

Supernova 2023ixf in Messier 101



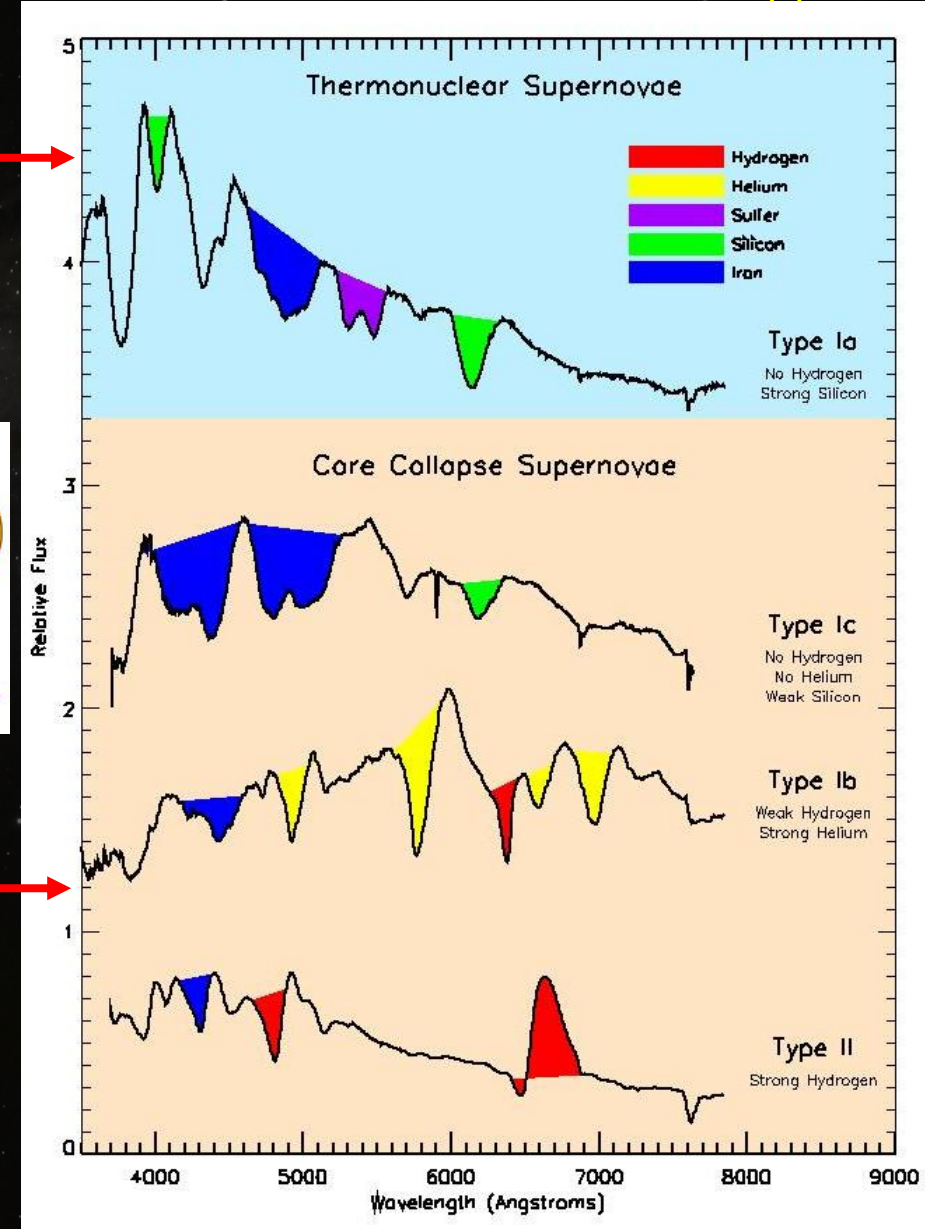
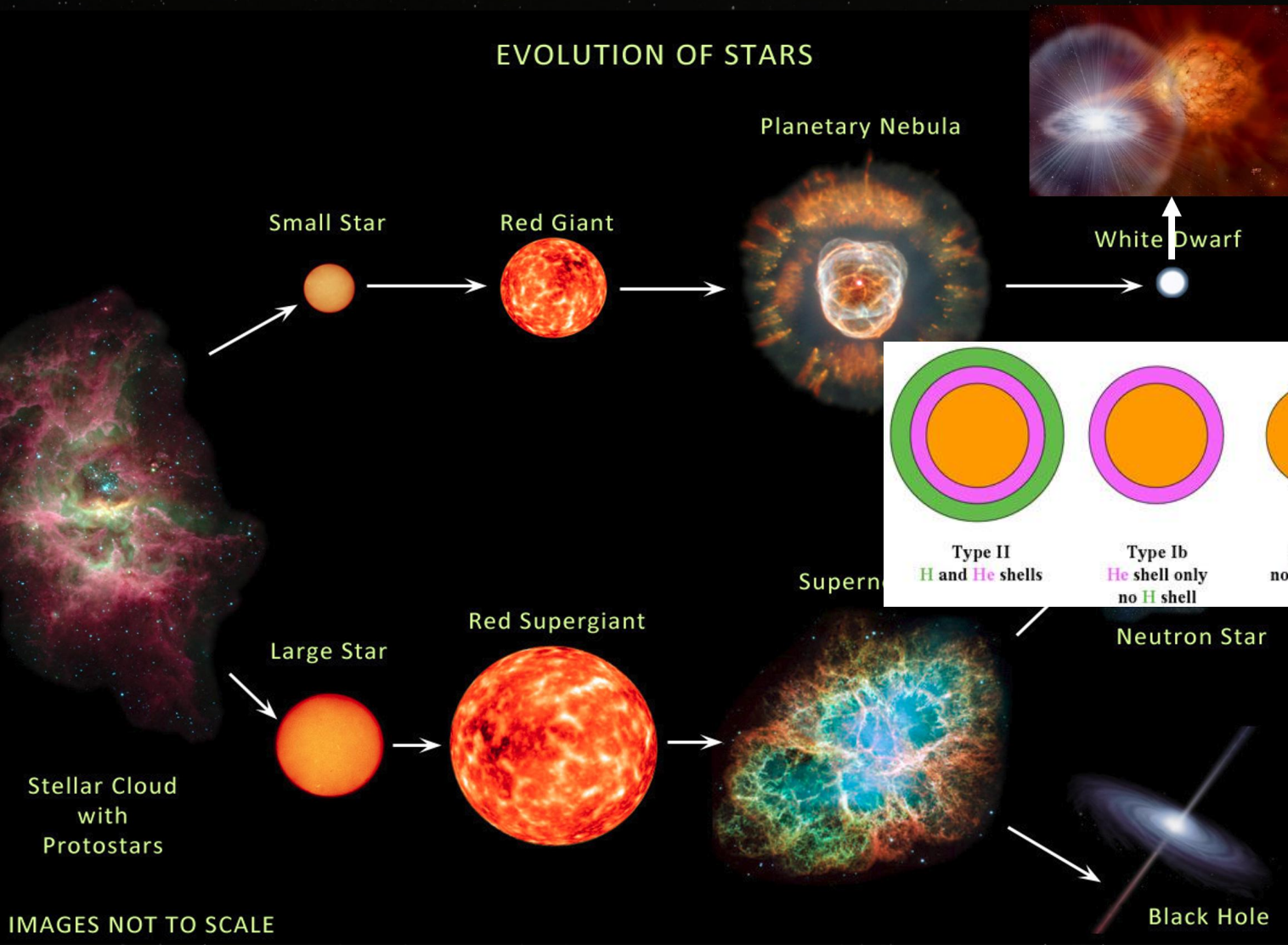
Xiaofeng Wang(THU)

Collaborators:

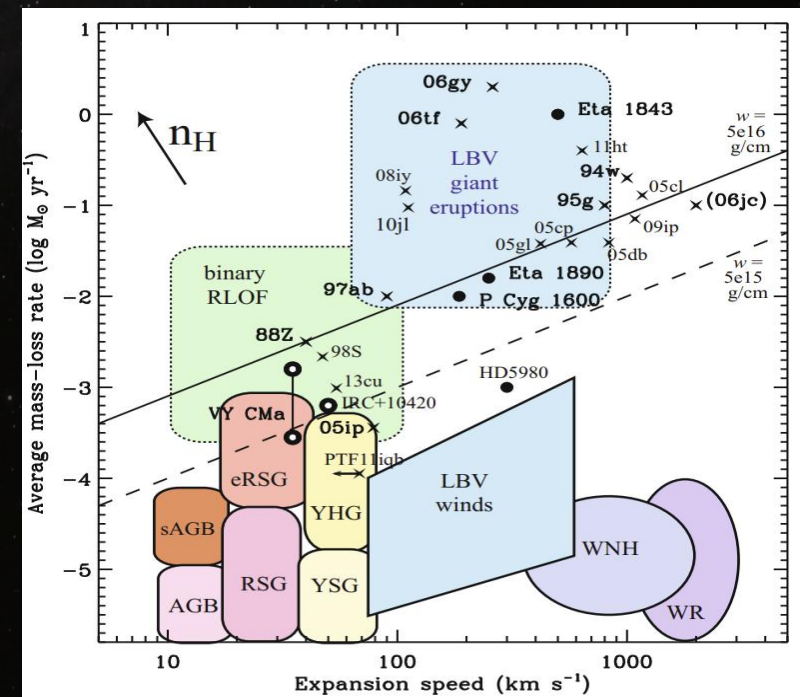
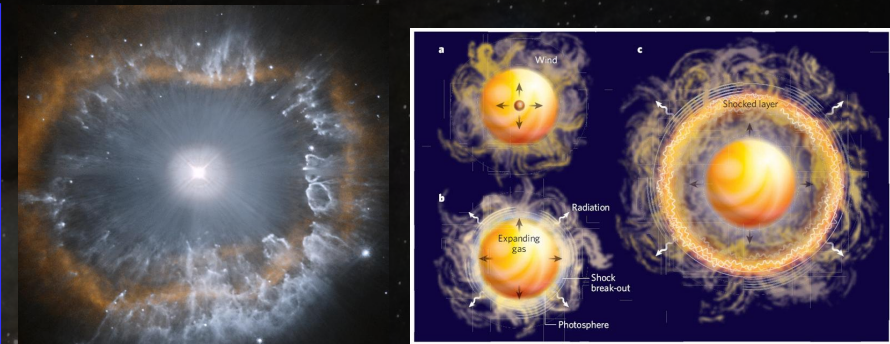
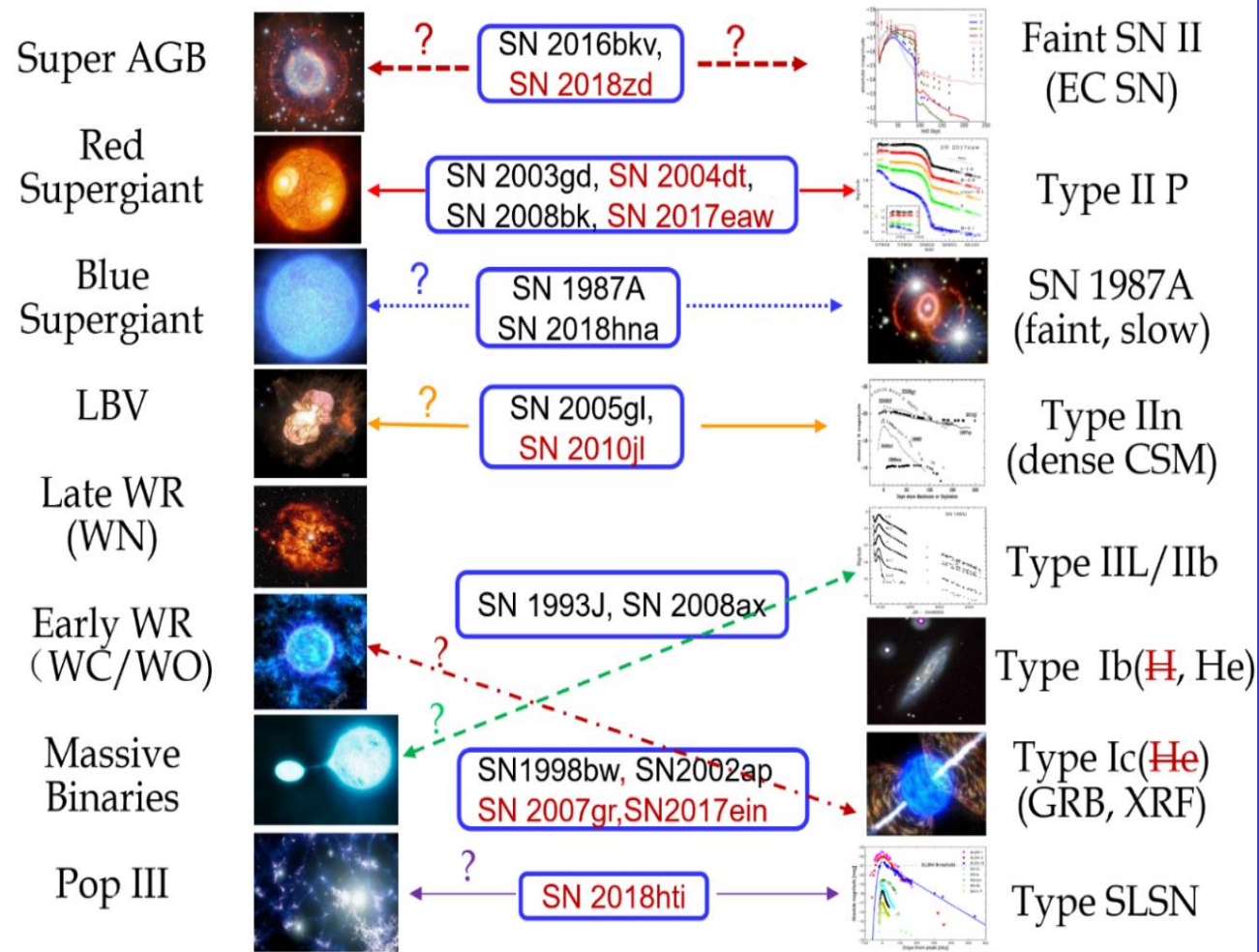
Gaici Li (THU), Danfeng Xiang (THU), Jujia Zhang (YNAO),
Maokai Hu (PMO), Wenxiong Li (NAOC), Yi Yang (UCB)

Texas in Shanghai

Supernova Spectra



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stellar_evolution





D=6.85 Mpc

SN Ia with M_v (peak) ~ 9.9 mag

SN 2011fe $\rightarrow$

Discovered at a few hours after explosion

SN II with M_v (peak) ~ 10.9 mag

SN 2023ixf $\rightarrow$

Discovered at about 1 hour after explosion

[Other stellar explosions: AT2015dl, 1970G, 1951H, 1909A](#)

Discovery of SN 2023ixf



Reporting Group	Discovering Data Source	Discovery Date	TNS AT	Public	Host Name
None	None	2023-05-19 17:27:15.000	Y	Y	M101

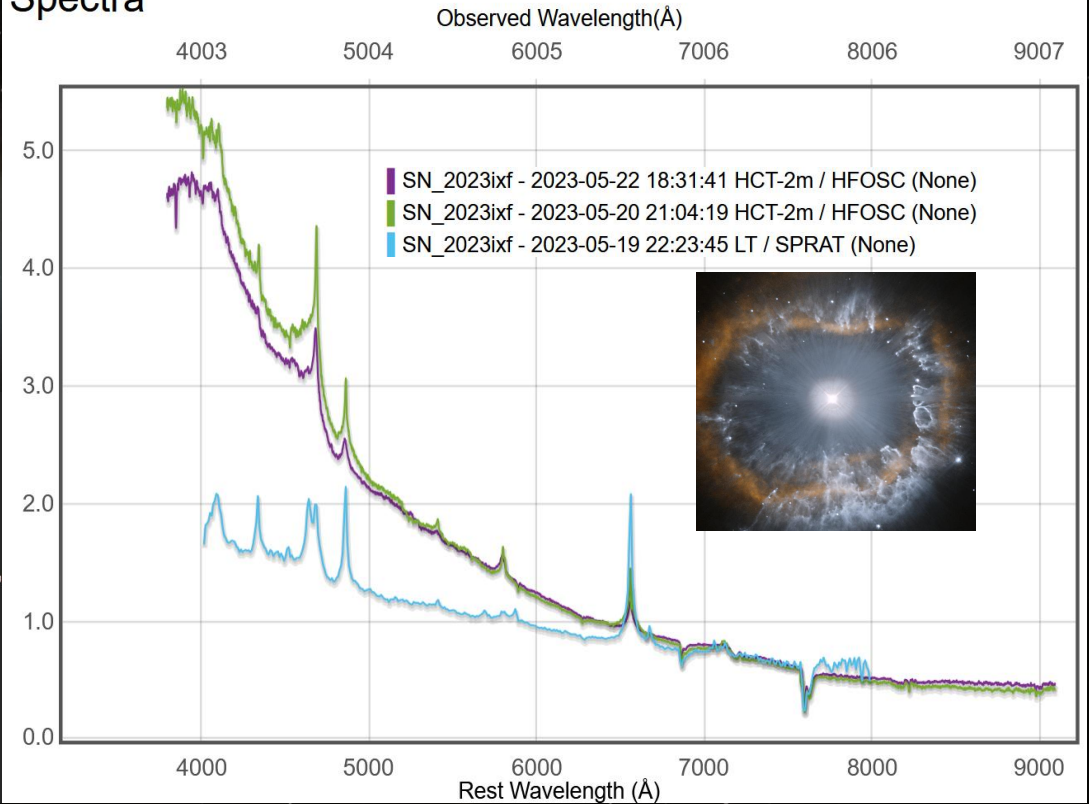
Discovery Mag	Filter
14.9	Clear-

Reporter/s
Koichi Itagaki

[Discovery Report](#) [Classification Report](#)

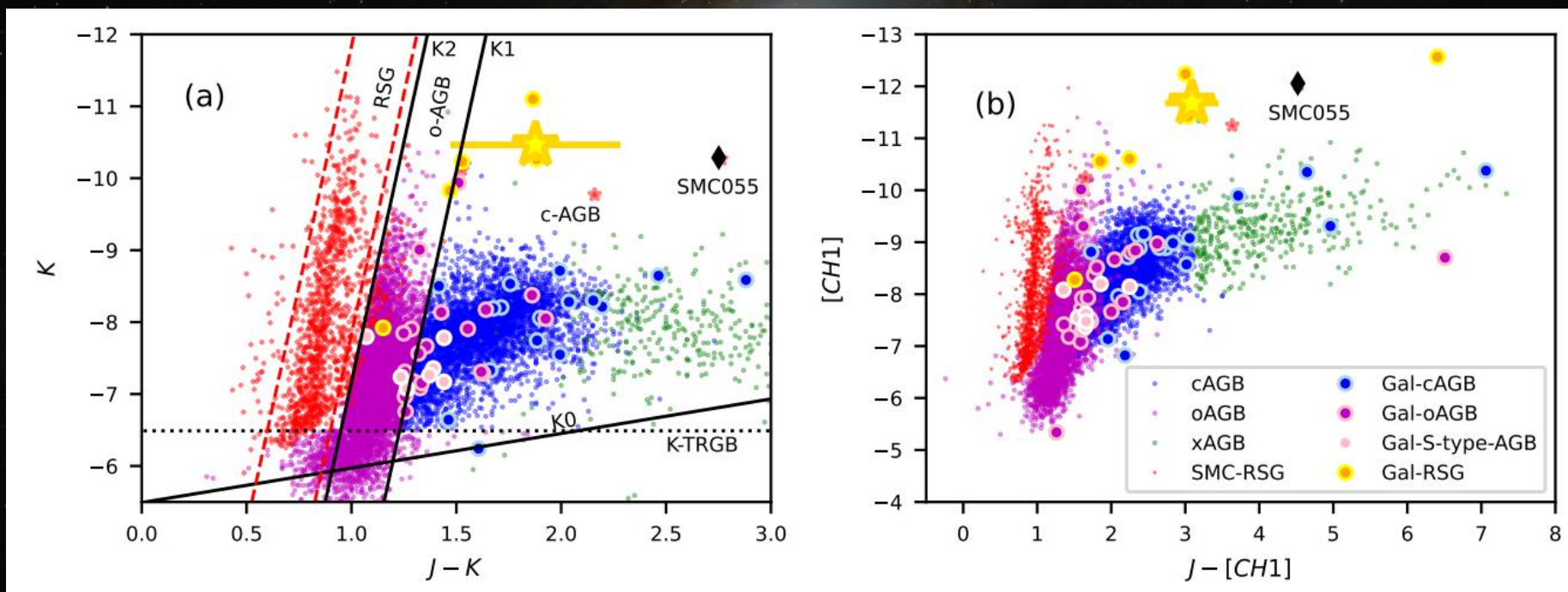
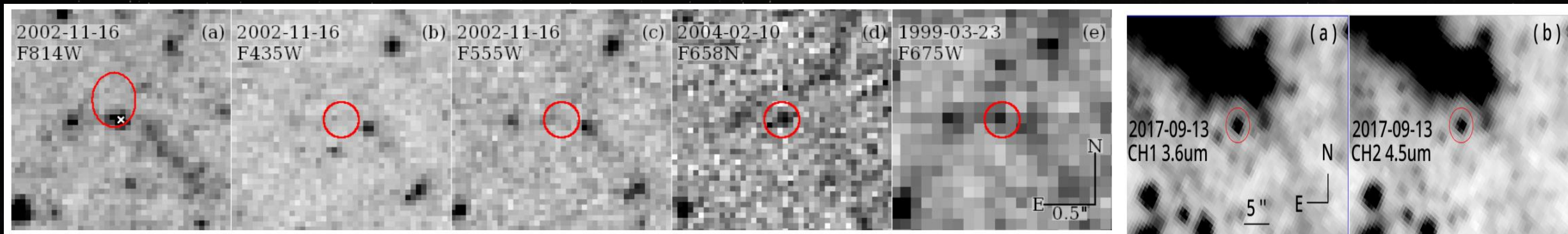
Related AstroNotes: [2023-119](#), [2023-120](#), [2023-123](#), [2023-124](#), [2023-125](#), [2023-127](#), [2023-128](#), [2023-129](#), [2023-130](#), [2023-132](#), [2023-133](#), [2023-135](#), [2023-131](#), [DRAFT-1297](#), [2023-136](#), [2023-137](#), [2023-139](#), [2023-140](#), [2023-141](#), [2023-142](#), [2023-143](#), [2023-146](#), [2023-147](#), [2023-145](#), [2023-150](#), [2023-153](#), [2023-154](#), [2023-155](#), [2023-156](#), [2023-157](#), [2023-160](#), [2023-161](#), [2023-144](#), [2023-170](#), [2023-172](#), [2023-175](#), [2023-180](#), [2023-181](#), [2023-190](#), [2023-209](#), [2023-211](#), [2023-212](#), [2023-213](#)

Spectra



<https://www.wis-tns.org/object/2023ixf>

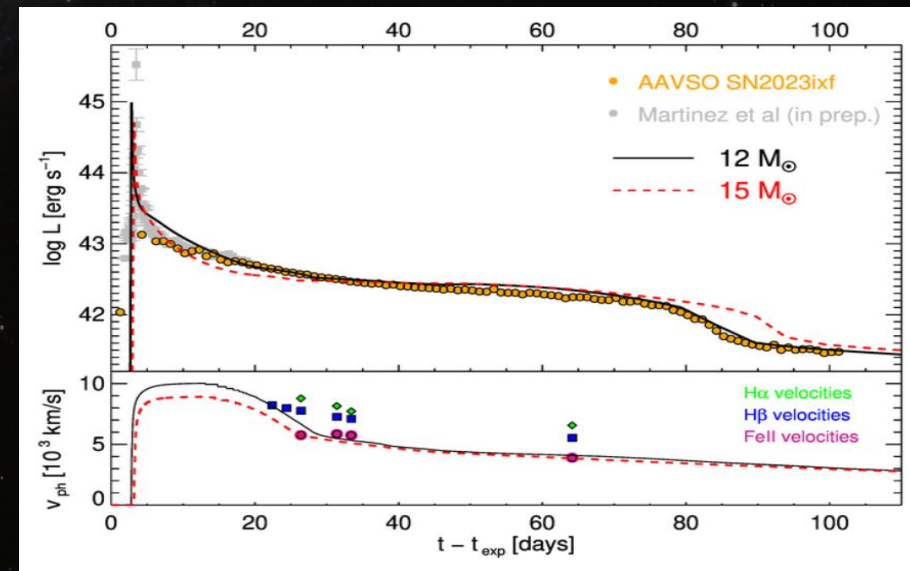






Initial mass	T_{eff}	$\log L/L_{\odot}$	Mass loss rate	method	Reference
($M_{\odot}$)	(K)		$M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$		
~ 11	3920^{+200}_{-160}	4.74 ± 0.07	$\sim 5 \times 10^{-5}$	SED(MARCS+DUSTY)	Lilpatric et al 2023
11–14	3091^{+422}_{-258}	$4.83^{+0.13}_{-0.07}$	$\sim 6.97 \times 10^{-6}$	SED(MARCS+DUSTY)	Xiang et al. 2023
12–15	3450^{+250}_{-1080}	4.97	$\sim 1.04 \times 10^{-5}$	SED(GRAMS)	Van Dyk et al. 2023
17 ± 4	3500^{+800}_{-1400}	5.1 ± 0.2	$(1.5\text{--}15) \times 10^{-4}$	SED(GRAMS)	Jencson et al. 2023
16.2–17.4	3700	5.11 ± 0.08	$\sim 2 \times 10^{-4}$	SED(MARCS+DUSTY)	Niu et al. 2023
16.9–18.8	3343 ± 27	5.10 ± 0.02	$(3.58 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-4}$	SED(MARCS+DUSTY)	Qin et al. 2023
20 ± 4	3200	5.27 ± 0.12	$(2\text{--}4) \times 10^{-4}$	$P - L$ relation	Soraisom et al. 2023

- Low mass ($<15M_{\odot}$) or high mass ($>15M_{\odot}$)?
- Late-time observation favors low mass progenitor (Betsten et al. 2023)
- Dusty shell around progenitor





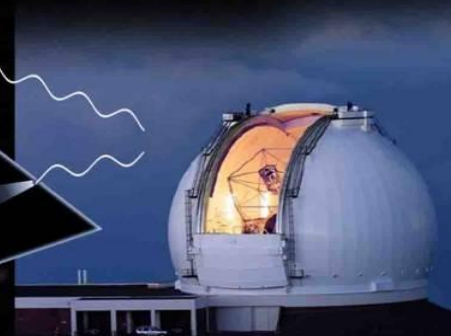
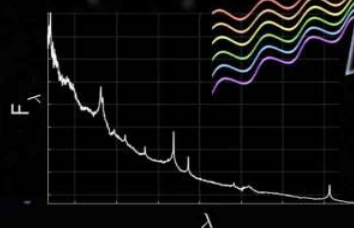
The spiral galaxy NGC 7610
host of the exploding star
(SDSS pre-explosion true colour image)

Supernova SN 2013fs
exploded here

Circum-Stellar
Material (CSM)

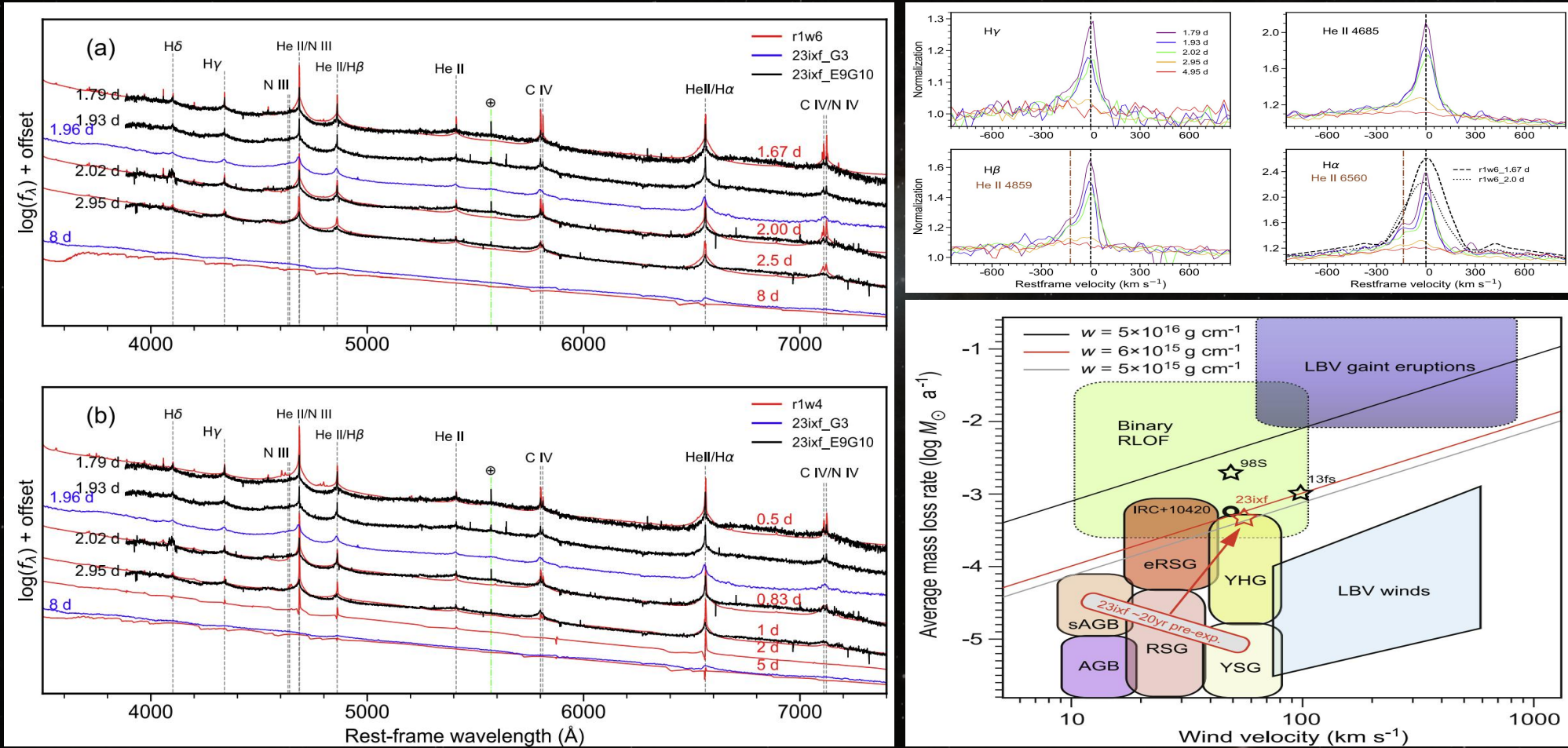
The supernova HOT
shock-breakout (SBO)
flash-ionizes the nearby CSM
(artist impression)

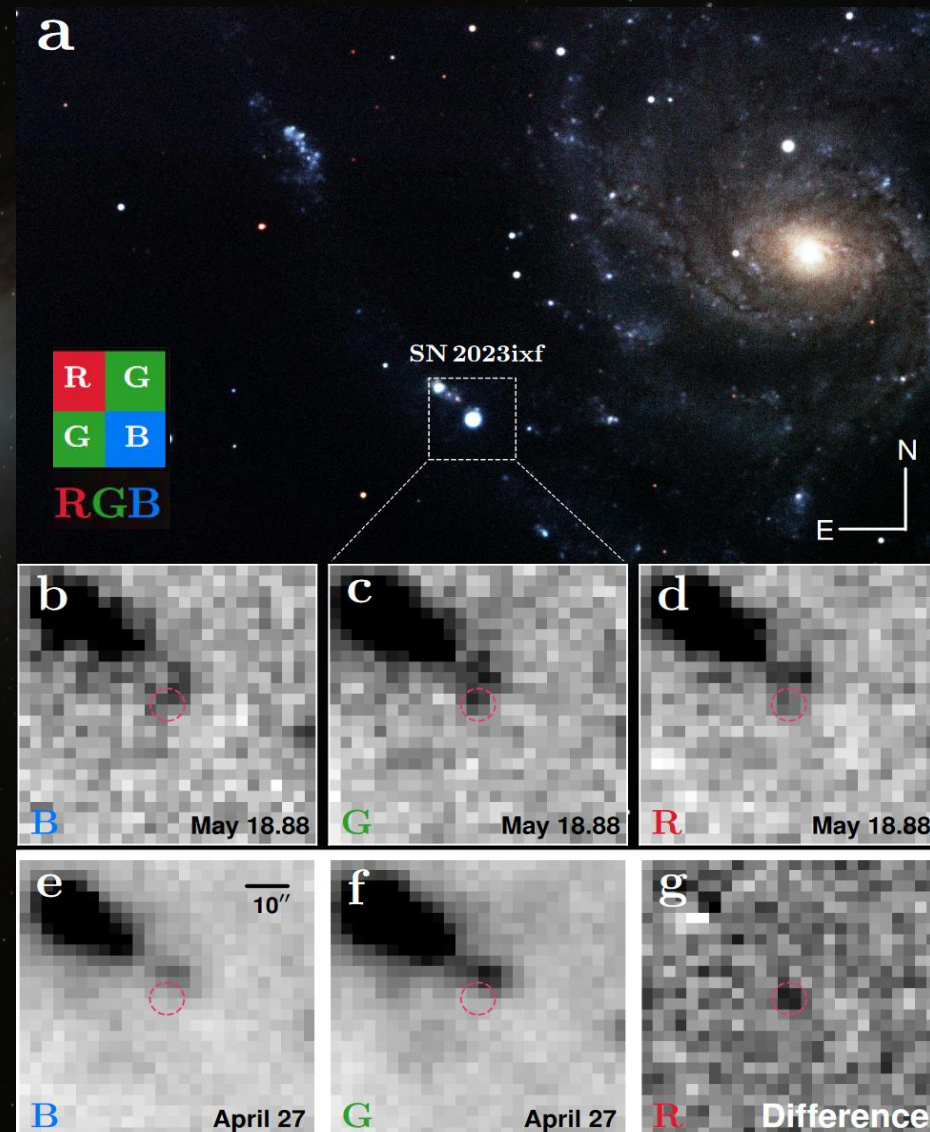
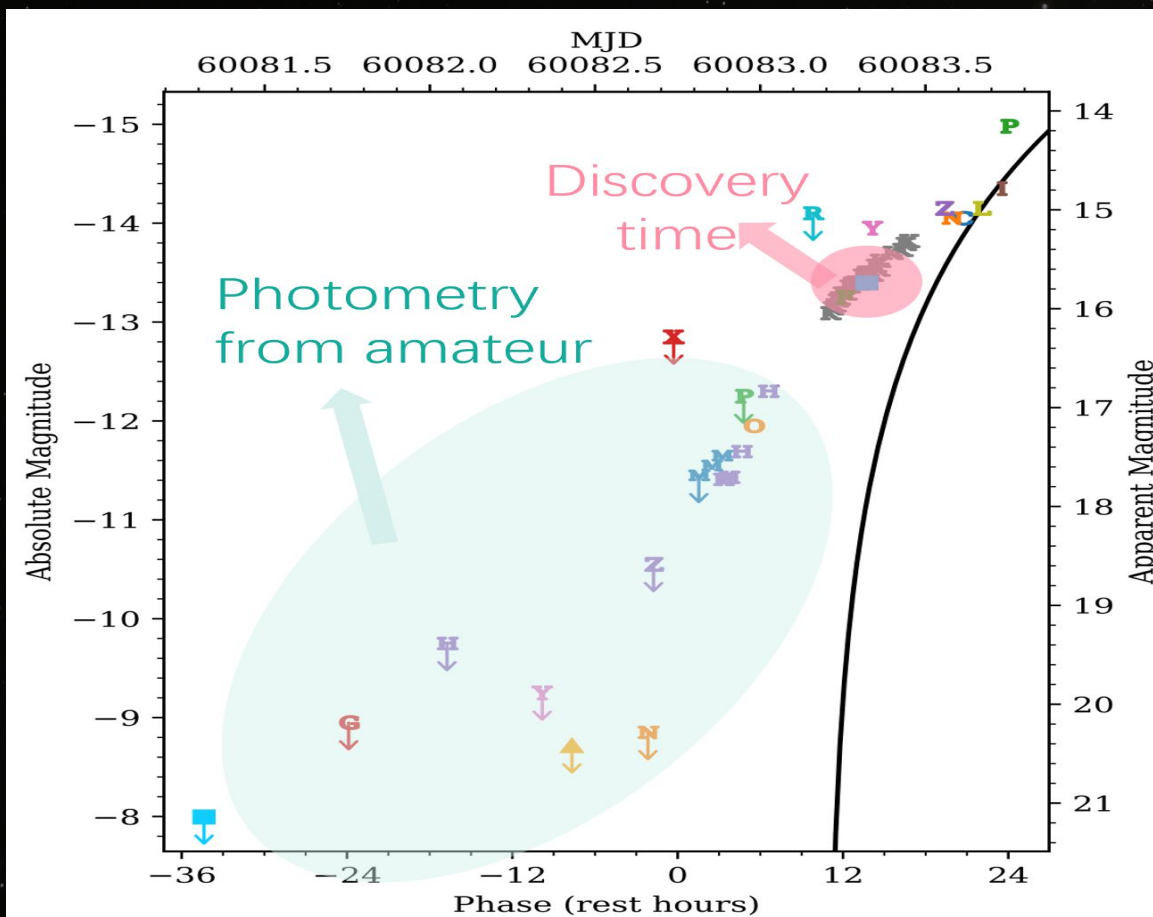
The earliest spectrum ever
taken of a SN explosion
shows emission lines of
highly ionized species like O VI

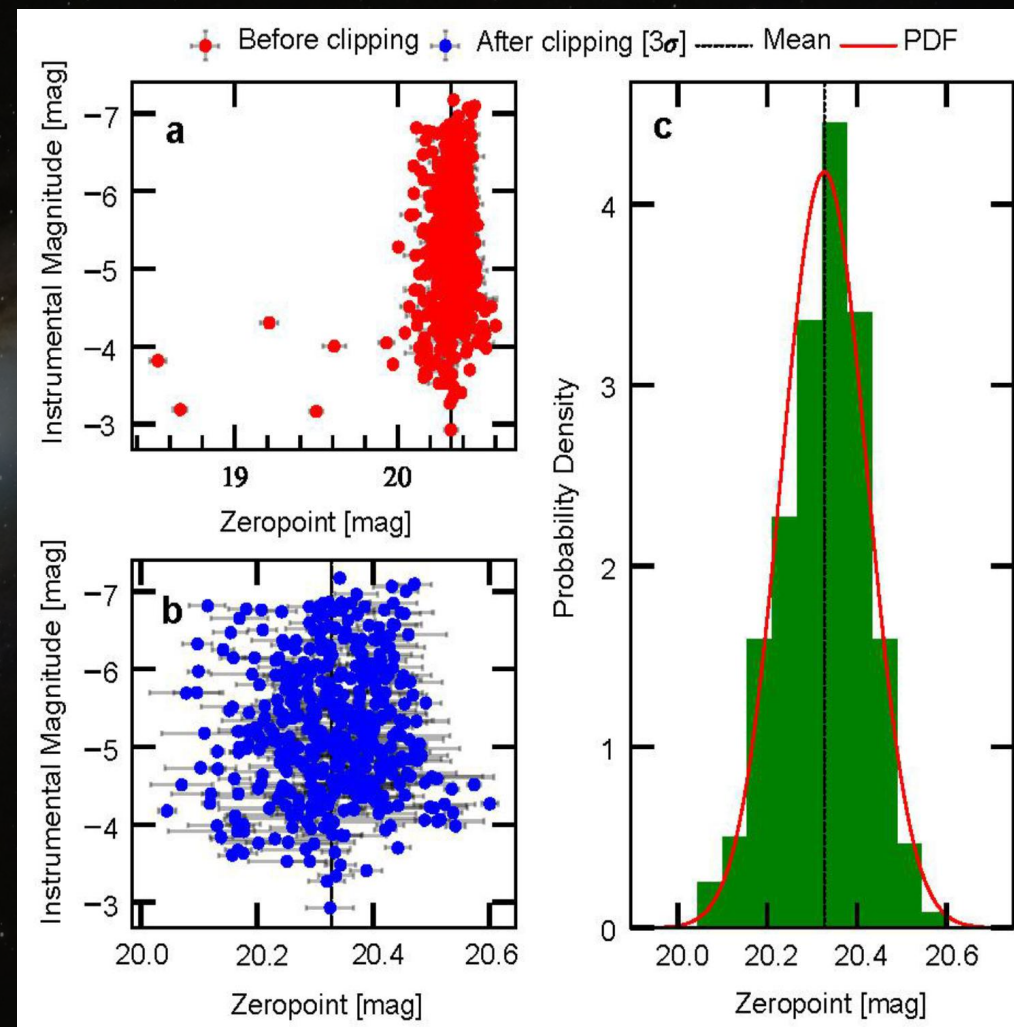
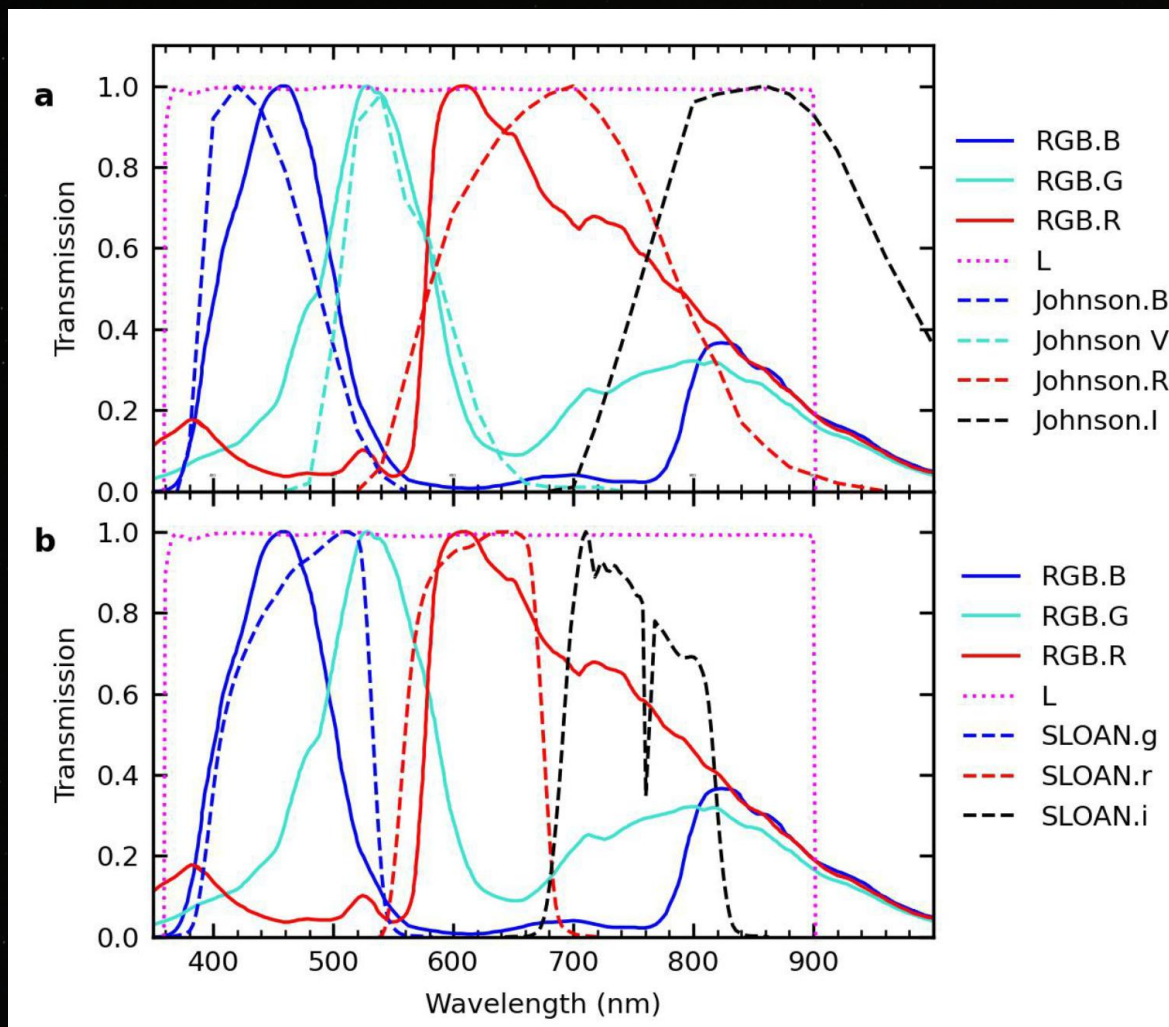


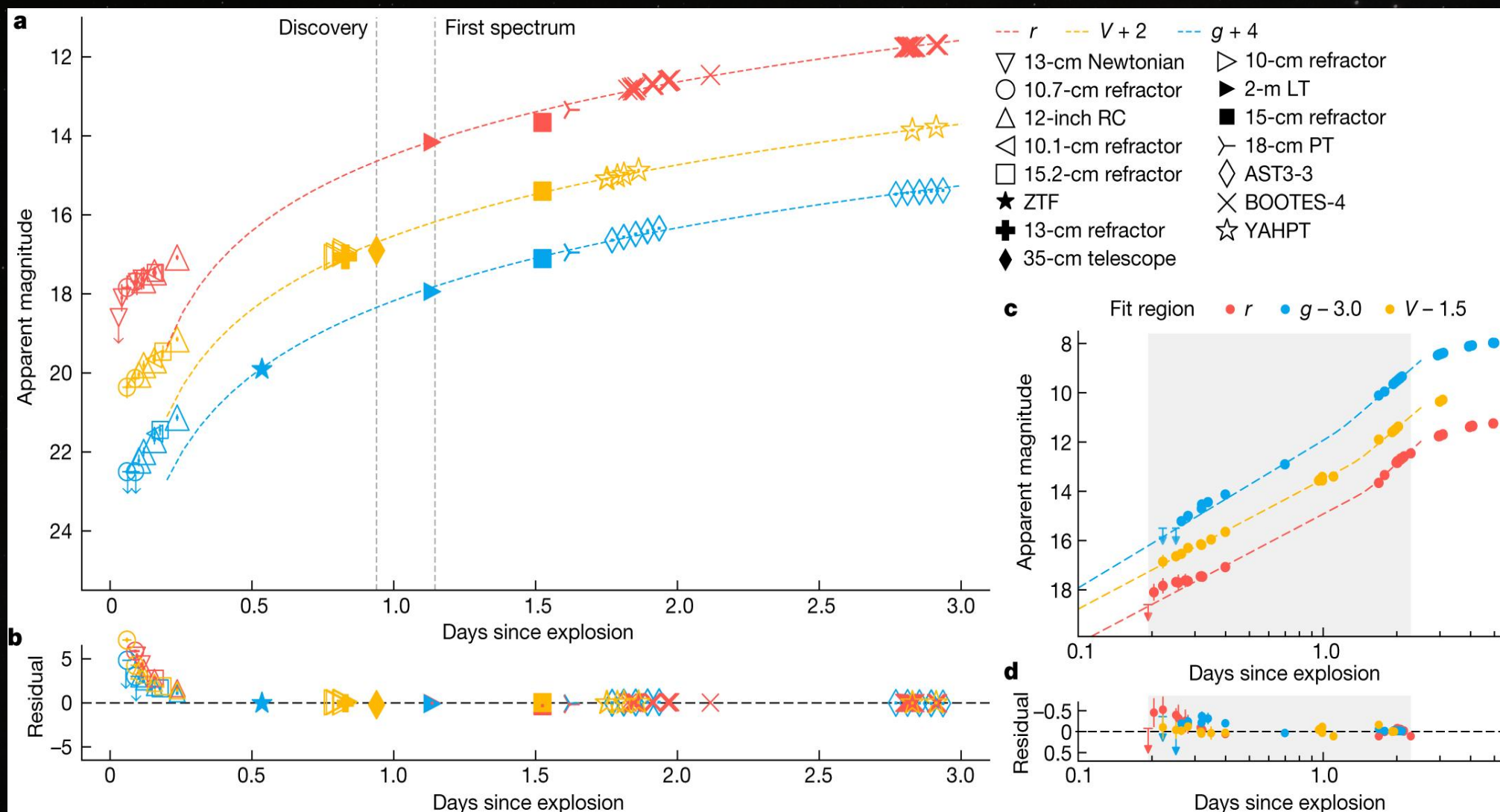
Circumstellar material ejected violently by a massive star immediately before its death

Jujia Zhang^{a,b,c,*}, Han Lin^{a,b,d}, Xiaofeng Wang^{e,f,*}, Zeyi Zhao^{a,b,c}, Liping Li^a, Jialian Liu^e, Shengyu Yan^e, Danfeng Xiang^e, Huijuan Wang^{g,h}, Jinming Bai^{a,b,c}

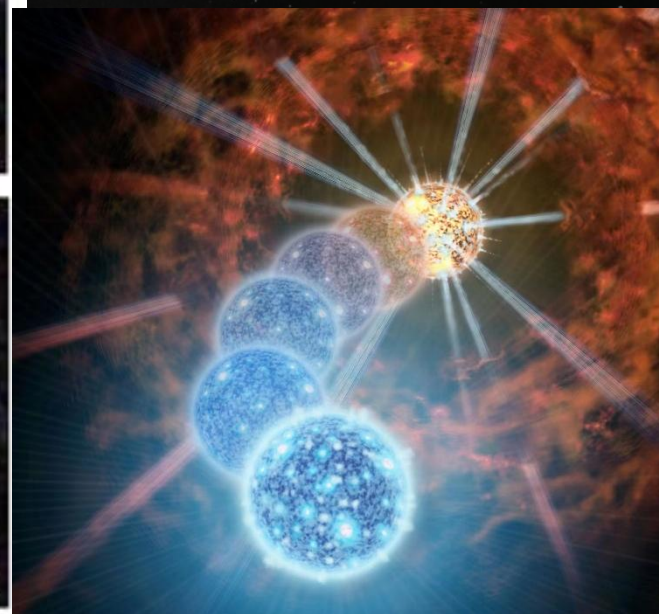
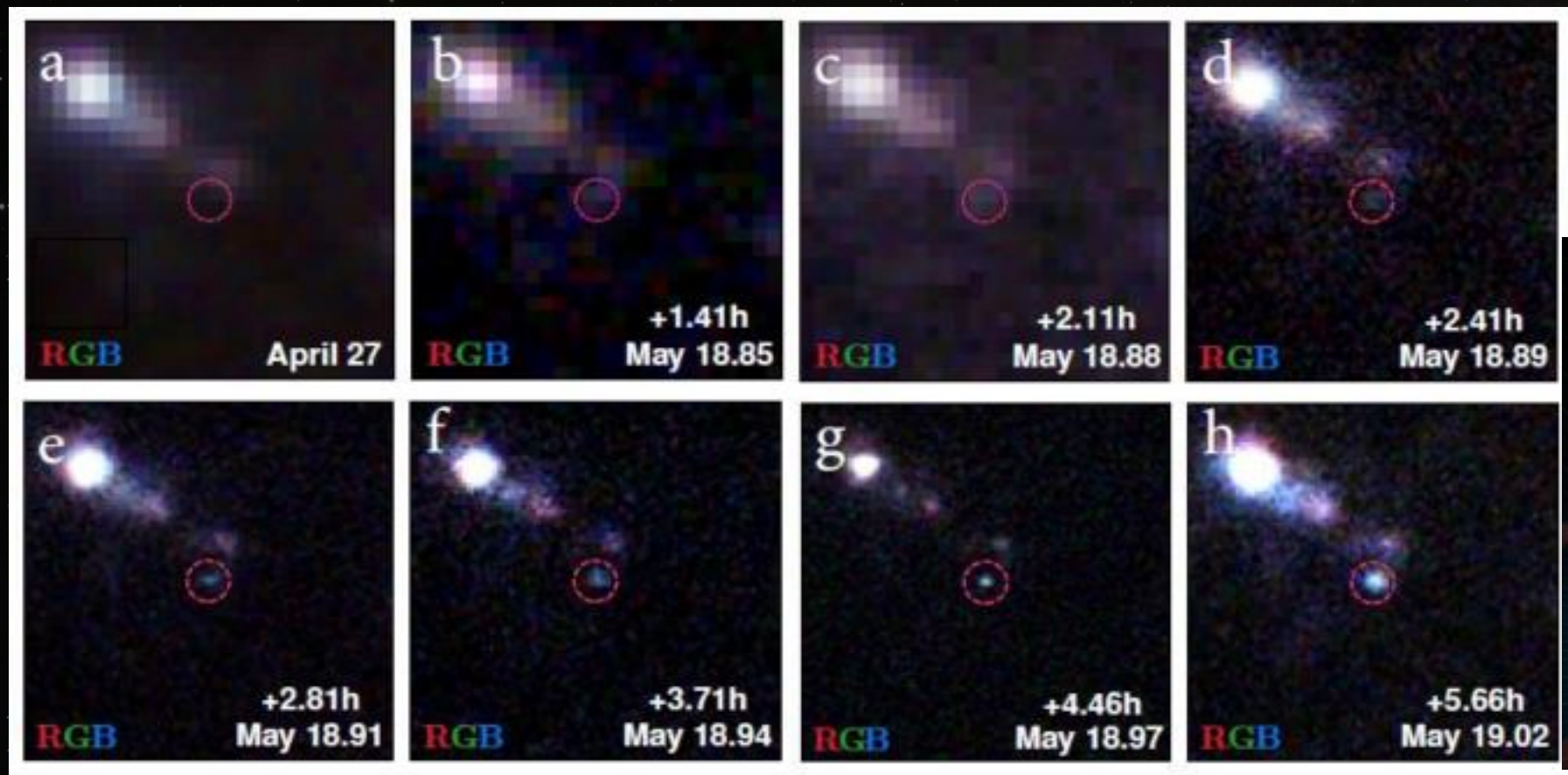




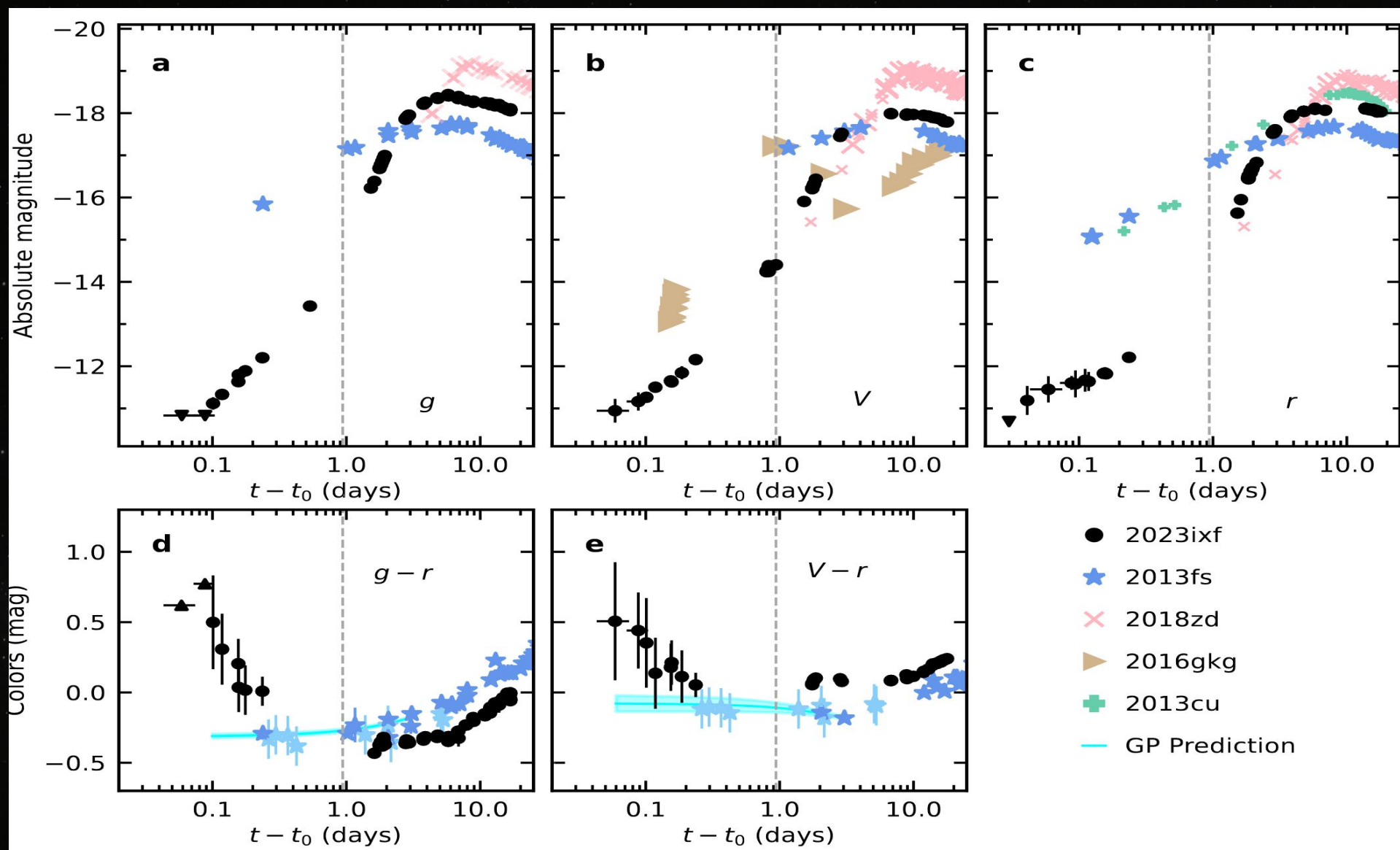


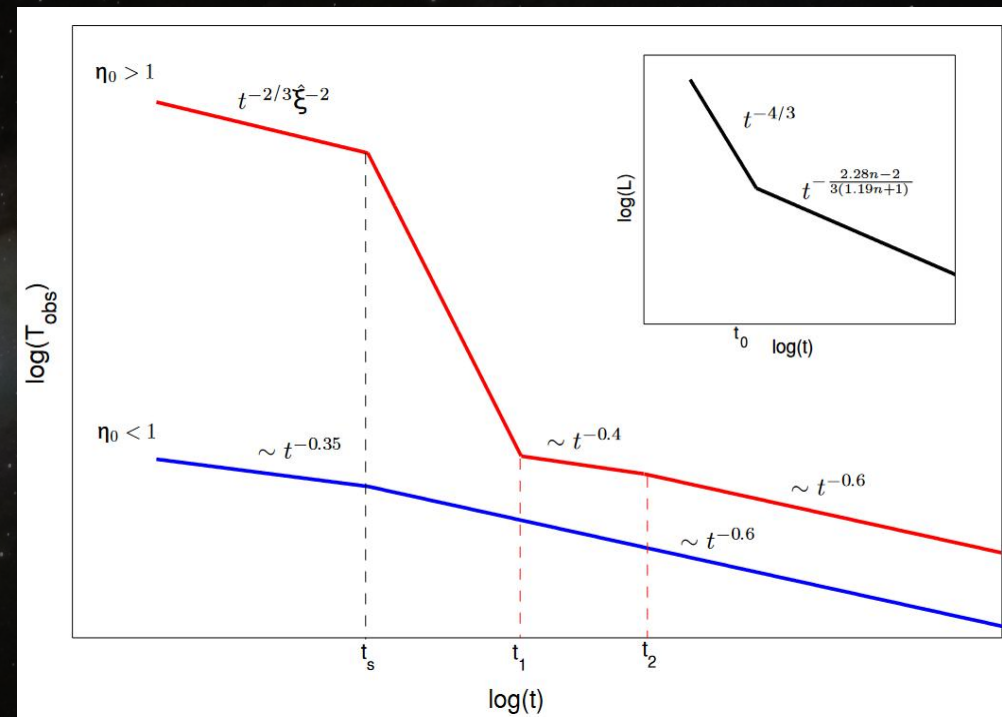
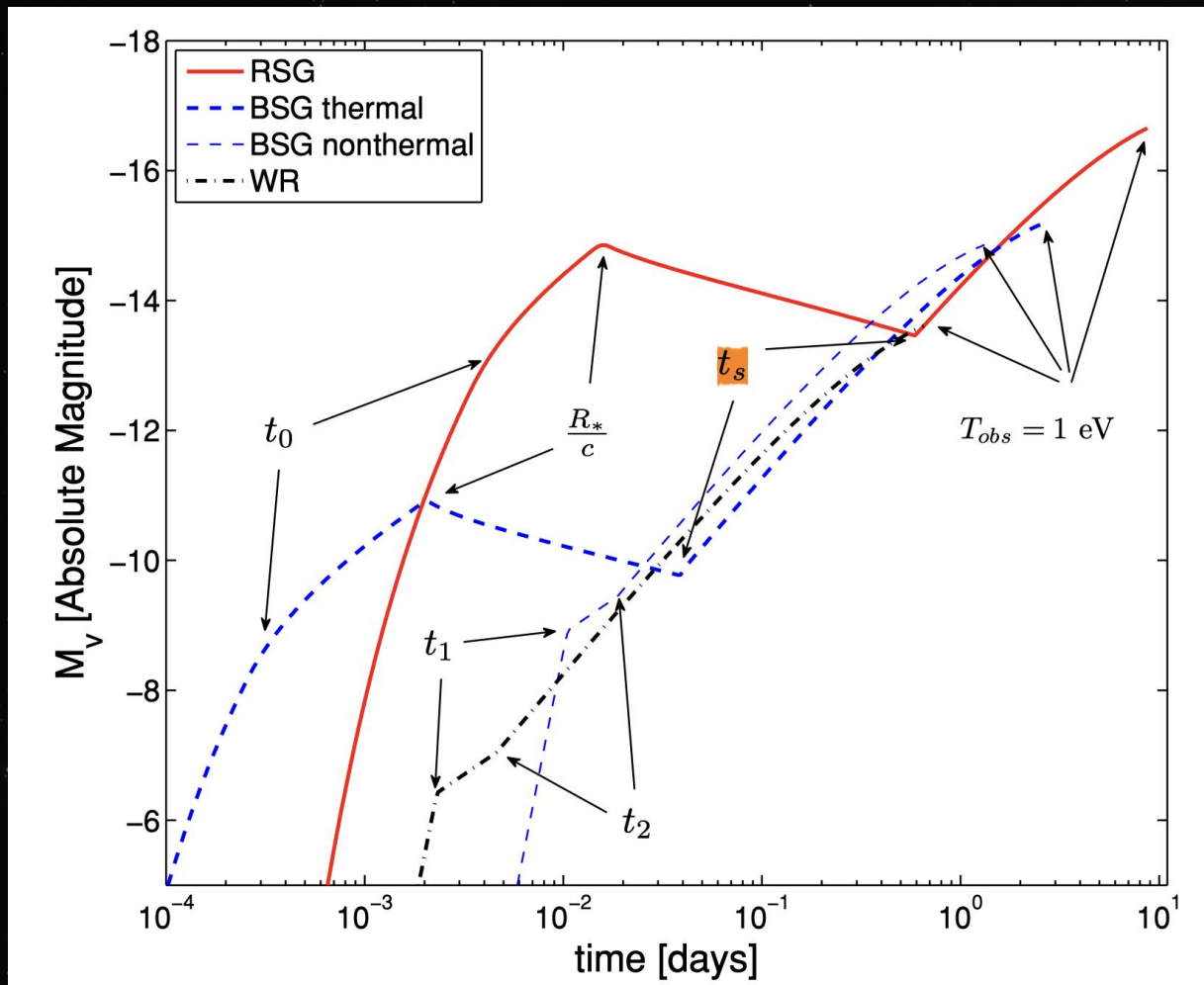






Li, G. C., et al. 2023





0.05 d $\sim 1.2 \times 10^5 \text{ K}$
 0.1 d $\sim 9.8 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
 0.5 d $\sim 5.3 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$



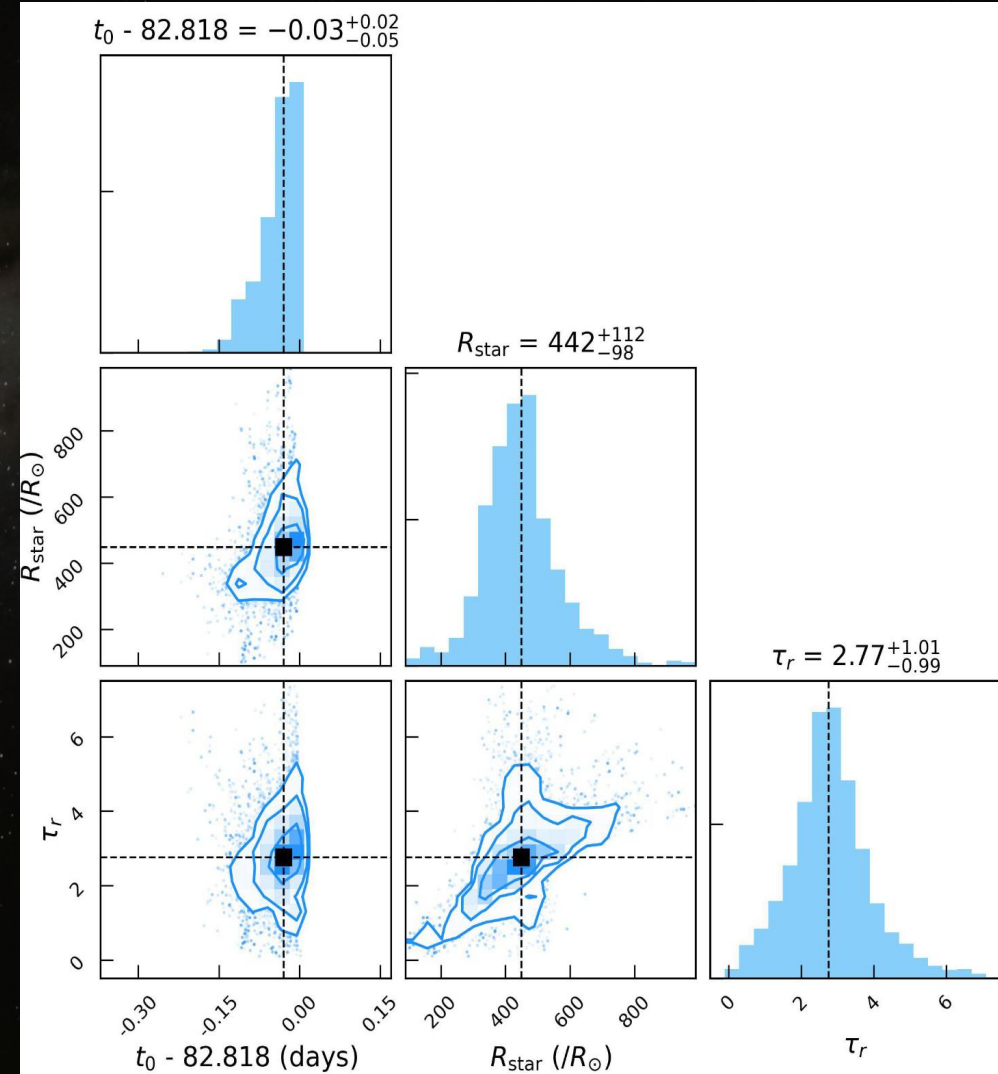
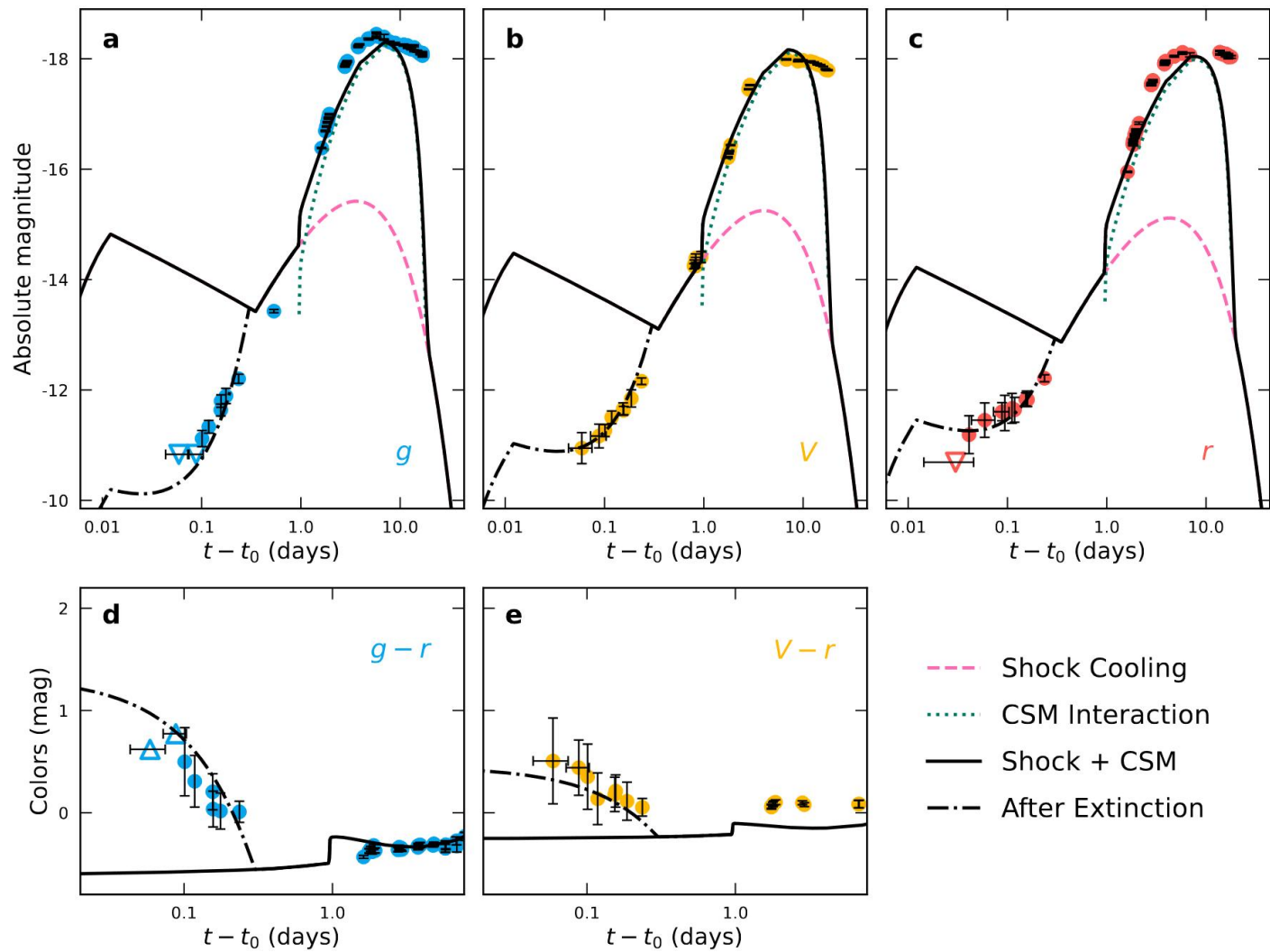
$$L = 3 \times 10^{42} \text{erg s}^{-1} M_{15}^{-0.87} R_{500} E_{51}^{0.96} t_{\text{day}}^{-0.17}$$
$$T = 3 \text{ eV} M_{15}^{-0.13} R_{500}^{0.38} E_{51}^{0.11} t_{\text{day}}^{-0.56}$$

$$L = \frac{\varepsilon}{2} \frac{\dot{M}_{\text{w}}}{v_{\text{w}}} V_{\text{sh}}^3,$$

$$\dot{M}_{\text{w}}(R) = \begin{cases} 0, & R \leq R_0 \\ \dot{M}_{\text{w}}(0) \left(\frac{R-R_0}{R_1-R_0} \right)^{n_1}, & R_0 < R \leq R_1 \\ \dot{M}_{\text{w}}(0), & R_1 < R \leq R_2 \\ \dot{M}_{\text{w}}(0) \left(\frac{R_3-R}{R_3-R_2} \right)^{n_2}, & R_2 < R \leq R_3 \end{cases}$$

$$F(t, d_0) = 2 \int \frac{I(t - \Delta t, \theta) \cdot R(t - \Delta t, \theta)^2}{d(t - \Delta t, \theta)^2} \cos(\alpha) d(\cos(\theta)),$$

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Parameters	Results
R_0 (10^{14} cm)	2.0
R_1	4.0
R_2	6.0
R_3	16.0
$\dot{M}_w(0)$ ($M_\odot \text{ yr}^{-1}$)	5.0×10^{-2}
n_1	1.5
n_2	3.0

$$\dot{M}_w(R) = \begin{cases} 0, & R \leq R_0 \\ \dot{M}_w(0) \left(\frac{R-R_0}{R_1-R_0} \right)^{n_1}, & R_0 < R \leq R_1 \\ \dot{M}_w(0), & R_1 < R \leq R_2 \\ \dot{M}_w(0) \left(\frac{R_3-R}{R_3-R_2} \right)^{n_2}, & R_2 < R \leq R_3 \end{cases}$$

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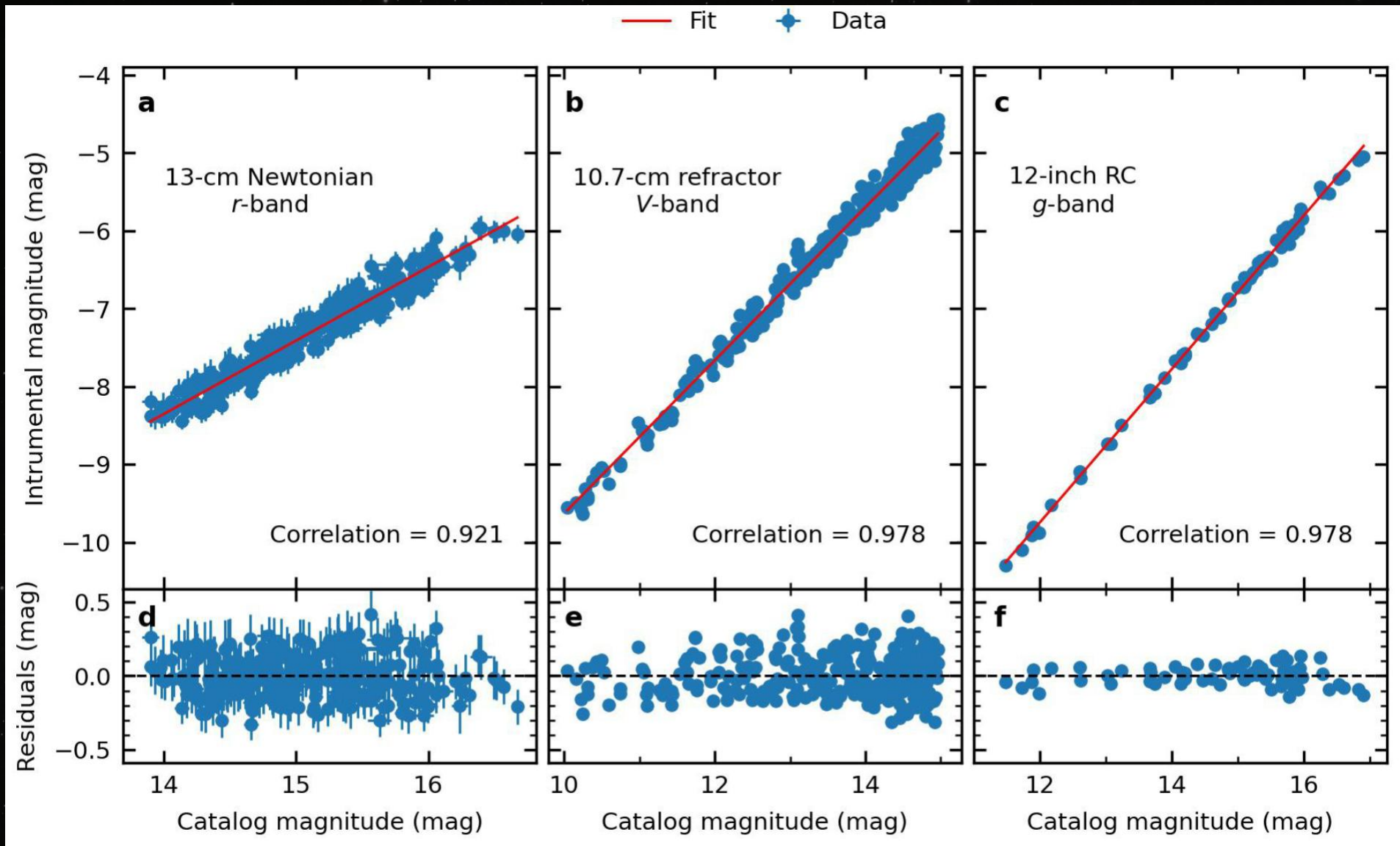
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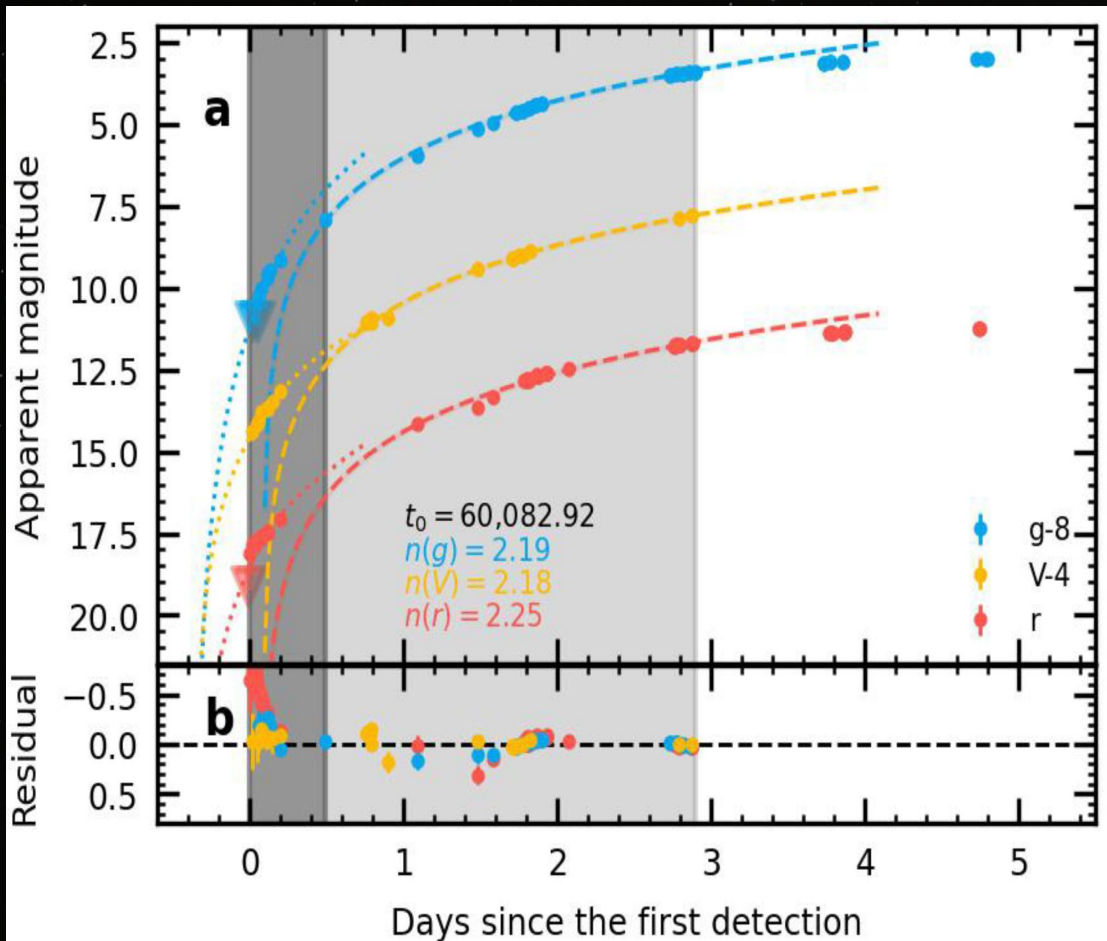
$$\frac{R_{0,3}-R_{\text{star}}}{v_w} \approx 116 \text{ day} \left(\frac{R_{0,3}}{10^{14} \text{ cm}} - \frac{R_{\text{star}}}{450 R_\odot} \cdot 0.313 \right) / \left(\frac{v_w}{100 \text{ km s}^{-1}} \right)$$

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$$f(t) = A \left(\frac{t - t_0}{t_b} \right)^{\alpha_1} \left[1 + \left(\frac{t - t_0}{t_b} \right)^{s(\alpha_1 - \alpha_2)} \right]^{-1/s}$$

Broken Power-law						
Band	Data Range ^a (days)	t_0 (MJD)	t_b ^b (days)	α_1 ^c	α_2	Reduced χ^2
<i>g</i>	0.0-2.5	60082.63 ^{+0.07} _{-0.05}	1.18 ^{+0.15} _{-0.31}	2.40 ^{+0.31} _{-0.44}	3.45 ^{+0.11} _{-0.11}	4.3
<i>V</i>	0.0-2.5	60082.63 ^{+0.07} _{-0.05}	1.40 ^{+0.11} _{-0.15}	2.11 ^{+0.19} _{-0.29}	3.38 ^{+0.19} _{-0.24}	1.2
<i>r</i>	0.0-2.5	60082.63 ^{+0.07} _{-0.05}	1.52 ^{+0.19} _{-0.14}	2.10 ^{+0.29} _{-0.30}	3.68 ^{+0.10} _{-0.15}	4.6
						Total 3.4
Single Power-law						
<i>g</i>	0.4-3.0	60082.92 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	-	2.18 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	-	10.1
<i>V</i>	0.4-3.0	60082.92 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	-	2.19 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	-	4.2
<i>r</i>	0.4-3.0	60082.92 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	-	2.25 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	-	12.6
						Total 10.2