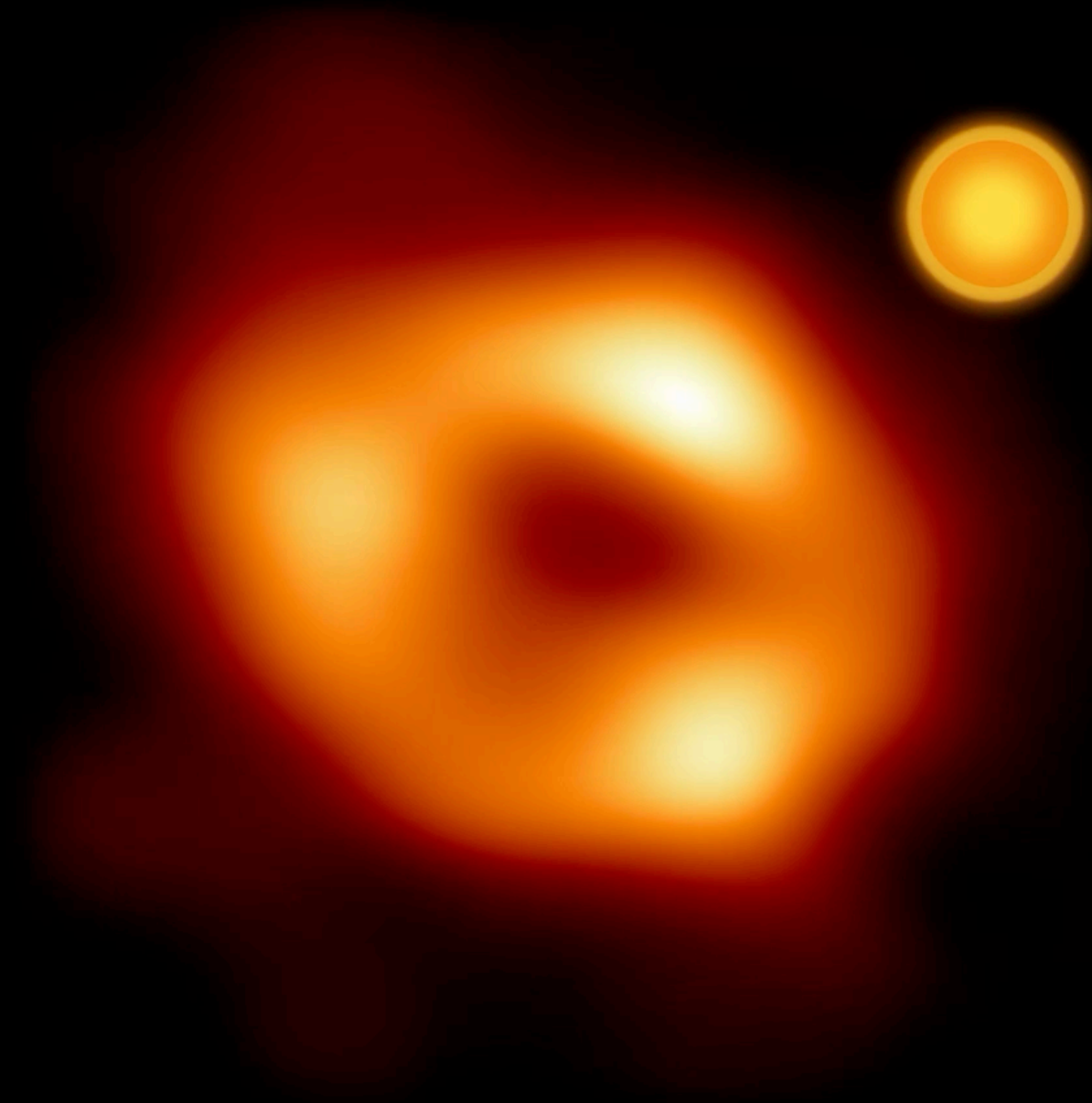
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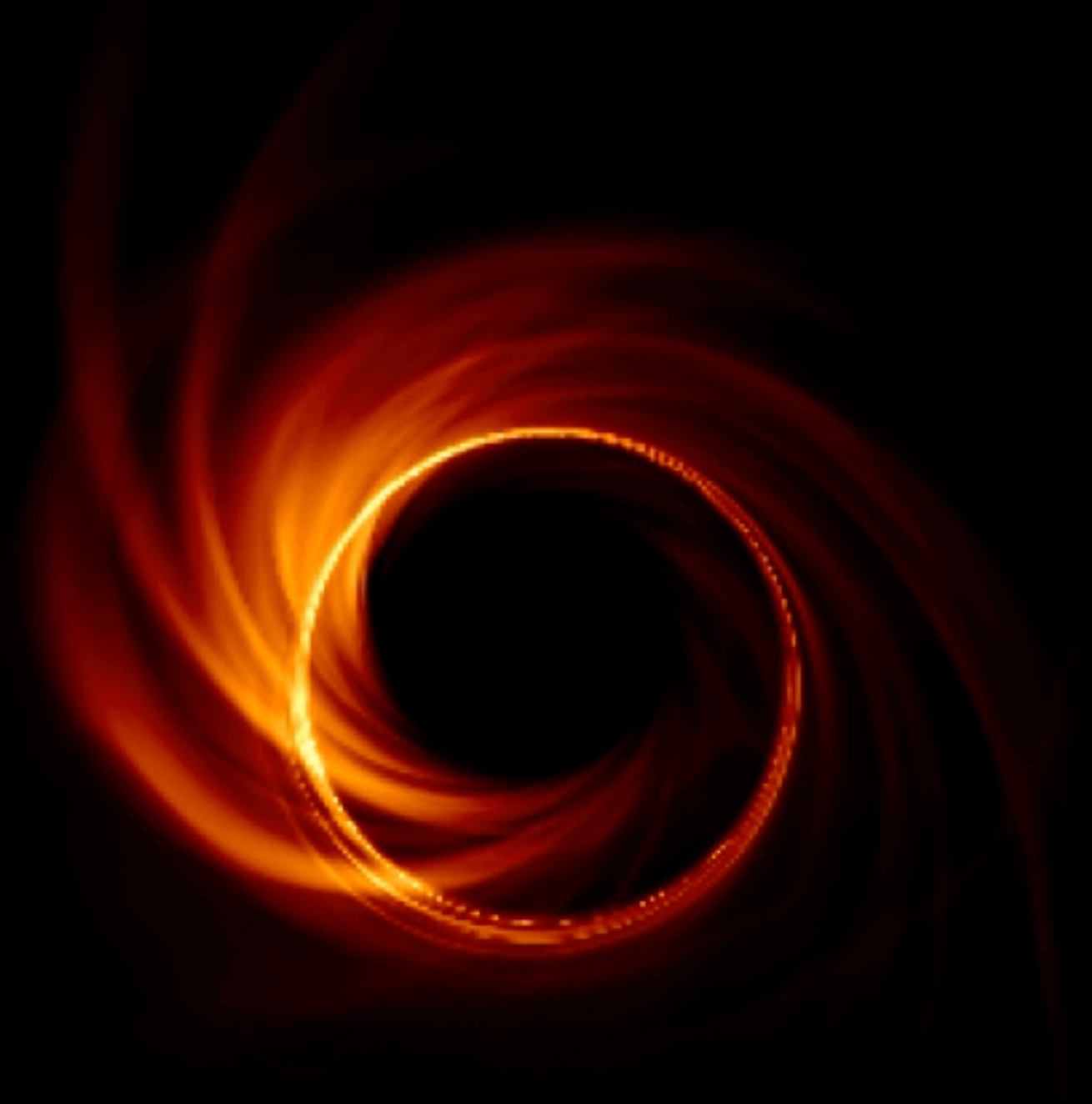


# Hot Spot Model



*credit: ESO/M. Wielgus*





**Sgr A\***

**MAD**  $a = 0.5$

$i = 30 \text{ deg}$

$R_{\text{high}} = 40$

$60000 \text{ GM}/c^3$



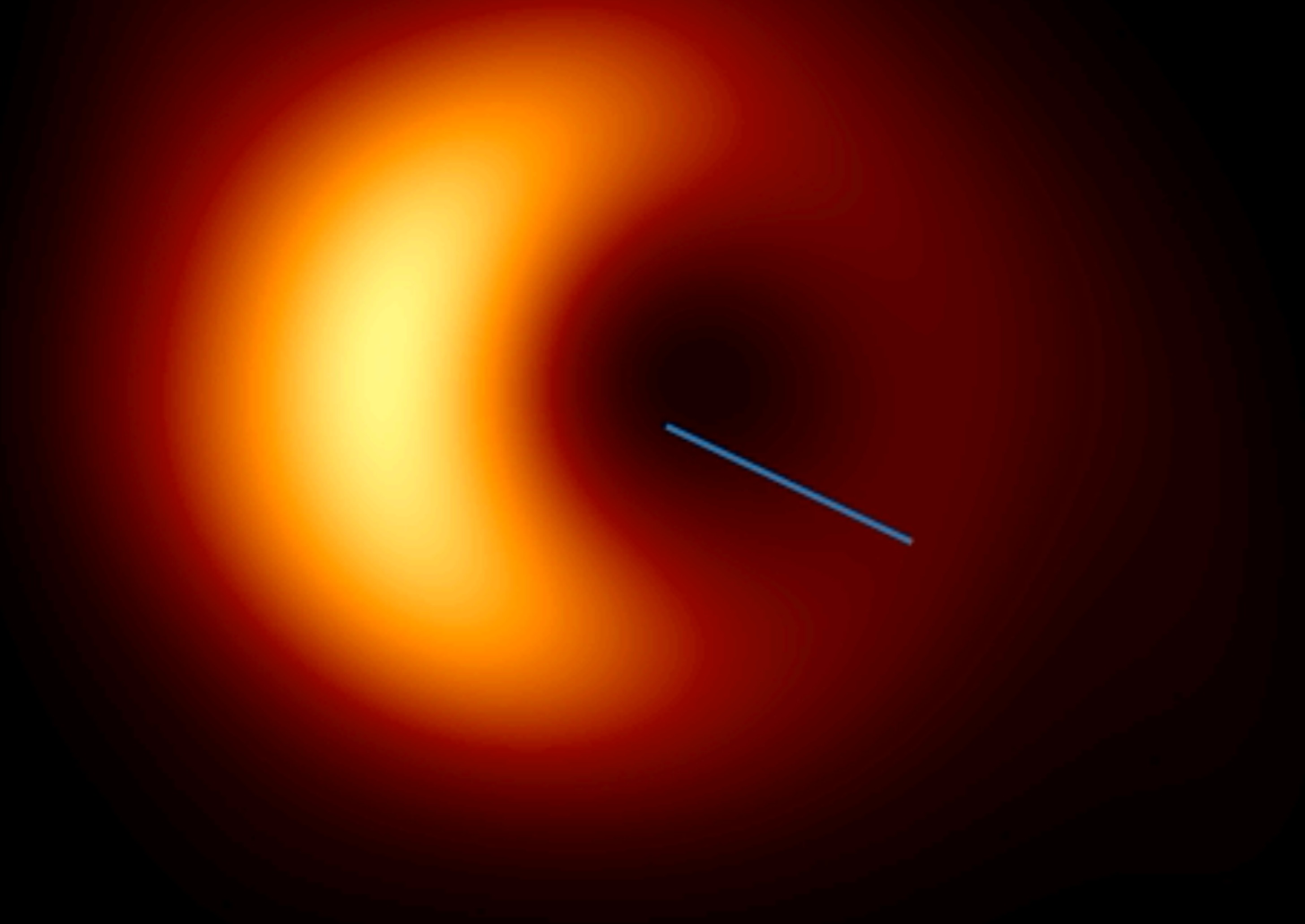
**FWHM** =  $20\mu\text{as}$



$60000\text{ GM}/c^3$



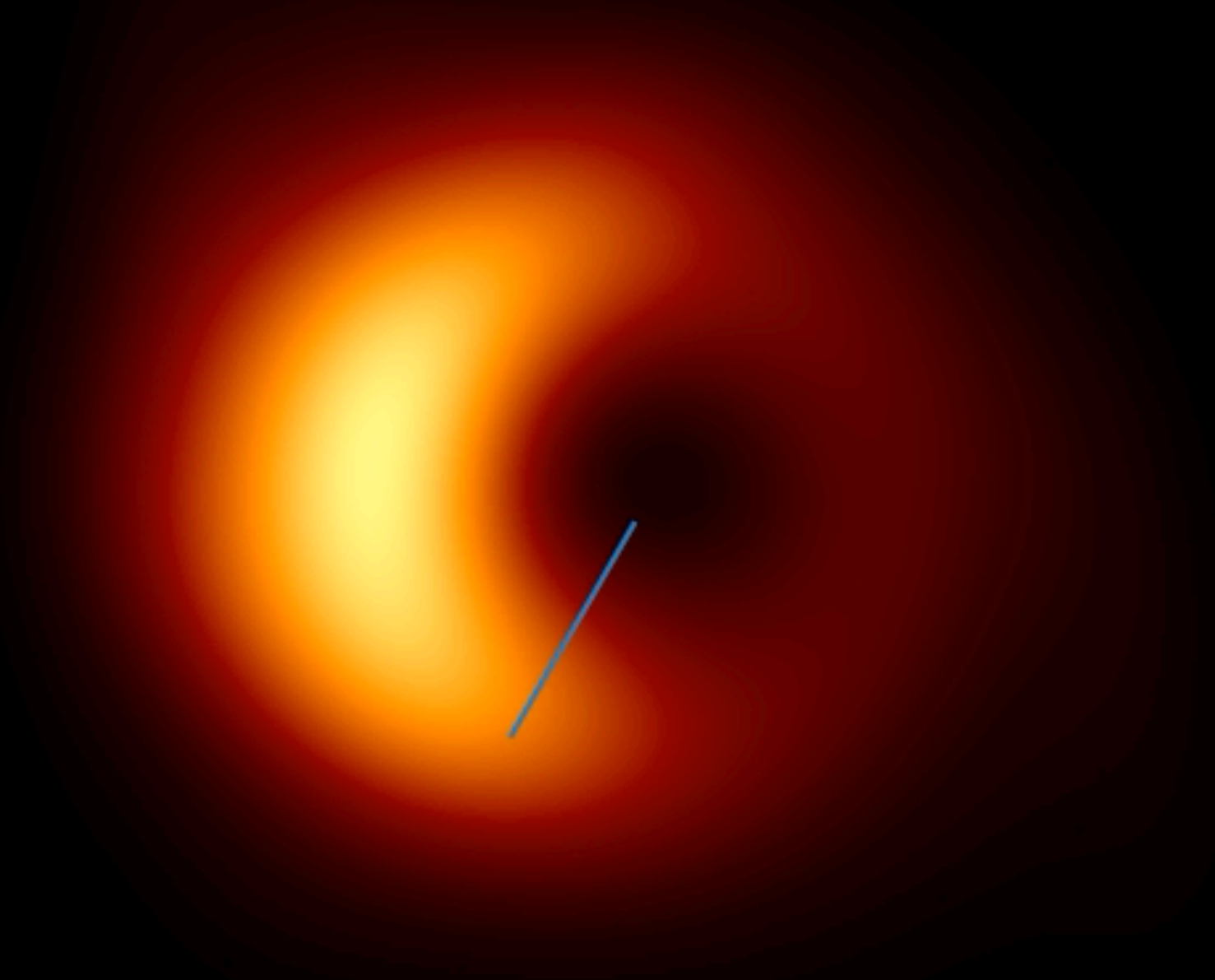
$$\Omega_{\text{plasma}} \simeq 0.9\Omega_K \simeq 6 \text{ deg}/(GM/c^3)$$



$60000 GM/c^3$



$$\Omega \simeq 0.5 \text{ deg}/(GM/c^3)$$



$60000 GM/c^3$



# (ng)EHT Movies

GRMHD models predict:

- Rotation at  $\sim \Omega_K/10$
- Brightness variations dominated by pressure, not entropy, fluctuations
- Rotation depends on black hole spin

*Conroy et al. 2023*



# Summary

Event Horizon Telescope Images

*M87\*, Sgr A\*, multiple epochs, full polarization*

Modeling EHT sources

*GRMHD models + radiative transfer*

Future of Black Hole Imaging

*Higher fidelity, resolution images, movies!*

Hot Spots and Model Predictions

*Models predict slow, non-ballistic rotation*







