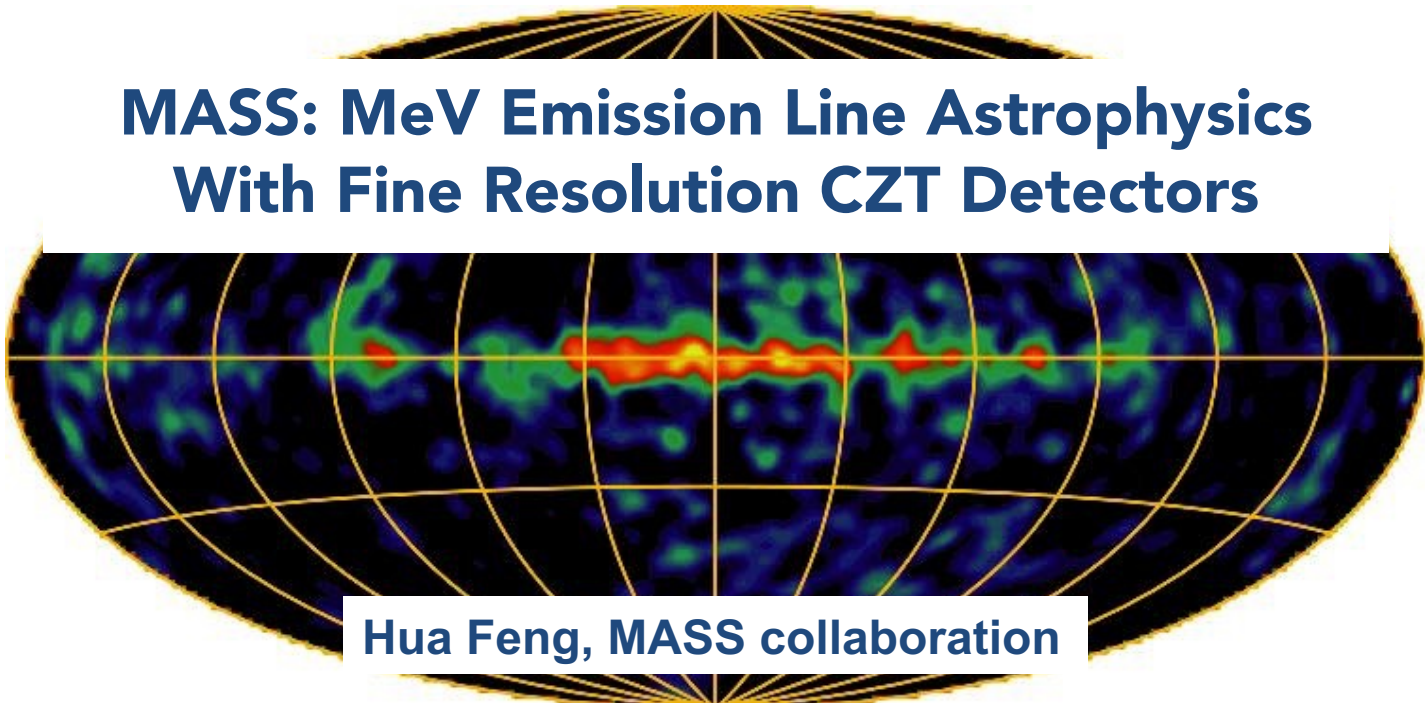




MASS: MeV Emission Line Astrophysics With Fine Resolution CZT Detectors

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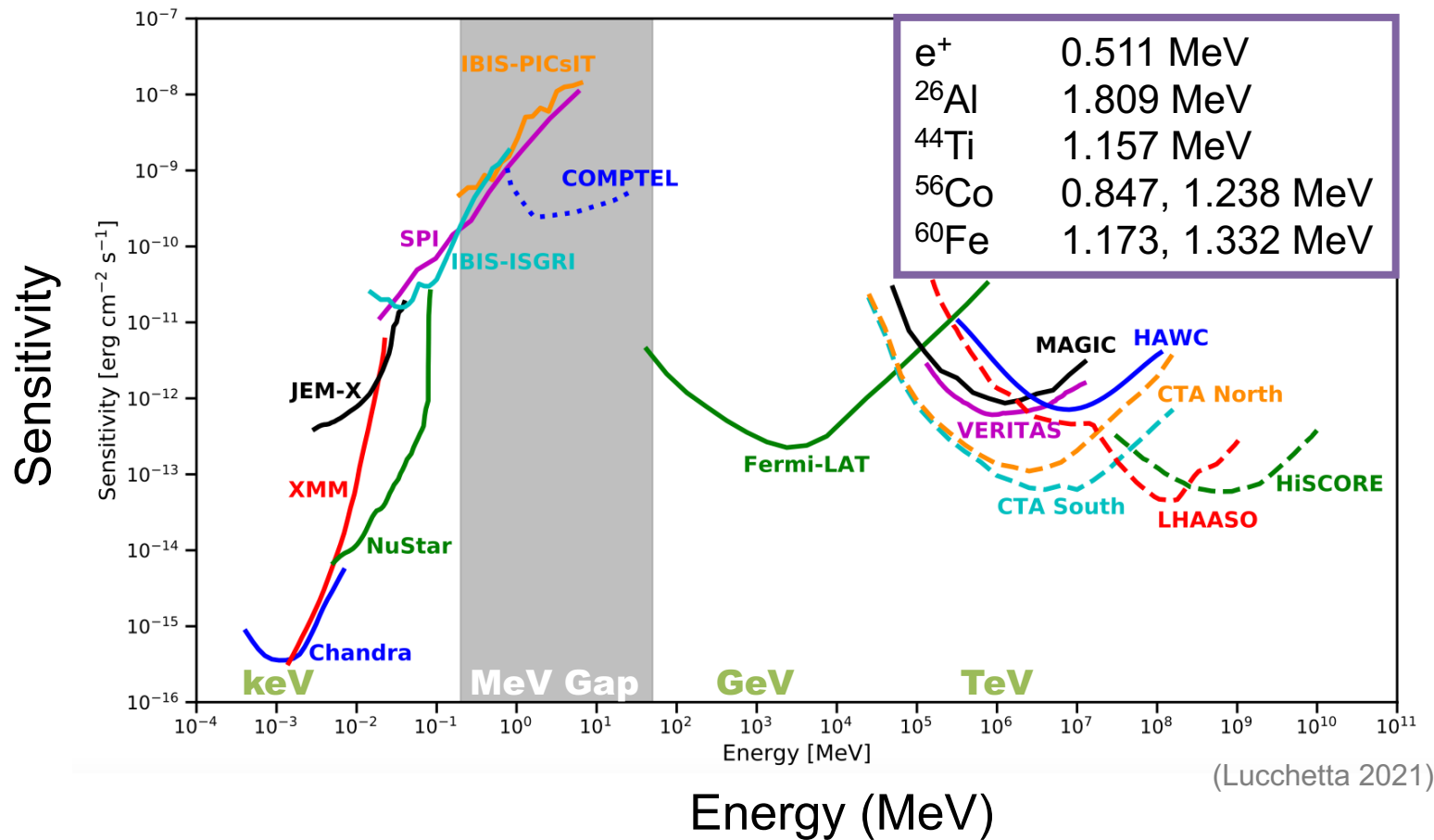
南京大学



北京理工大学
BEIJING INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY



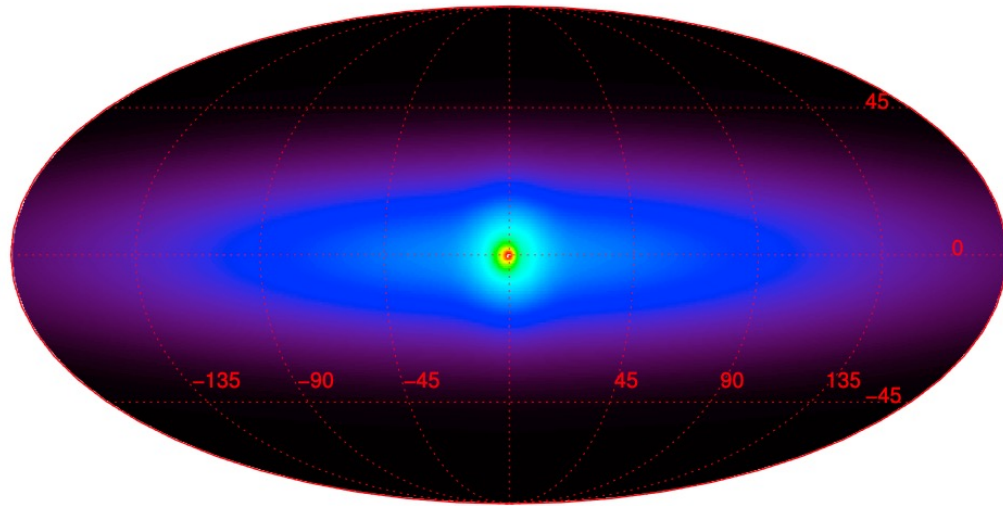
MeV gap in astrophysics



Science case: 511 keV emission from GC



INTEGRAL/SPI 11-year 511 keV map (Siegert et al. 2016)

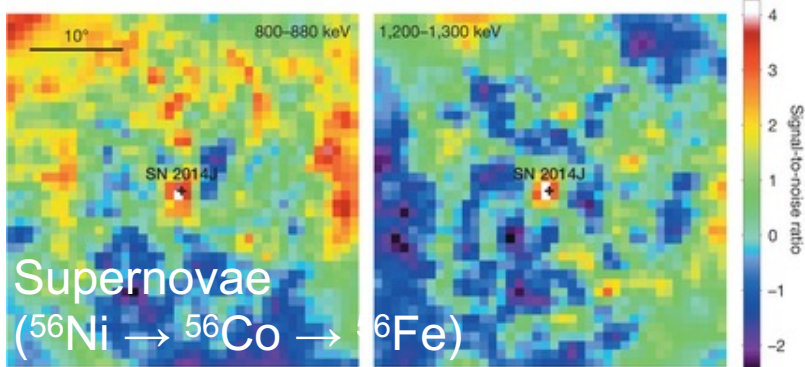


- Astrophysical origins
 - Sgr A* (Totani et al. 2006)
 - Nucleosynthesis from GC molecular clouds (Alexis et al. 2014)
- Dark matter? (Ascasibar et al. 2006)

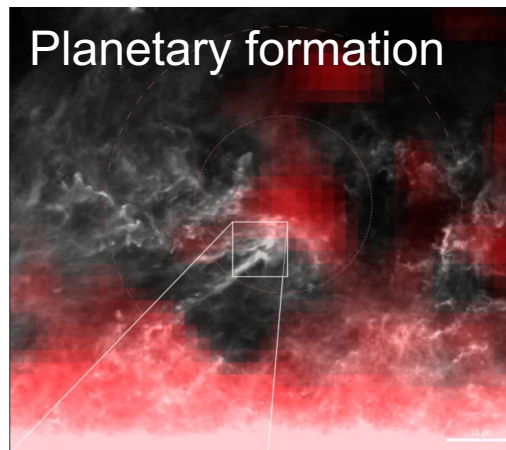
Bulge-to-disk flux ratio = 0.58 ± 0.13

Consistent results obtained with COSI balloon flights (Siegert et al. 2020)

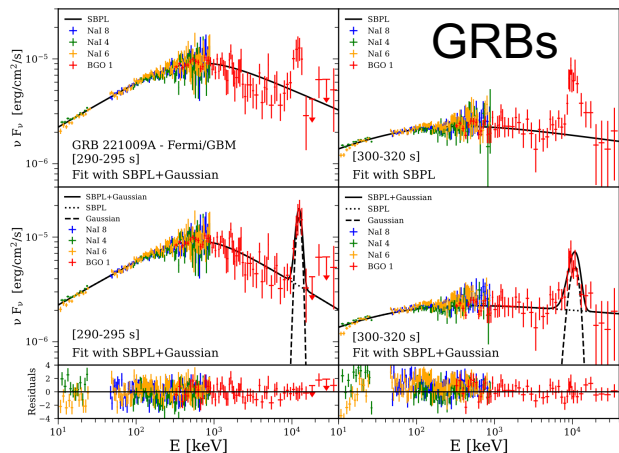
Science cases



(Churazov et al. 2015)



(Forbes et al. 2021)

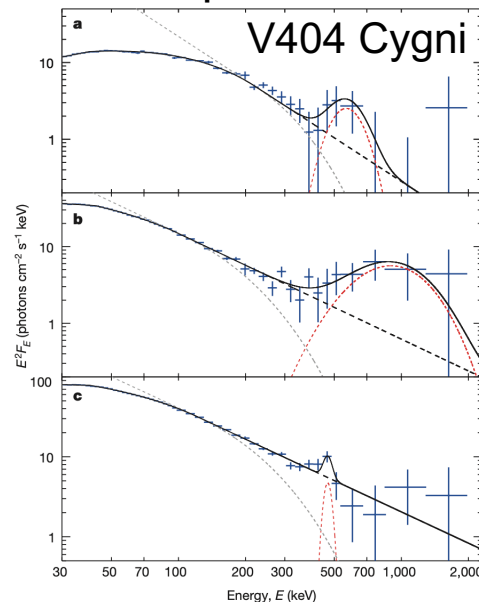


(Edvige Ravasio et al. 2023)



(Aharonian & Sunyaev 1984)

Microquasars



(Siegert et al. 2016)

Requirements for Compton telescopes



- High energy resolution
 - FWHM < 1% @ MeV
- 3D position-sensitive & high spatial resolution
 - Compton imaging
- Large area
 - S/N and sensitivity
- COSI
 - Germanium detector
 - Cryogenic ($T < -193^{\circ}\text{C}$)
 - 0.8% FWHM @ 662 keV

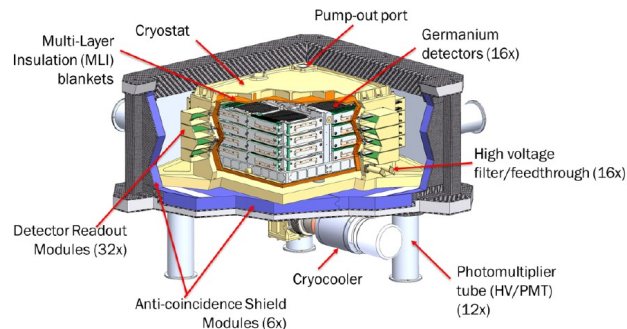
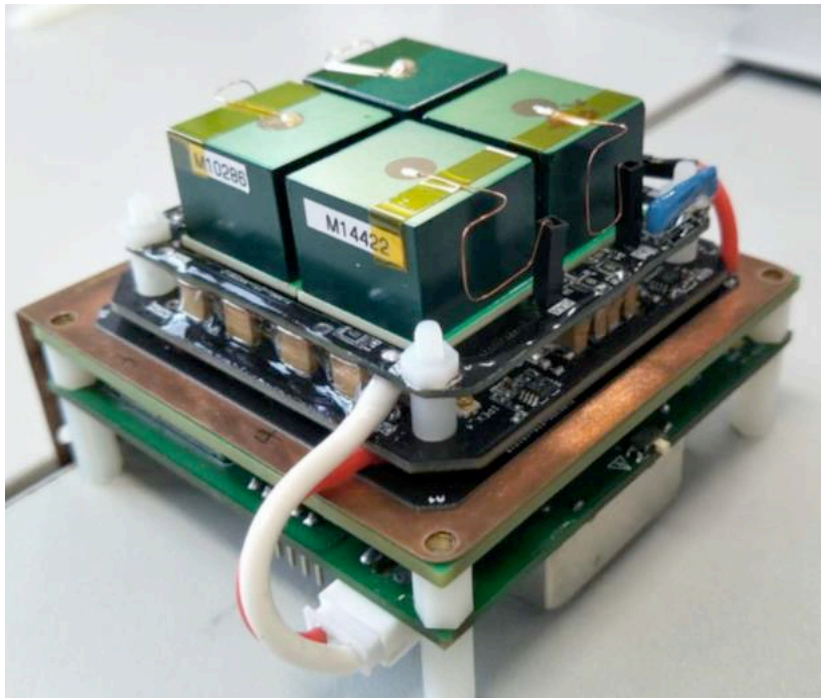


Figure 4: Cutaway view of the COSI instrument. Each germanium detector is $8 \times 8 \times 1.5 \text{ cm}^3$. The BGO shield box is $42 \times 46 \times 20 \text{ cm}^3$.

(Tomsick et al. 2022)

Room-temperature 3D position-sensitive CdZnTe detectors



Energy resolution: 0.6% @ 662 keV (FWHM)

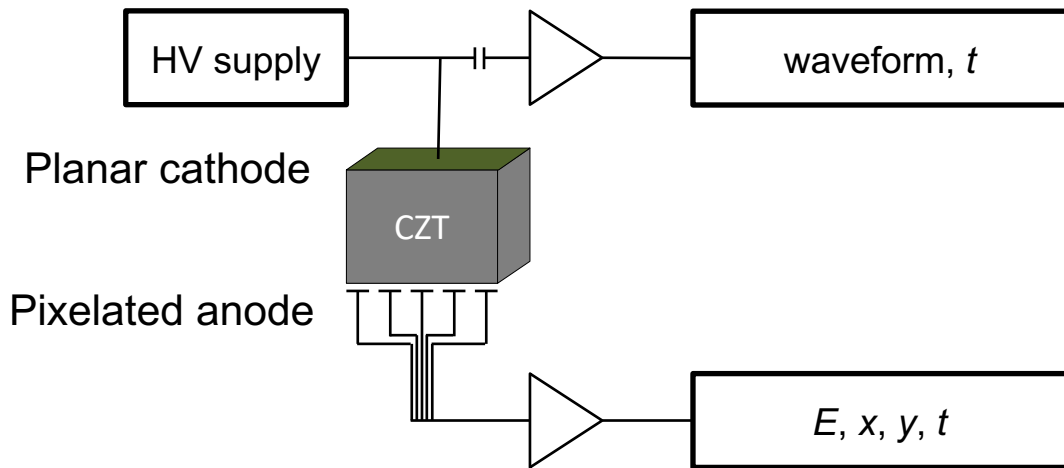


CZT
 $2 \times 2 \times 1.5 \text{ cm}^3$
 $\Delta x = \Delta y = 1.72 \text{ mm}$
 $\Delta z = 0.6 \text{ mm}$



IDEAS ASIC

Readout & event reconstruction

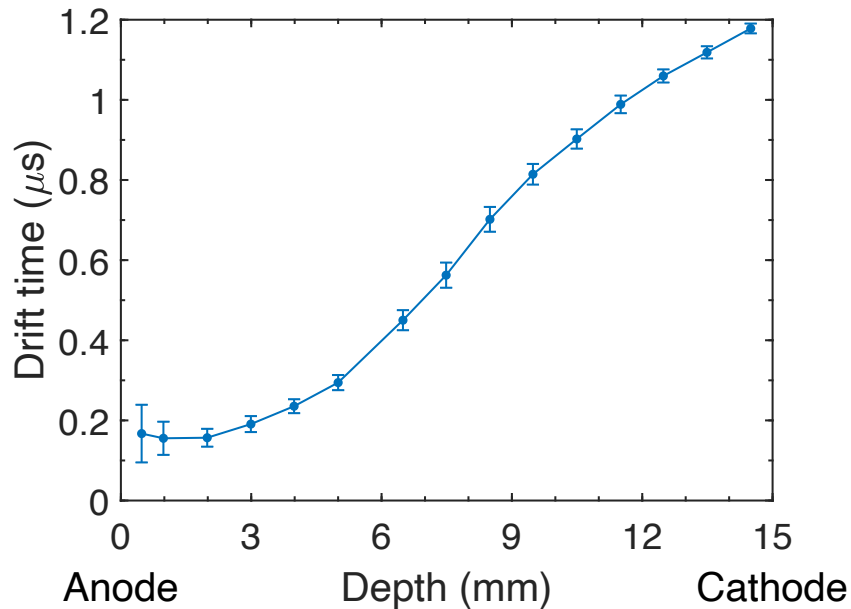
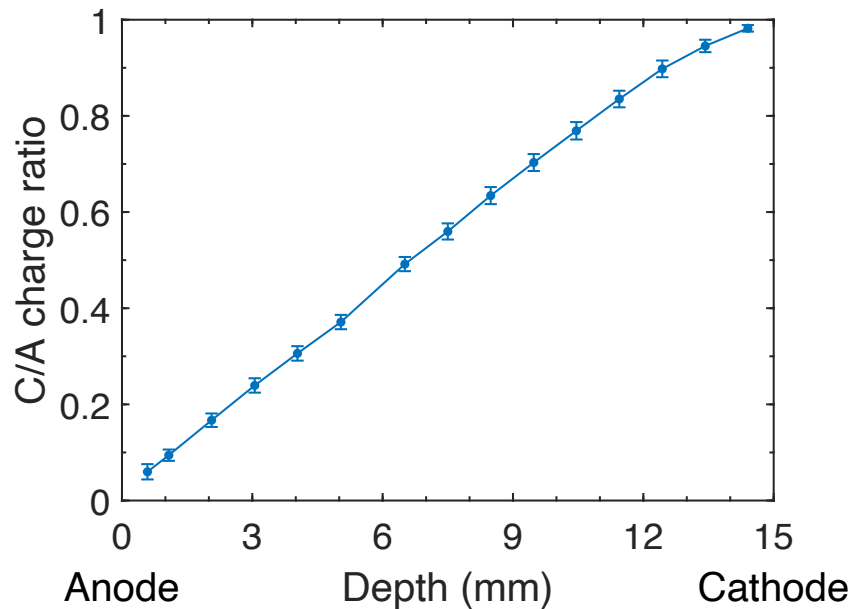


- ✓ The anode pixel provides the x and y positions
- ✓ The z position is derived the cathode/anode charge ratio and/or the drift time

Readout & event reconstruction

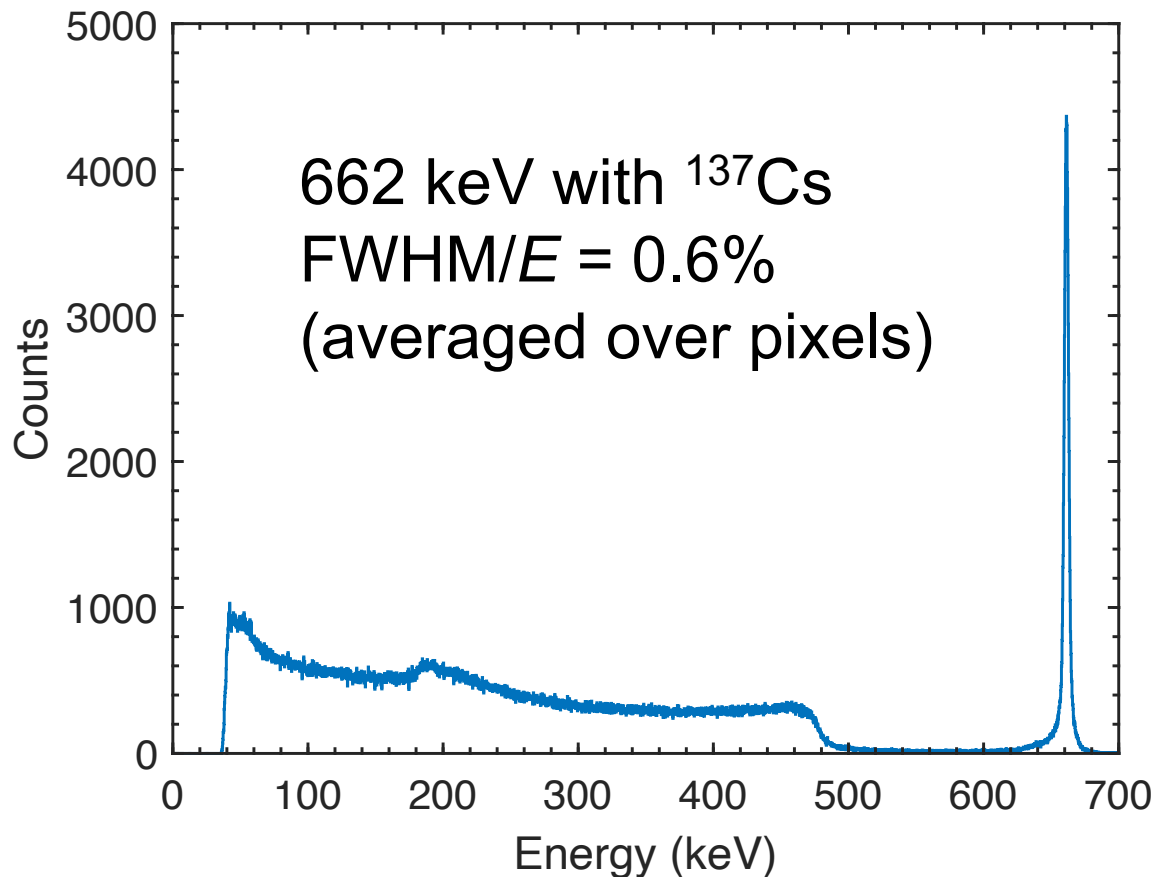


Position accuracy $\Delta z = 0.6$ mm



Above relations can also help correct the charge loss

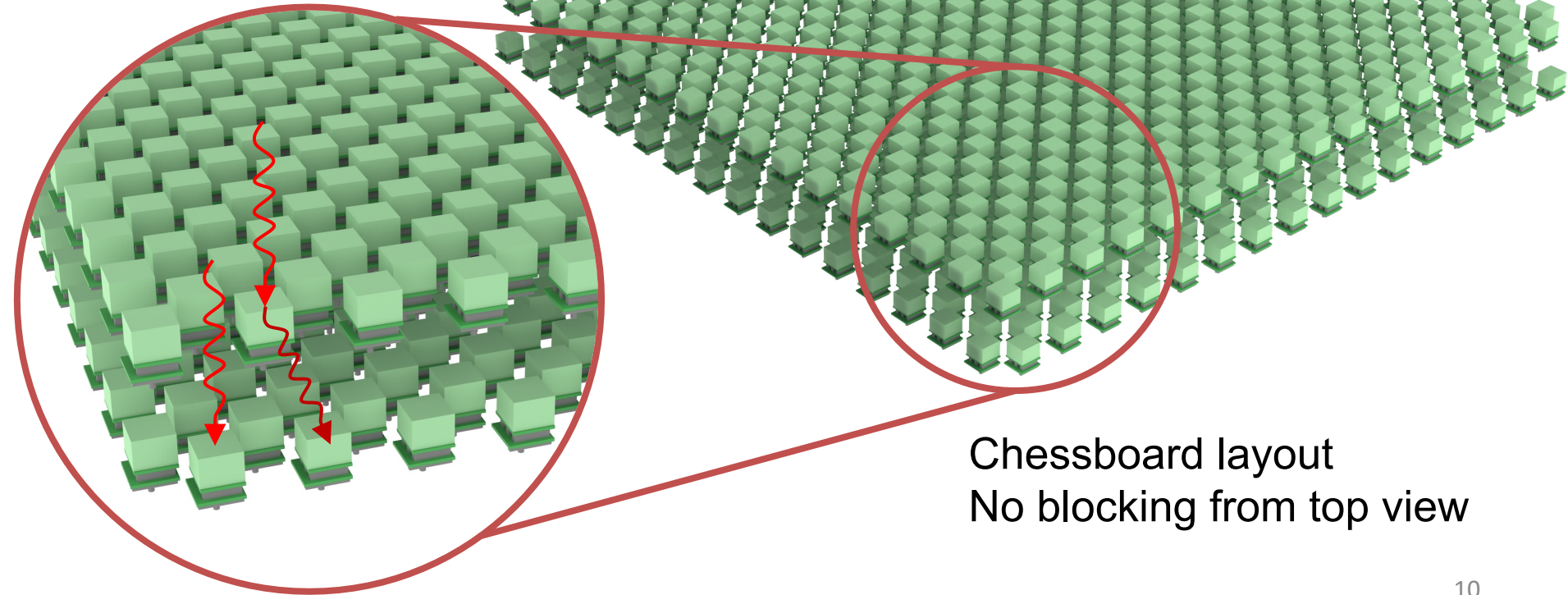
Measured energy spectrum



The MASS mission concept

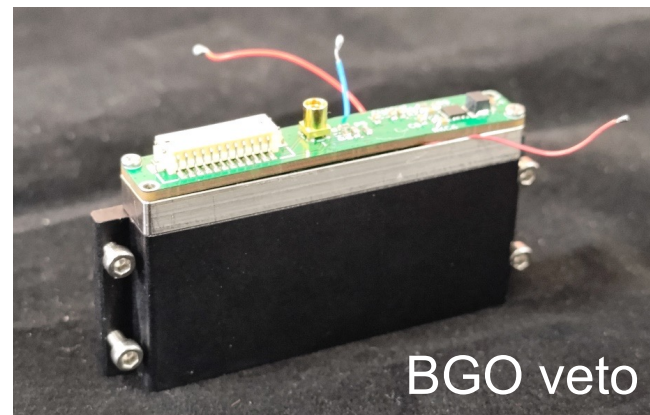
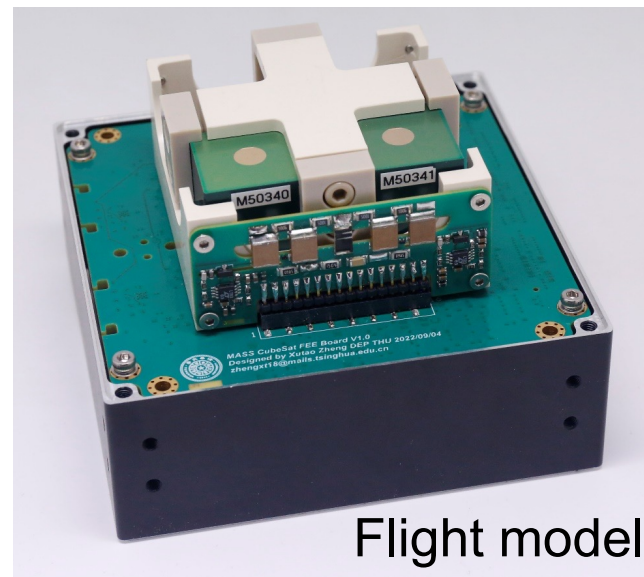
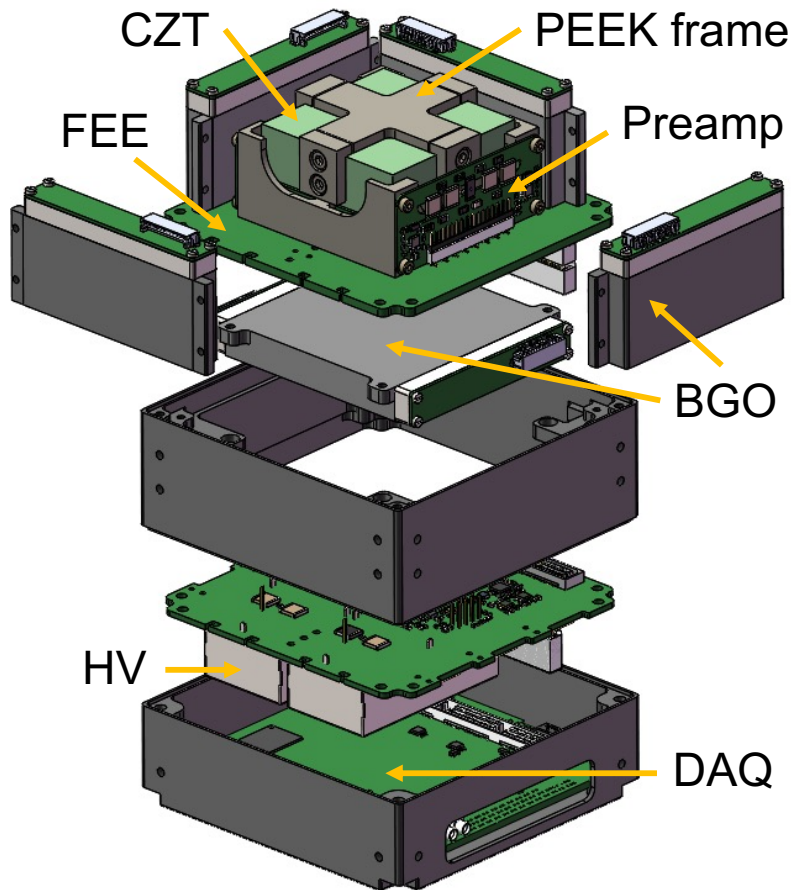
$32 * 16 * 2 = 1024$ CZT units (4096 cm^2)

Anti-coincidence BGO not shown

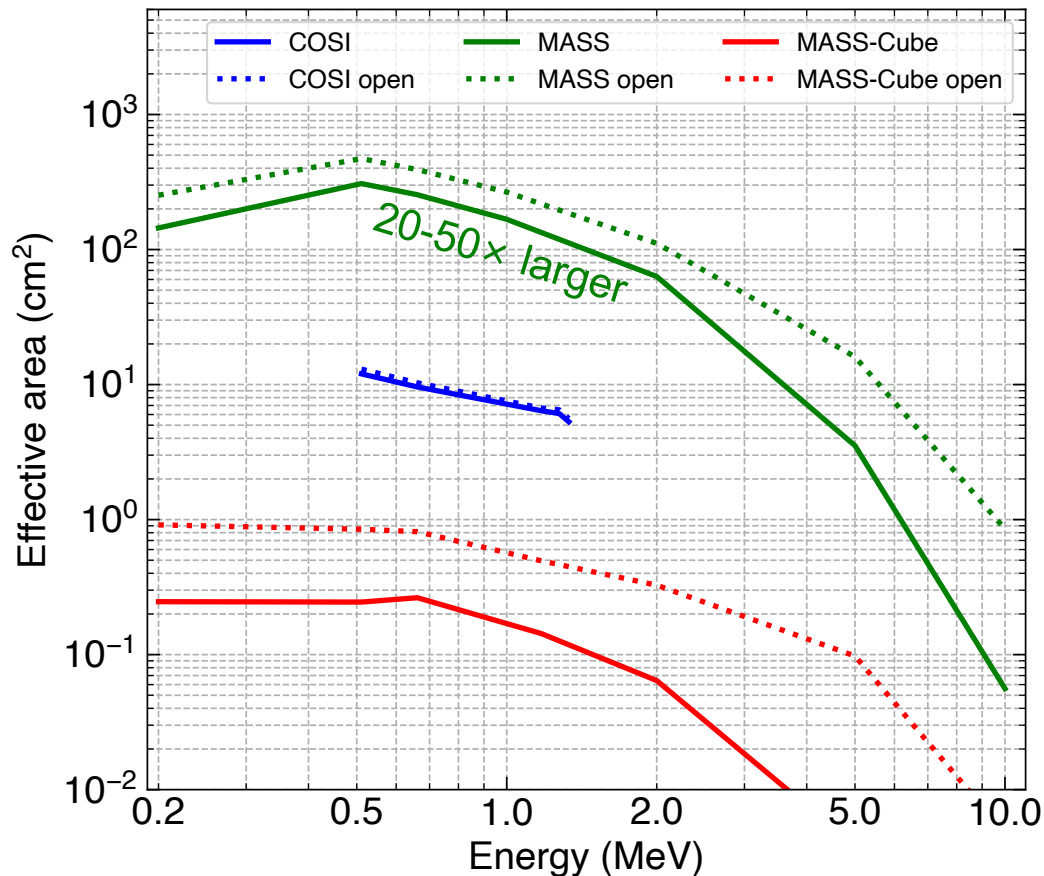


Chessboard layout
No blocking from top view

MASS-Cube: a path-finder



Effective area for line detection in comparison with COSI

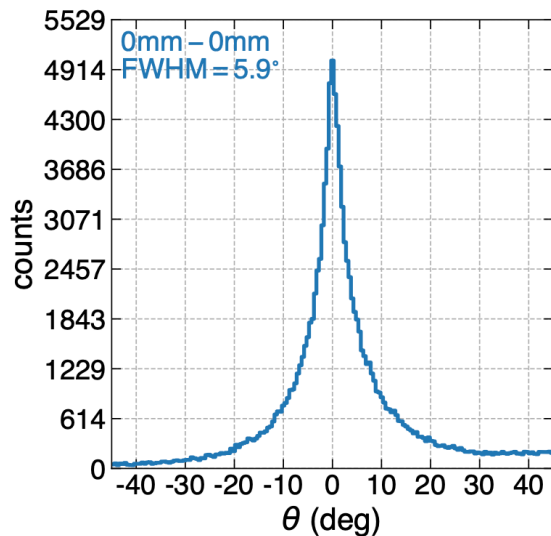


dashed: ≥ 2 hits, $\pm 2\sigma$
solid: ≥ 2 hits, $\pm 2\sigma$, 5mm, 3mm

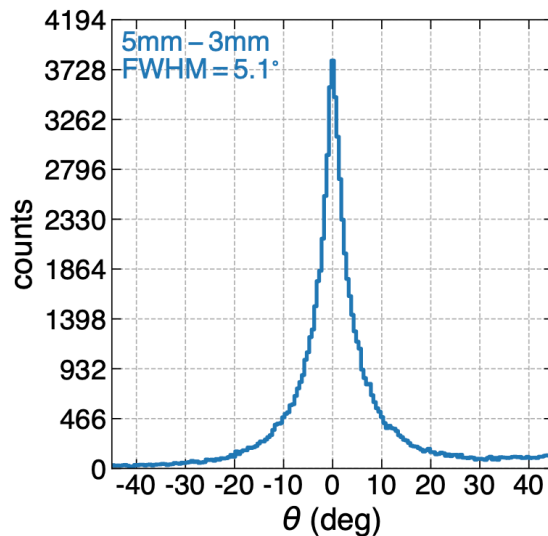
Angular Resolution Measure (ARM) @ 1 MeV



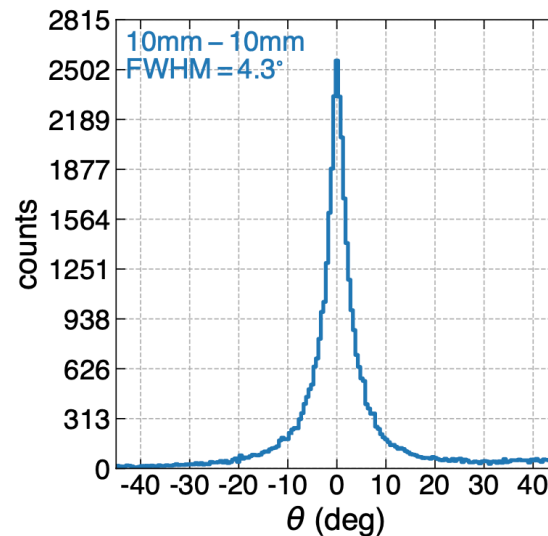
0 mm, 0 mm



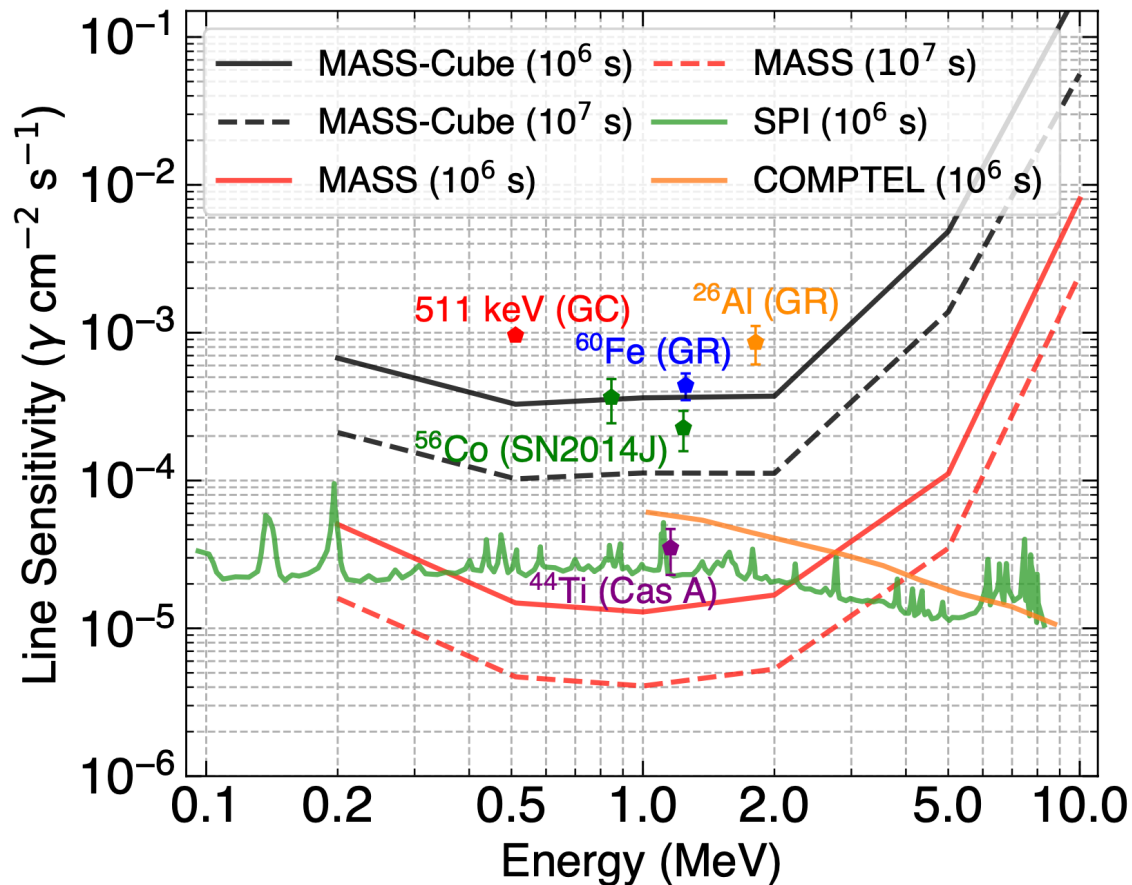
5mm, 3mm



10 mm, 10 mm



Sensitivity for emission line detection



Line (≥ 2 hits; $\pm 2\sigma$)

Summary



- **CZT detectors**
 - Fine energy resolution (0.6% @ 662 keV)
 - 3D position sensitive ($1.72 \times 1.72 \times 0.6 \text{ mm}^3$)
 - Room-temperature
- **On-going work**
 - Developing readout ASICs
 - Radiation damage experiments just done
 - MASS-Cube are being tested and will be launched soon
- **Future**
 - MASS: a small satellite
 - Calorimeters for other MeV missions (MASS + MeVGRO)

THANK YOU!