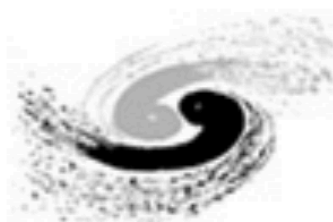


SUSY review with ATLAS and CMS experiments

Da XU (IHEP, CAS)
on behalf of ATLAS and CMS experiments
CLHCP 2023

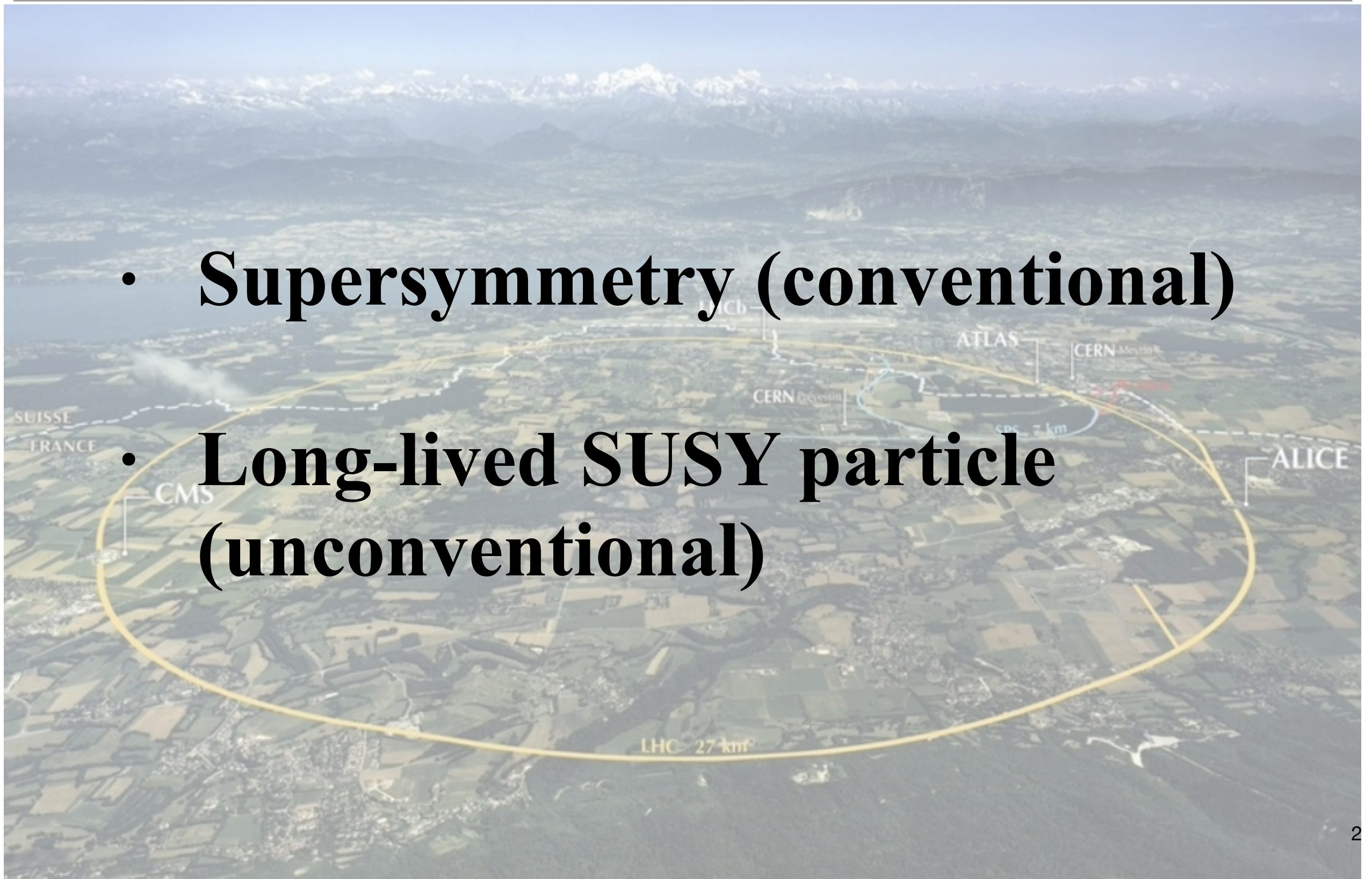


中国科学院高能物理研究所

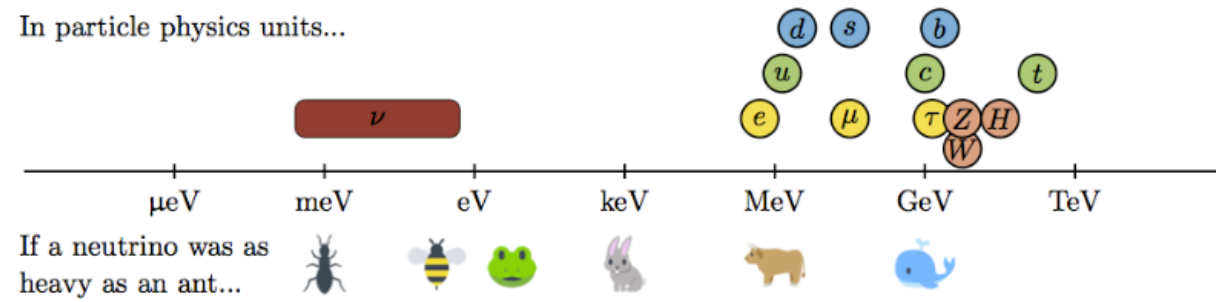
Institute of High Energy Physics Chinese Academy of Sciences

Outline

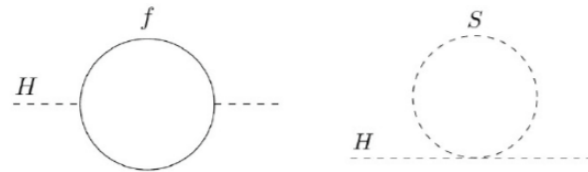
- **Supersymmetry (conventional)**
- **Long-lived SUSY particle (unconventional)**



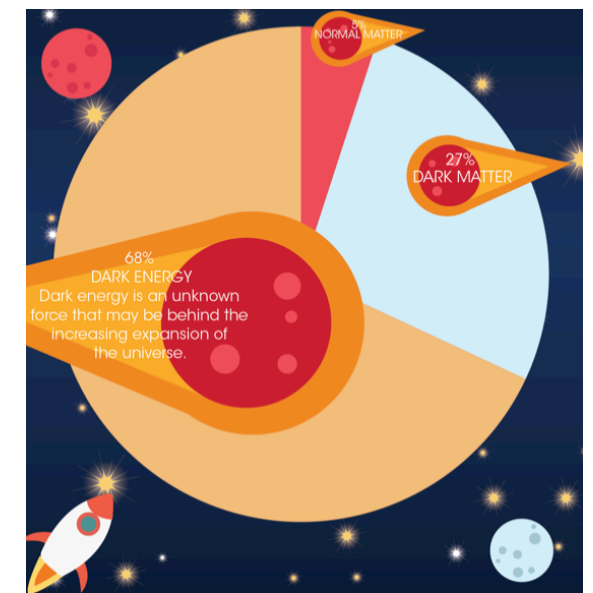
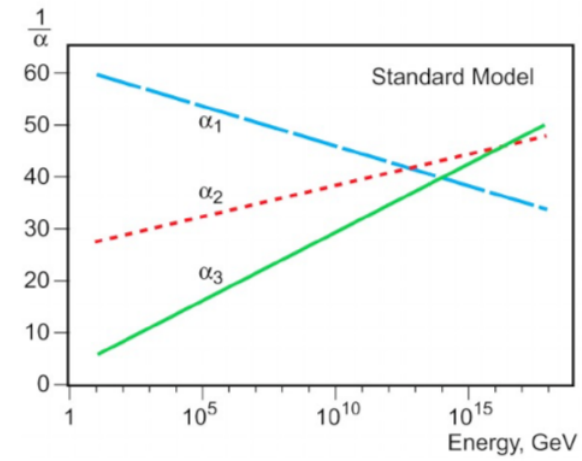
In particle physics units...



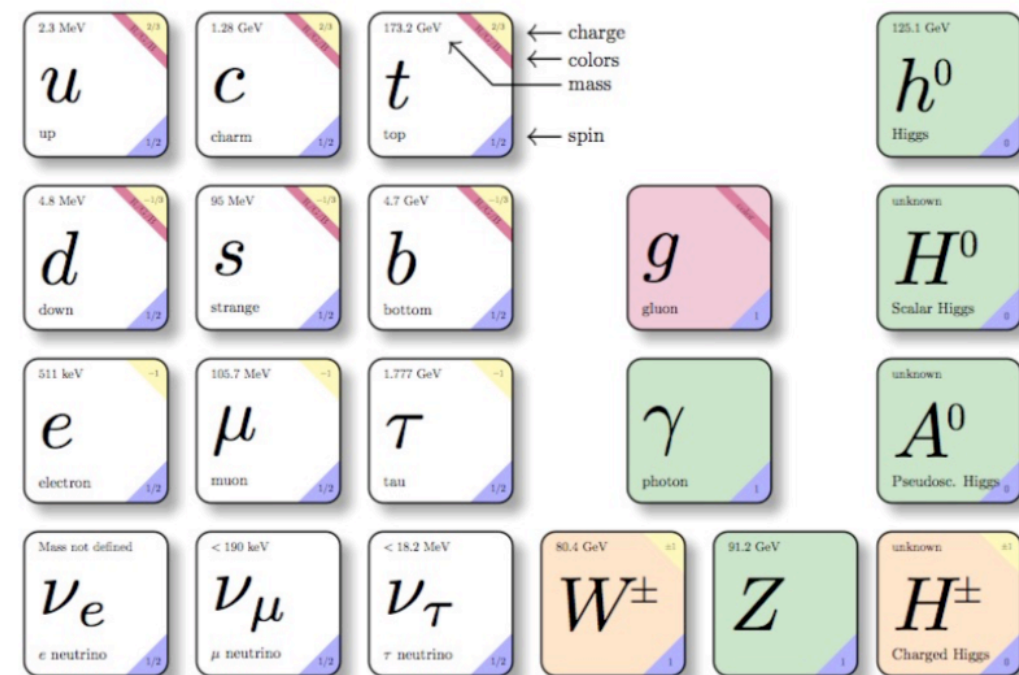
If a neutrino was as heavy as an ant...



Supersymmetry



Extended Standard Model particles



Supersymmetric particles

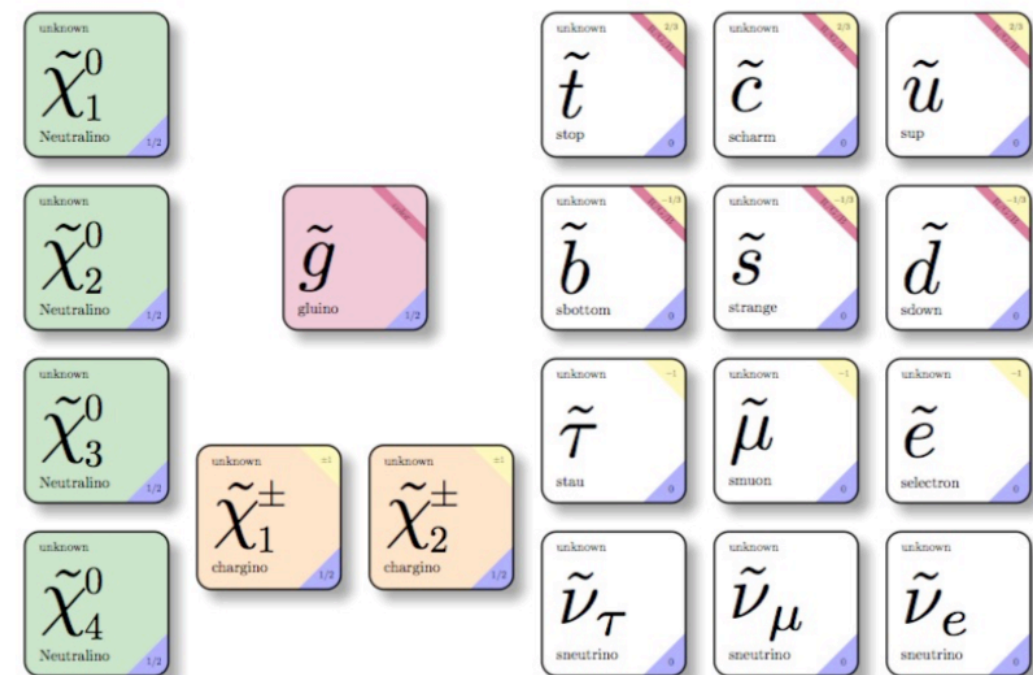
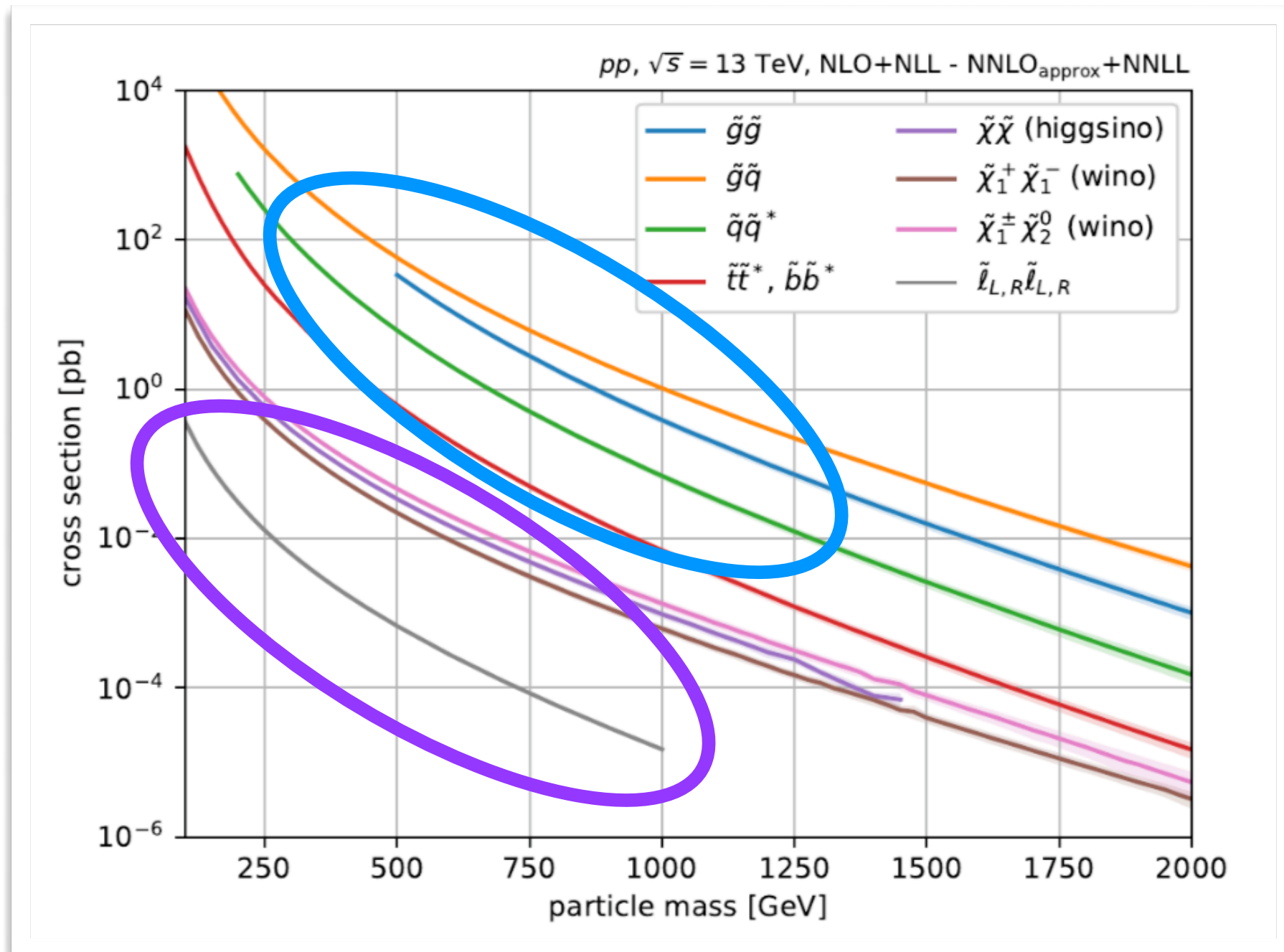


Image credit: M. Rimoldi

The SUSY production @ 13TeV

Strong SUSY: larger cross-section; energetic jet activity.



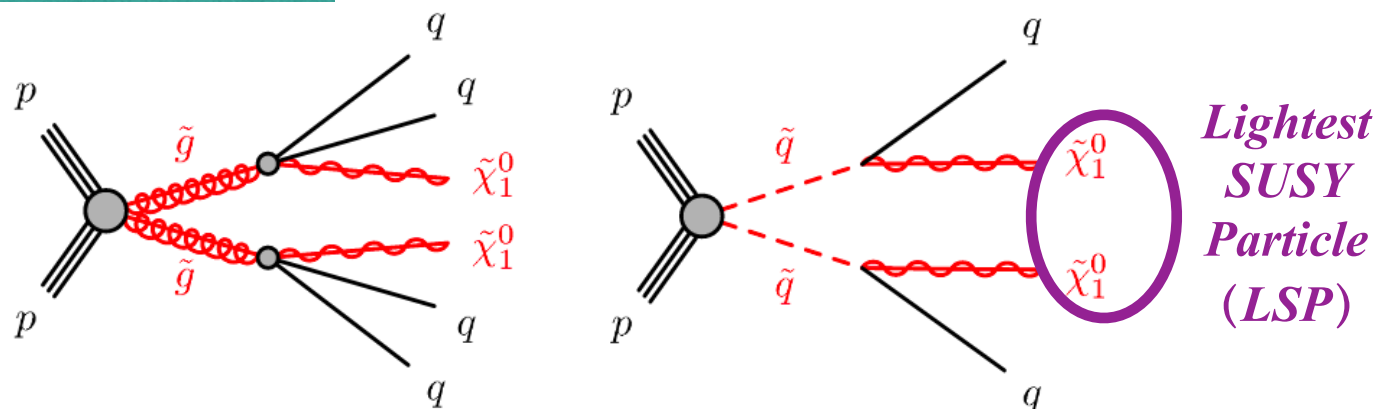
Electroweak SUSY: smaller cross-section; less jet; cleaner signature.



Benchmark gluino/squark scenarios — I

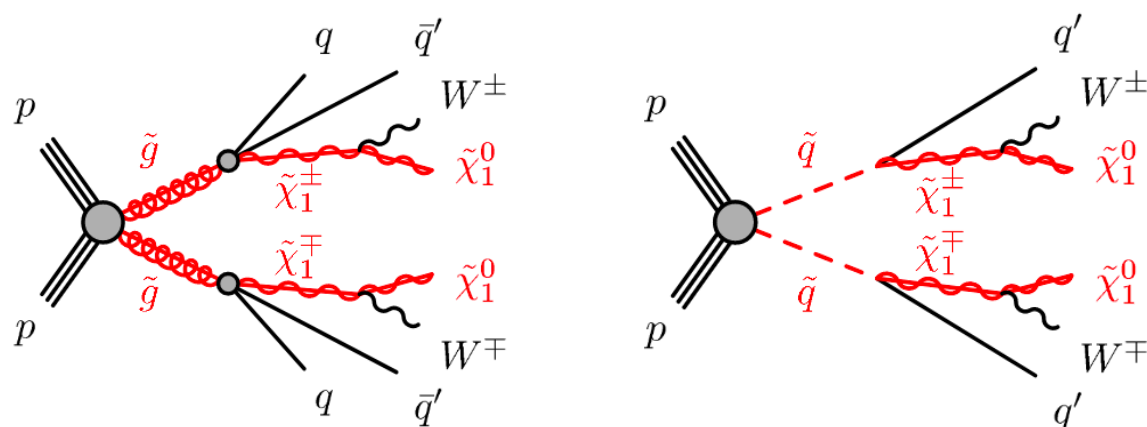
Classic

0-Step decay

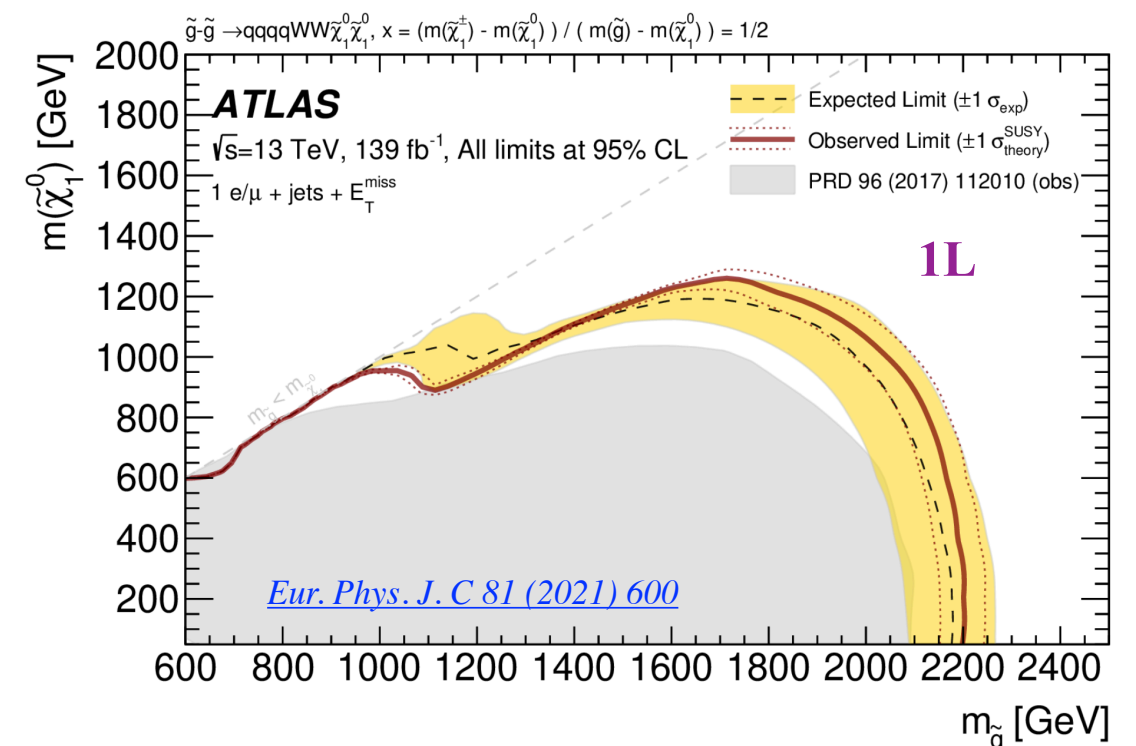
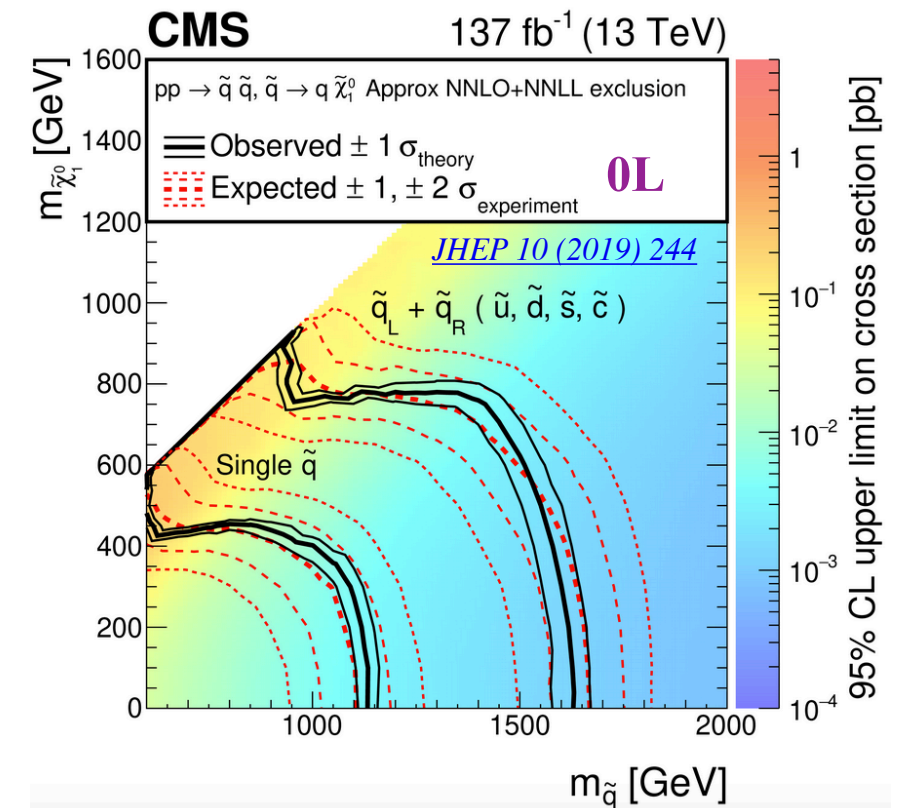


- ≥ 4 (2) jets for Gluino (Squark)
- Large MET from LSP

1-Step decay



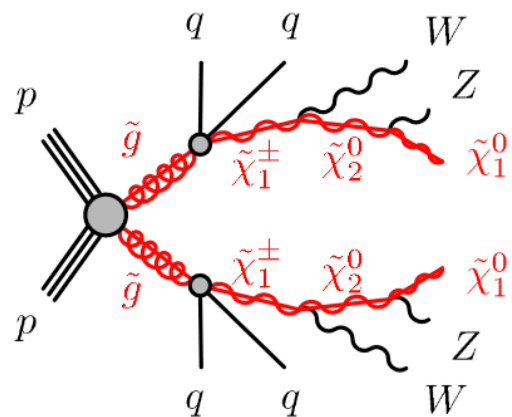
- $\geq 4-8$ (2-6) jets Gluino (Squark)
- Large MET from LSP
- W hadronically (0L) or leptonically (1-2L) decay



Benchmark gluino/squark scenarios — II

More complicated

2-Step decay

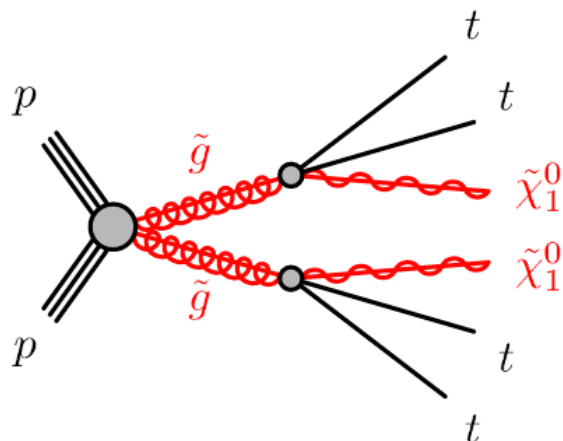


- Long cascade decays of gluinos into large jet activity or multi-leptons

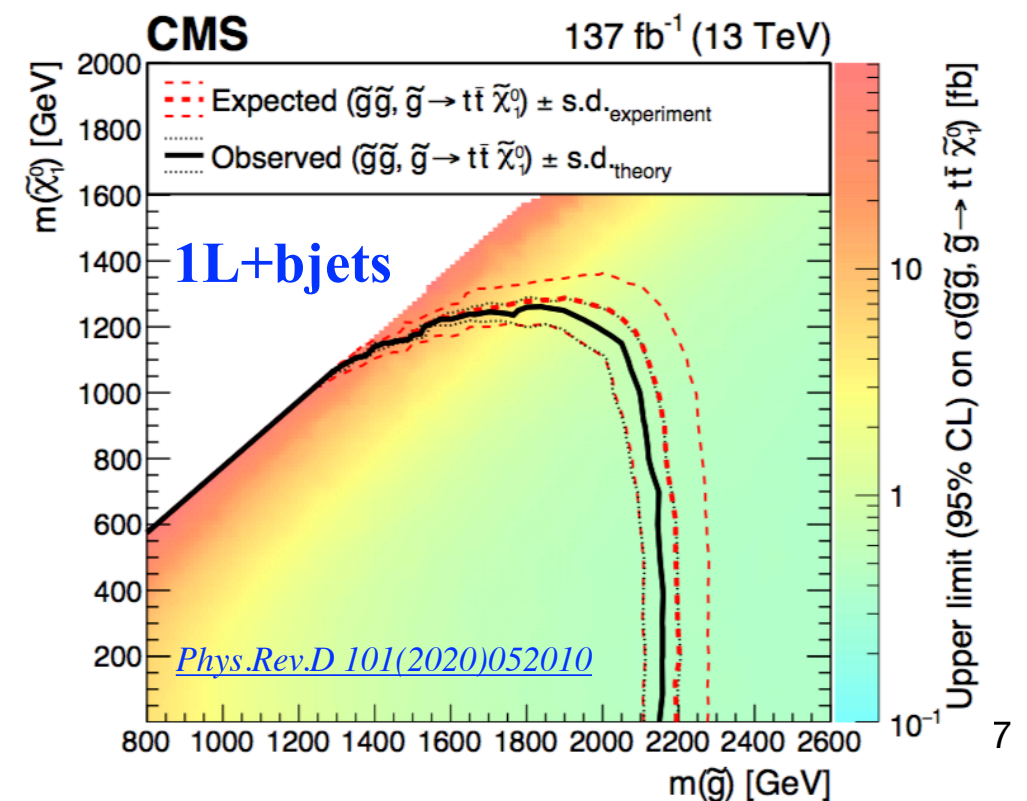
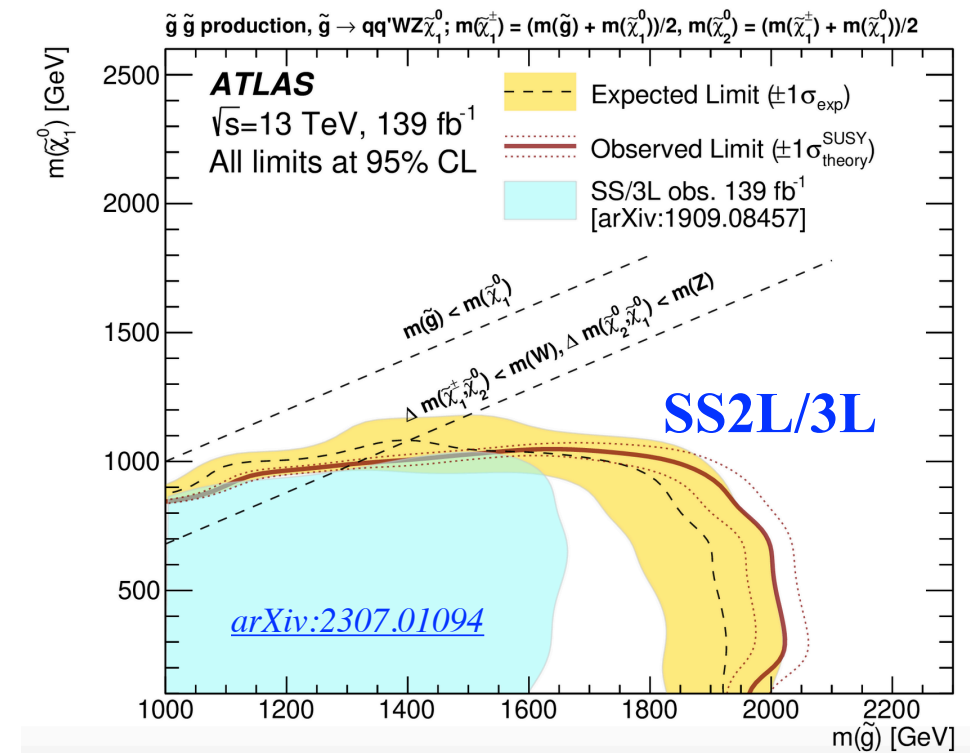
- Large jet activity → events up to 8-12 jets

- When leptons come from different decay chain, requiring SS leptons can highly suppress SM

Gtt



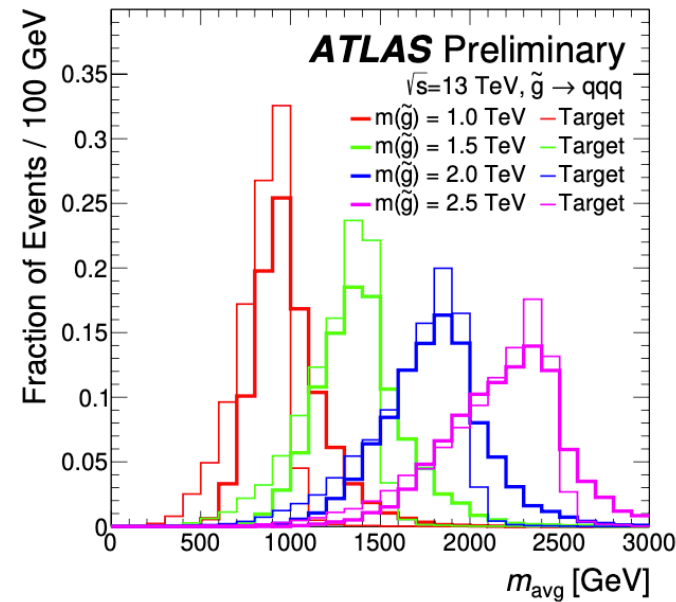
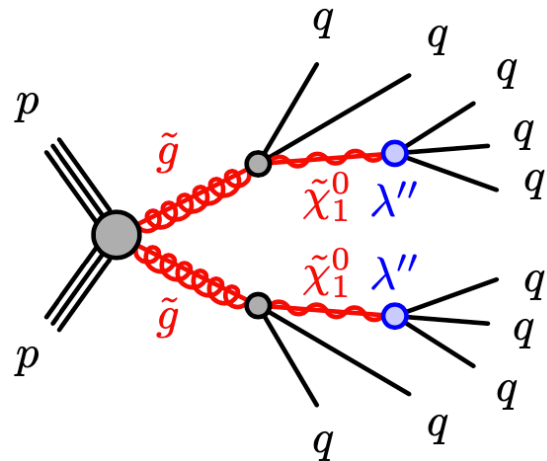
- Consider b-tagged jet if top in the decay chain → event categories in 0,1,2 b-jets



Recent publication

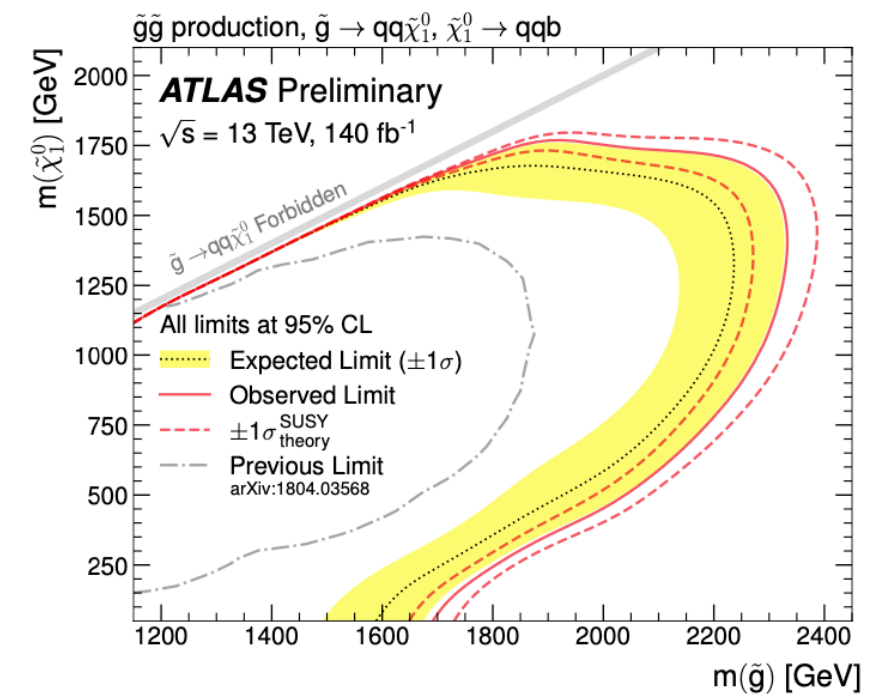
Fresh NEW

Decay involving RPV coupling

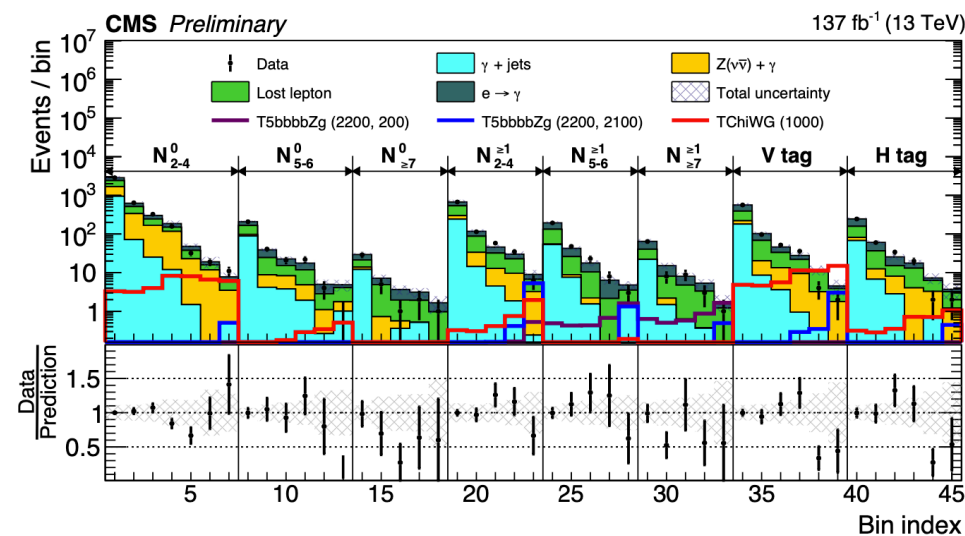
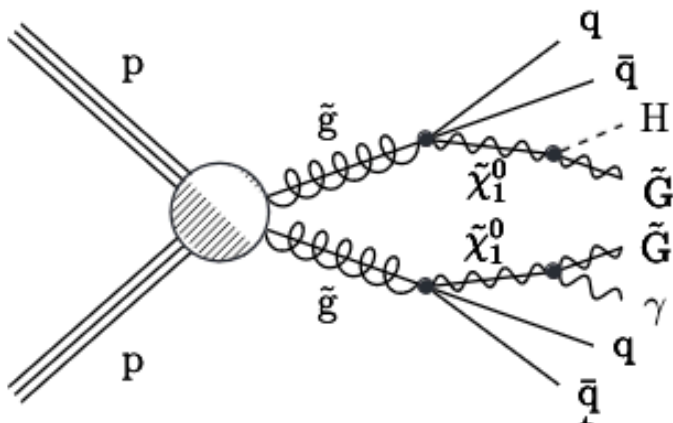


- Free of MET constraint \rightarrow gain in soft decay products
- Reconstruct the avg. gluino mass resonance w/ NN

ATLAS-CONF-2023-049

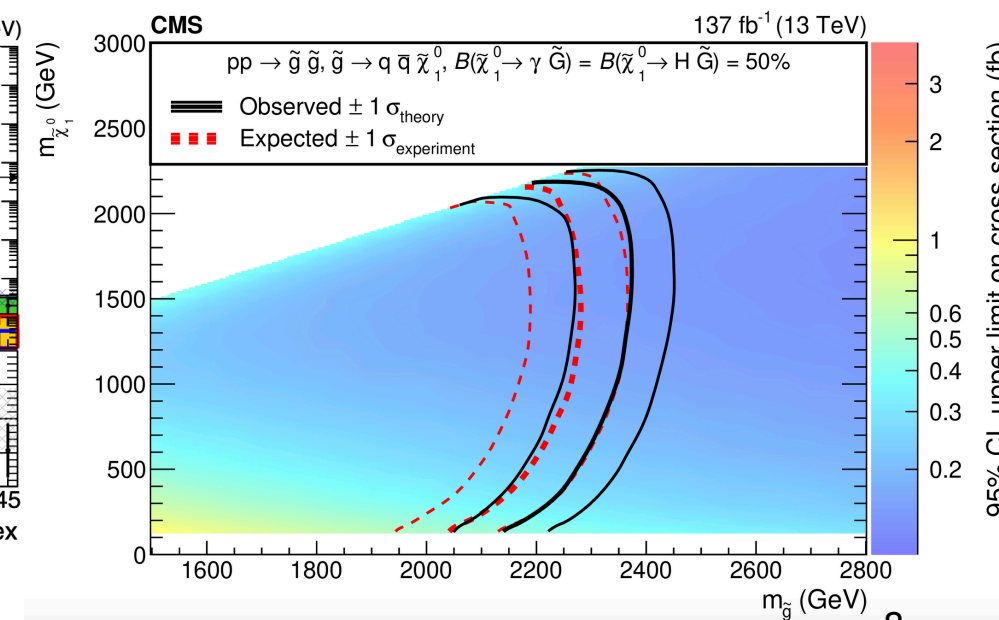


Decay involving Gravitino

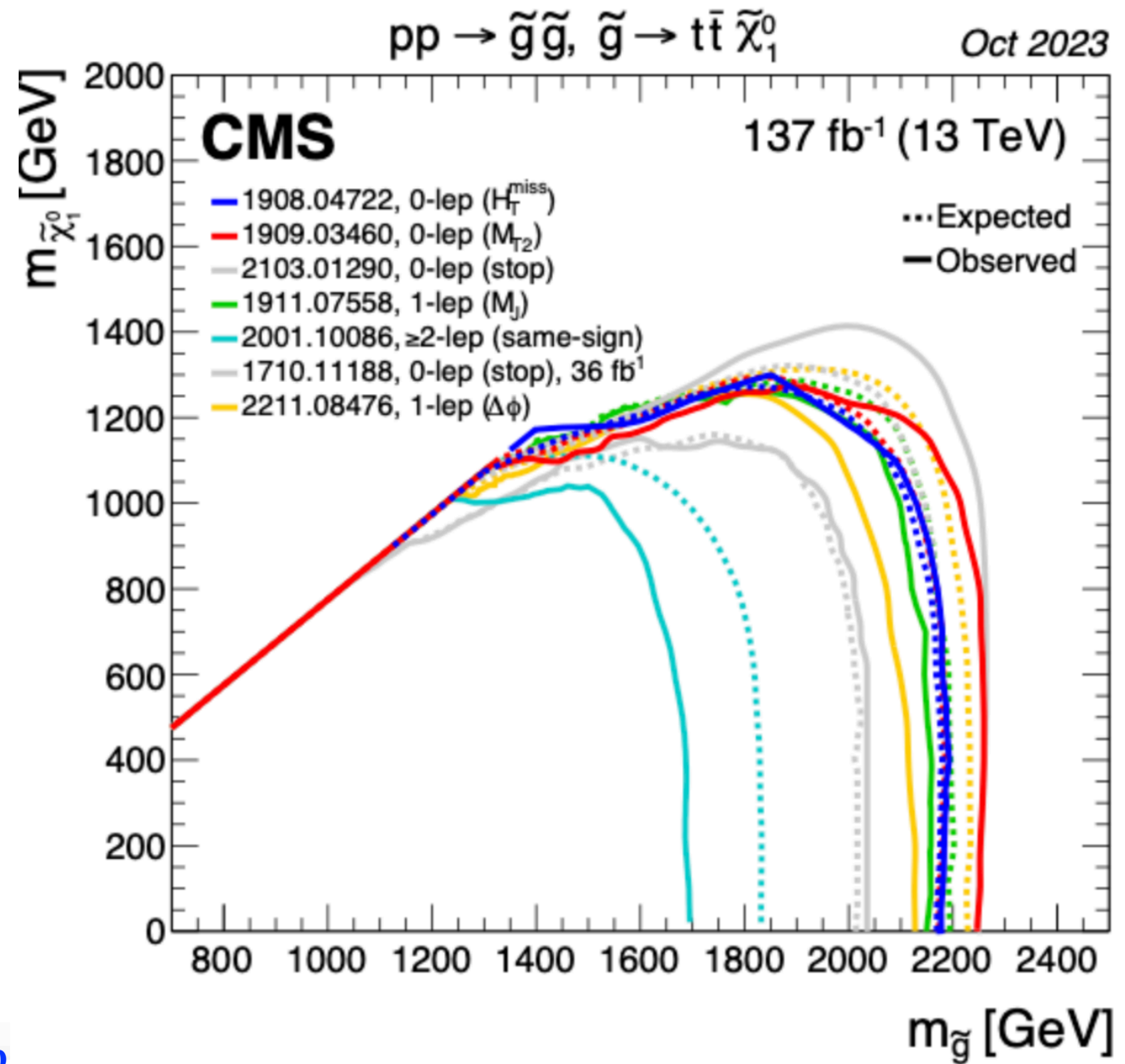
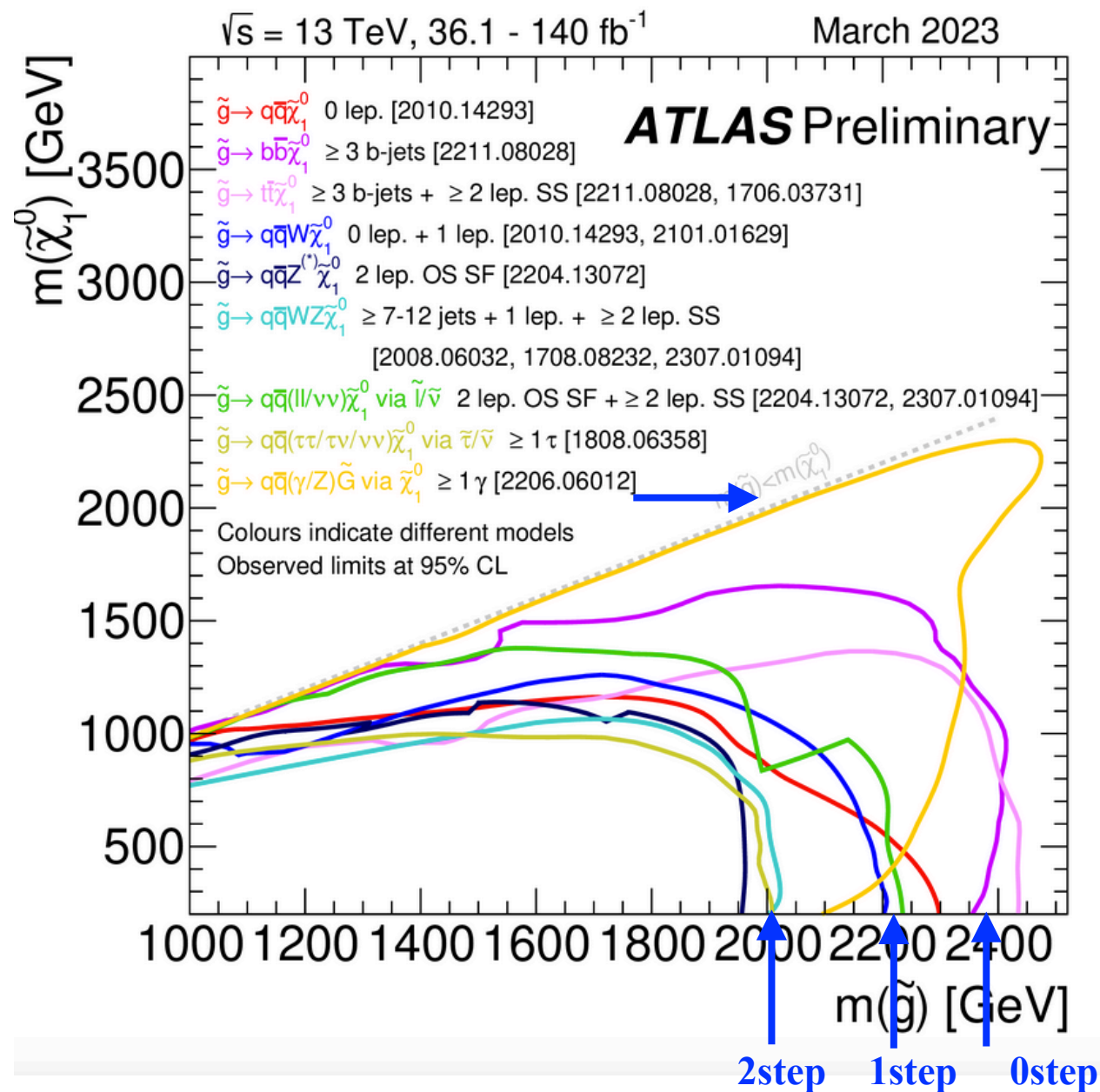


- N1 as NLSP decays into a Gravitino ($\sim 1\text{ GeV}$) as LSP
- H-tagger is used

CMS-SUS-21-009



Gluino summary

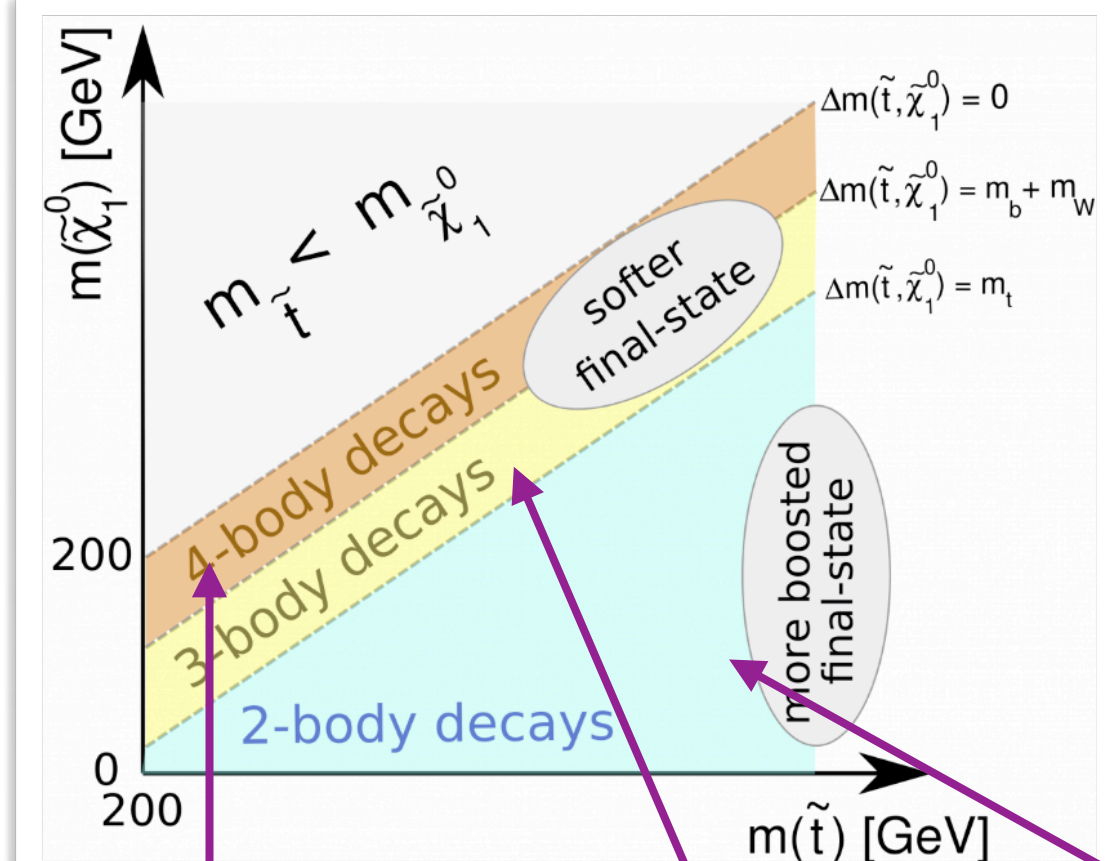


3rd generation: Stop search

Stop search —> Complex decay topologies due to large top mass

- 2-body: Exploit **boost top reconstruction** using largeR jet
- 3-body: $dM \sim m_{\text{top}}$, main background $t\bar{t}$ — separation via requiring **ISR** jet
- 4-body: **BDT/NN** strategy, i.e. trained based on $p(\ell)$, p^{miss} , $p(\text{ISR})$, H and M_t

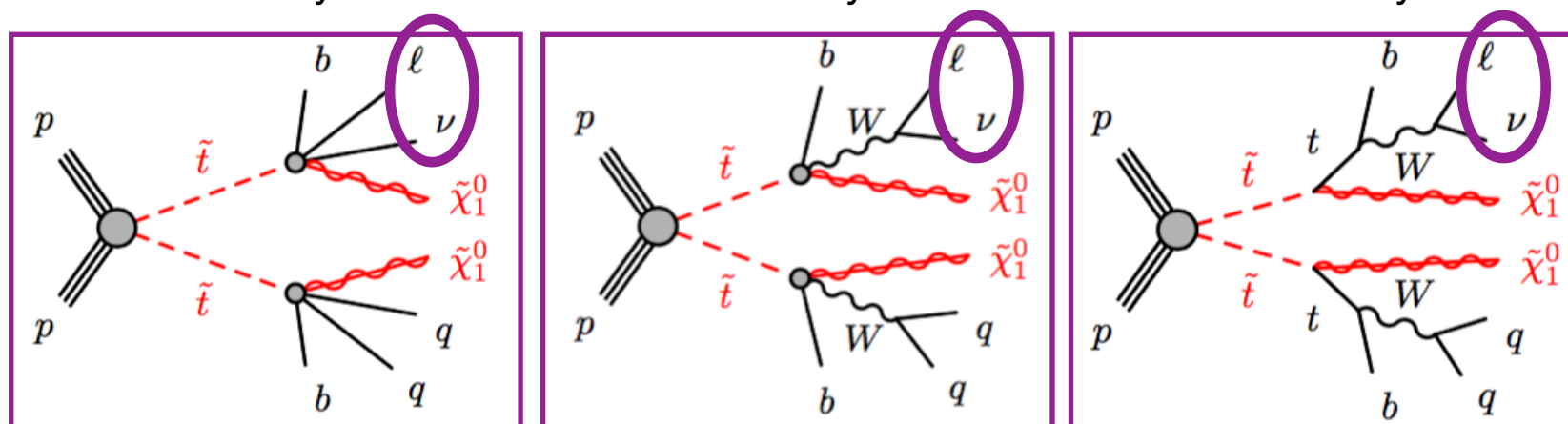
- A novel analysis developed a new NN-based classifiers to reconstruct the hadronically-decaying top quark for the event discrimination



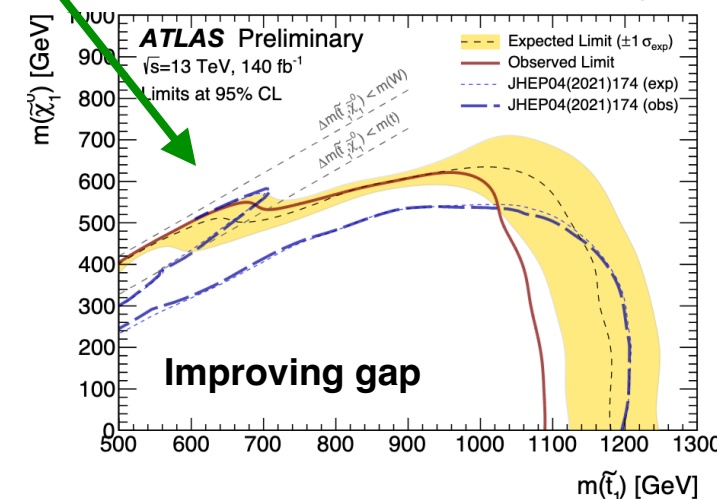
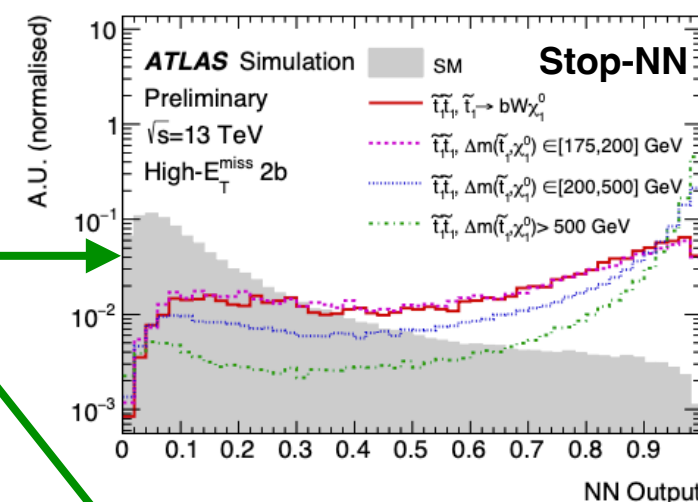
4-body

3-body

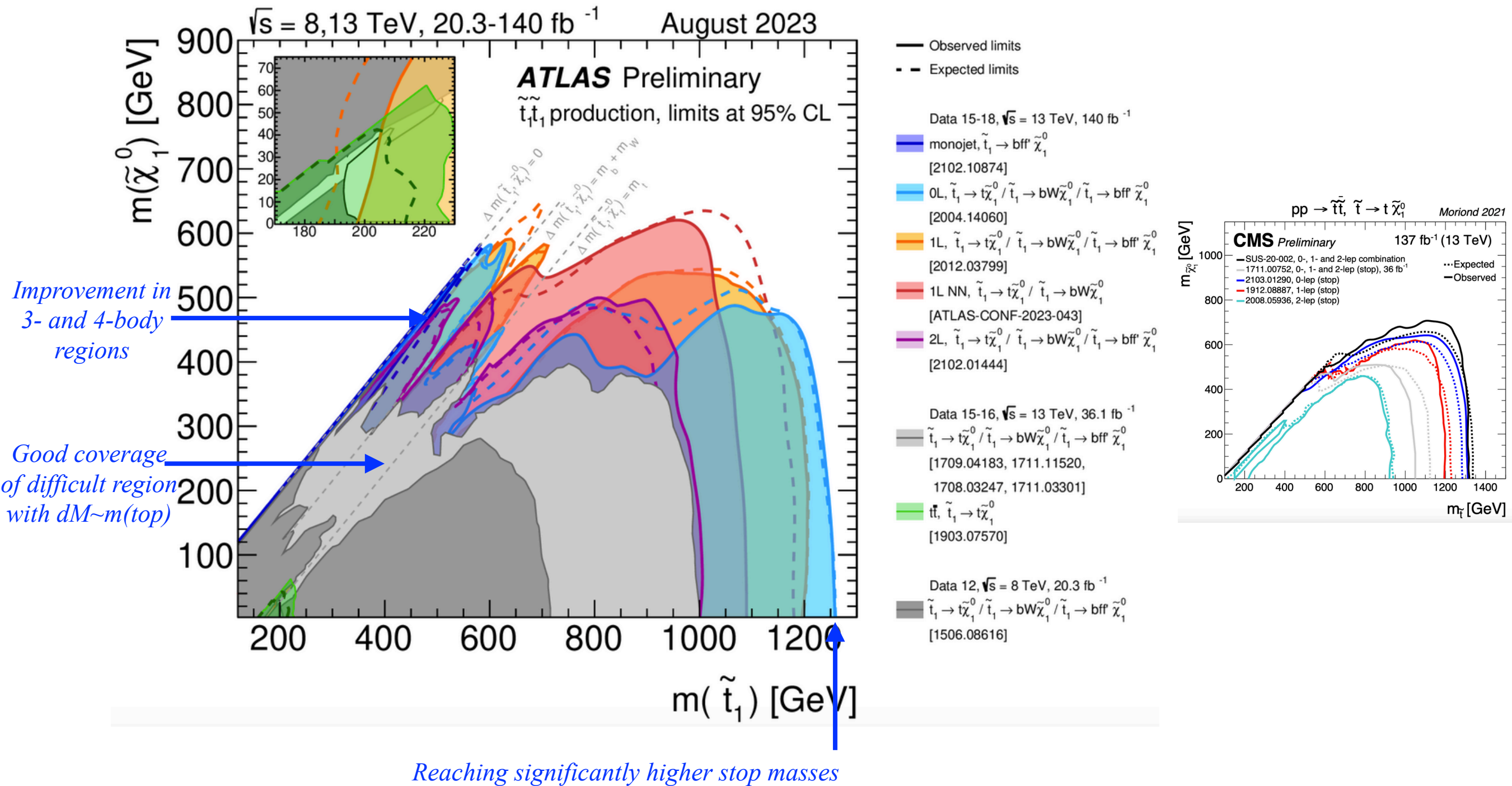
2-body



ATLAS-CONF-2023-043



Stop summary



Wino
doublet



$\tilde{\chi}^0, \tilde{\chi}^\pm$

Higgsino
triplet



$\tilde{\chi}^0, \tilde{\chi}^0, \tilde{\chi}^\pm$

Bino
singlet



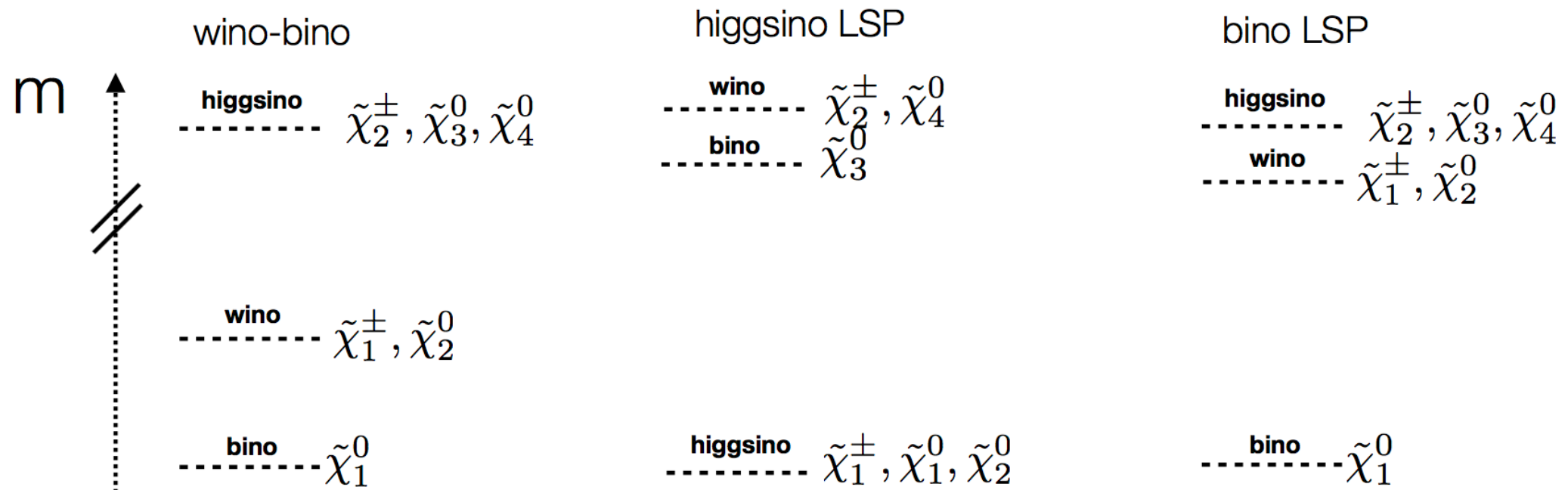
$\tilde{\chi}^0$

1st+2nd +3rd gen
sleptons



$\tilde{e}_L, \tilde{e}_R, \tilde{\mu}_L, \tilde{\mu}_R$

Electroweakino



Phenomenology depends on wino-bino-higgsino mixing, mass hierarchy, and decay channels.

NEW! EWK combination

ATLAS combination channels

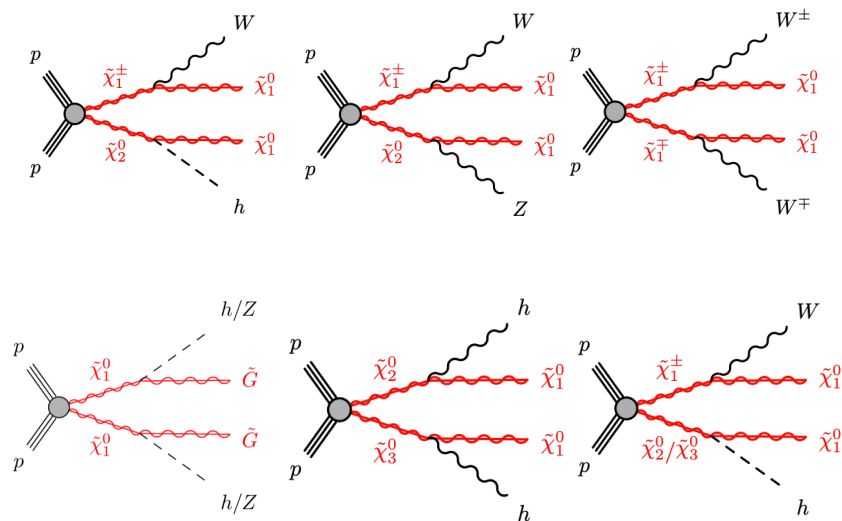
ATLAS-CONF-2023-046

Production mode	Wino $\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-$	Wino $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^0$	Wino $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^0$	Higgsino GGM $\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_{1,2}^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$
Decay mode	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow h \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z/h\tilde{G}$
Searches				
All Hadronic [23]	✓	✓	✓	✓
1L [24]	✓	✓		
1Lbb [25]			✓	
2L Compressed [26]		✓		
2LOJ $\Delta m > m(W)$ [27]	✓			
2LOJ $\Delta m \sim m(W)$ [28]	✓			
2L2J [29]		✓		✓
2tau [30]			✓	
3L [31]		✓	✓	
SS/3L [32]		✓	✓	
4L [33]				✓
Multi-b [34]				✓

- So far most of the single-channel analyses have released the full Run2 results.
- It is essential to look into the statistical combination instead of simply figure overlaying.
- Both ATLAS and CMS recently released the statistical combinations of the Run 2 electroweak SUSY searches!

CMS combination channels

CMS-PAS-SUS-21-008

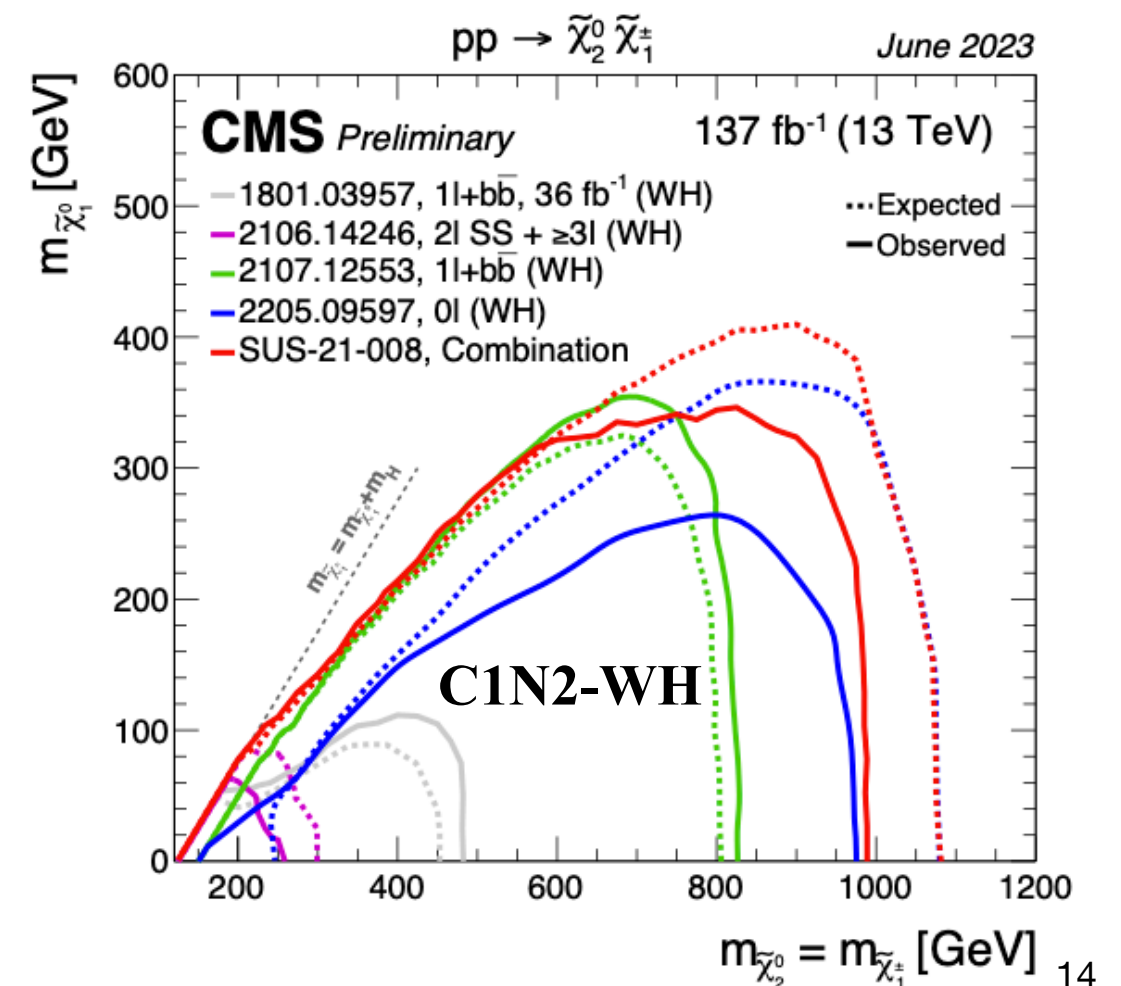
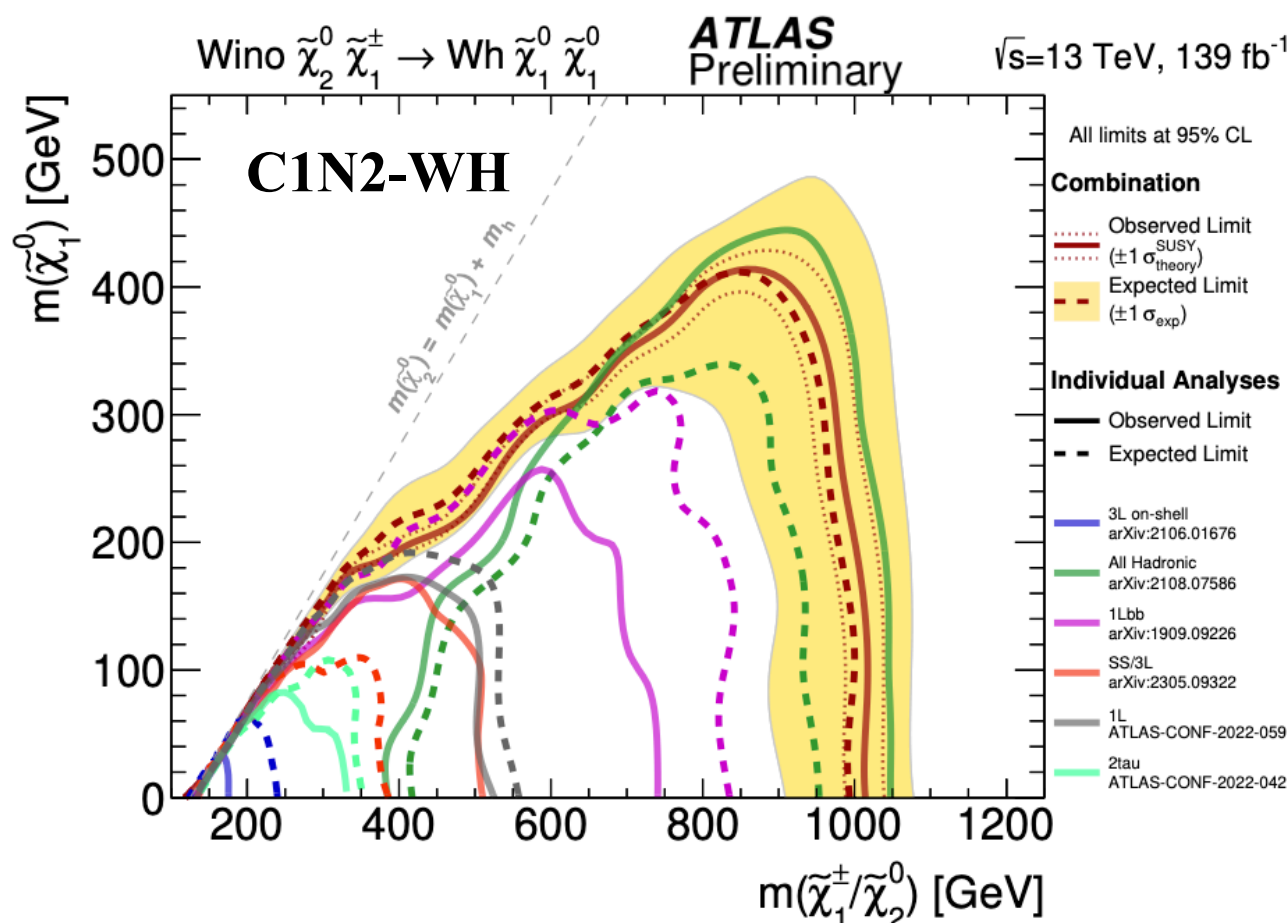
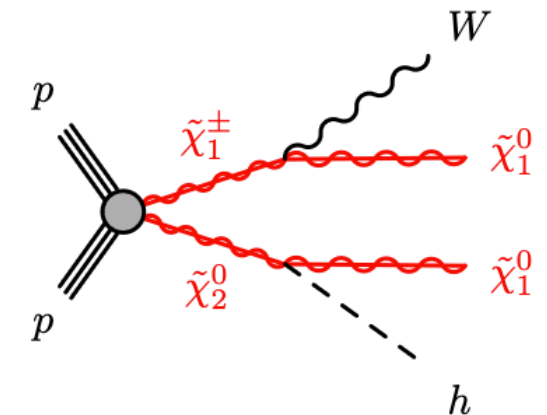
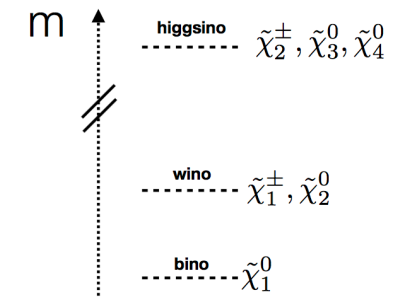


Search	gaugino		GMSB			higgsino-bino			sleptons $\ell^+ \ell^-$
	WZ	WH	ZZ	HZ	HH	WW	HH	WH	
2/3 ℓ soft [17]	all								2 ℓ soft
2 ℓ on-Z [15]	EW		EW	EW					
2 ℓ non-res. [15]									Slepton
$\geq 3\ell$ [18]	SS, A(NN)	SS, A-F	all	all	all			SS, A-F	
1 ℓ 2b [16]		all						all	
4b [19]					all		3-b, 4-b, 2-bb		
Hadr. WX [20]	all	b-tag				b-veto		b-tag	

Wino-bino model

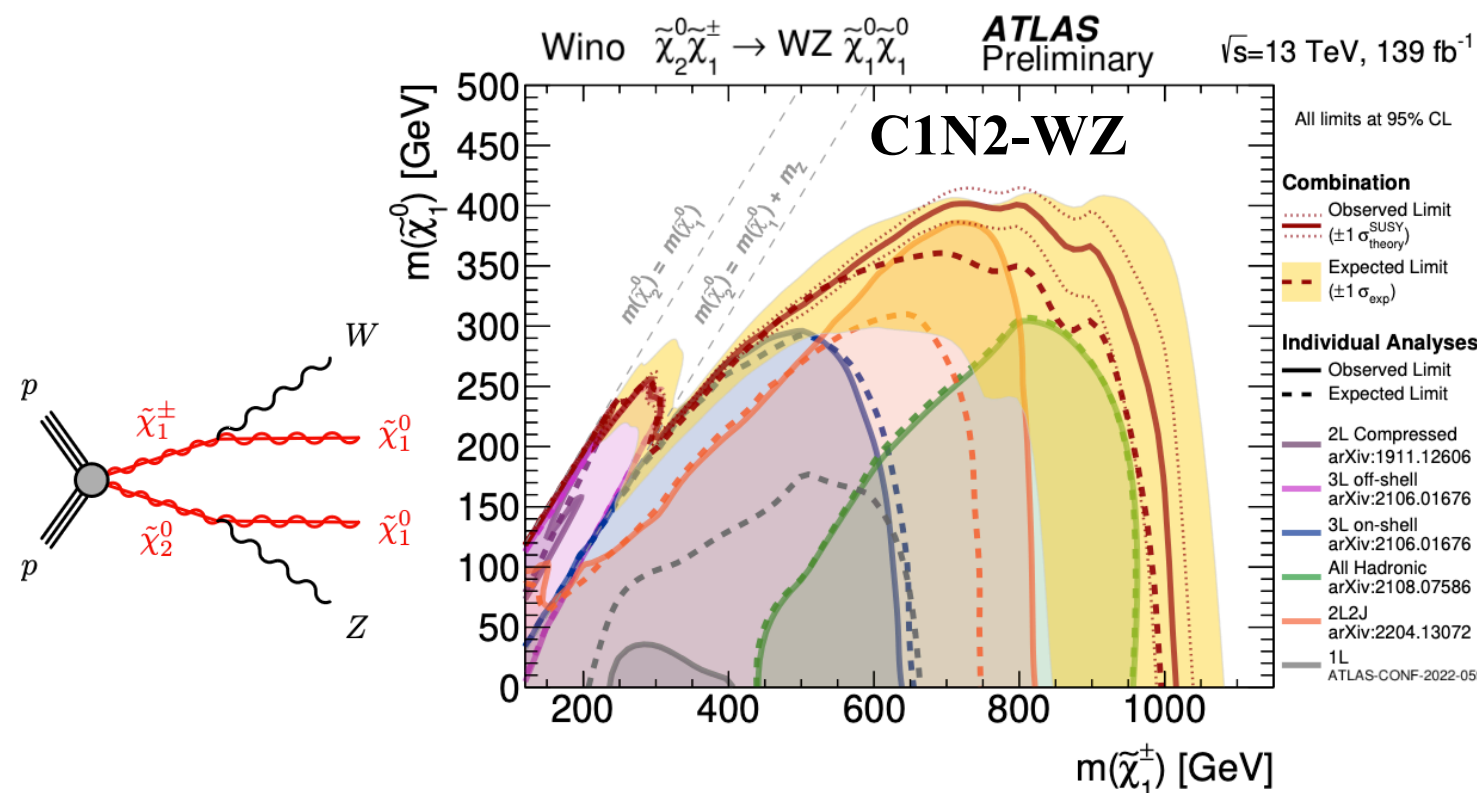
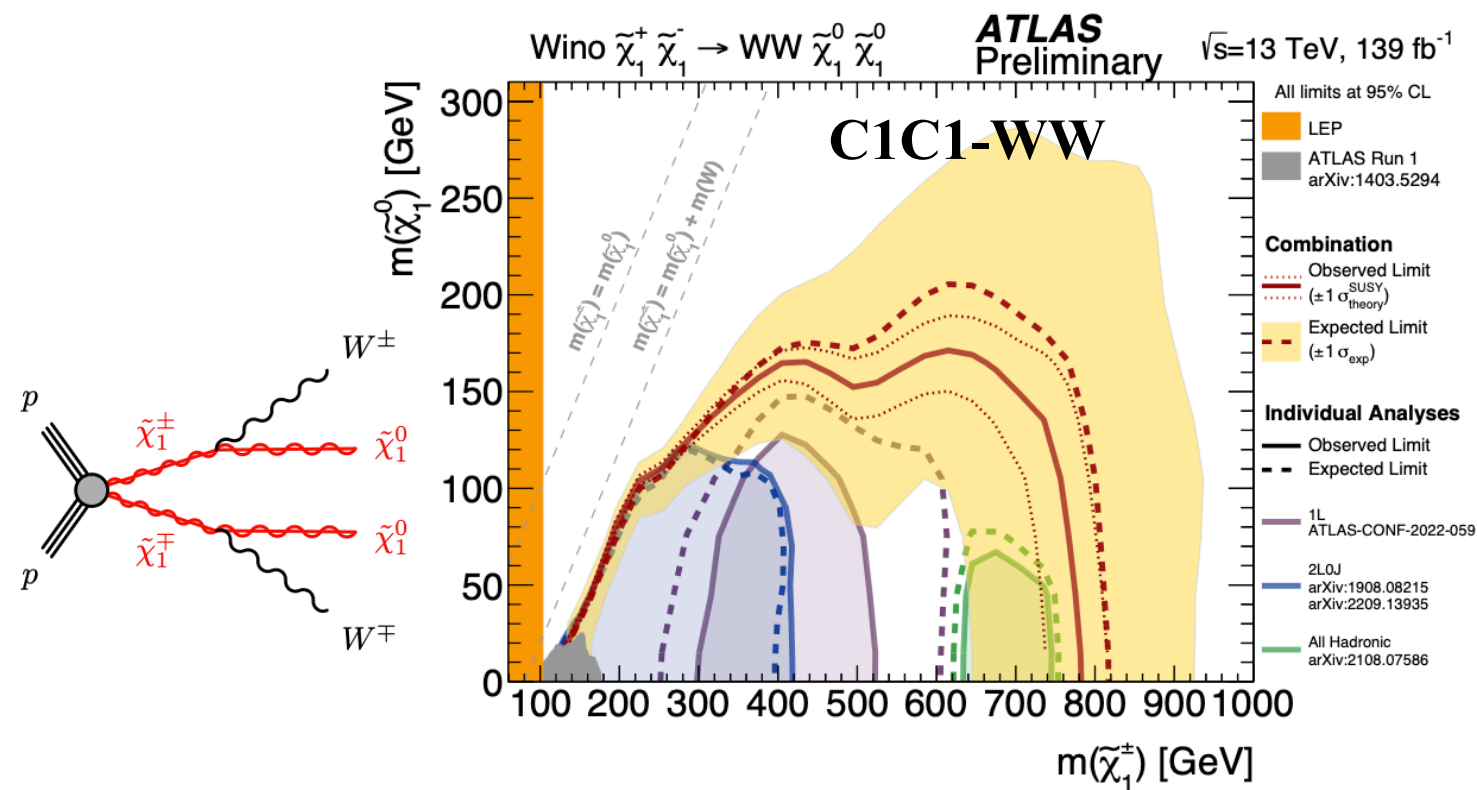
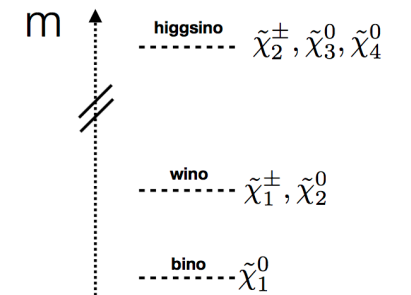
• Decay via W/H

- Statistic combination performed for all **orthogonal** channels; the best performing search is used *where any overlaps remain*
- Similar limit reach obtained for ATLAS and CMS (~1TeV for massless LSP)

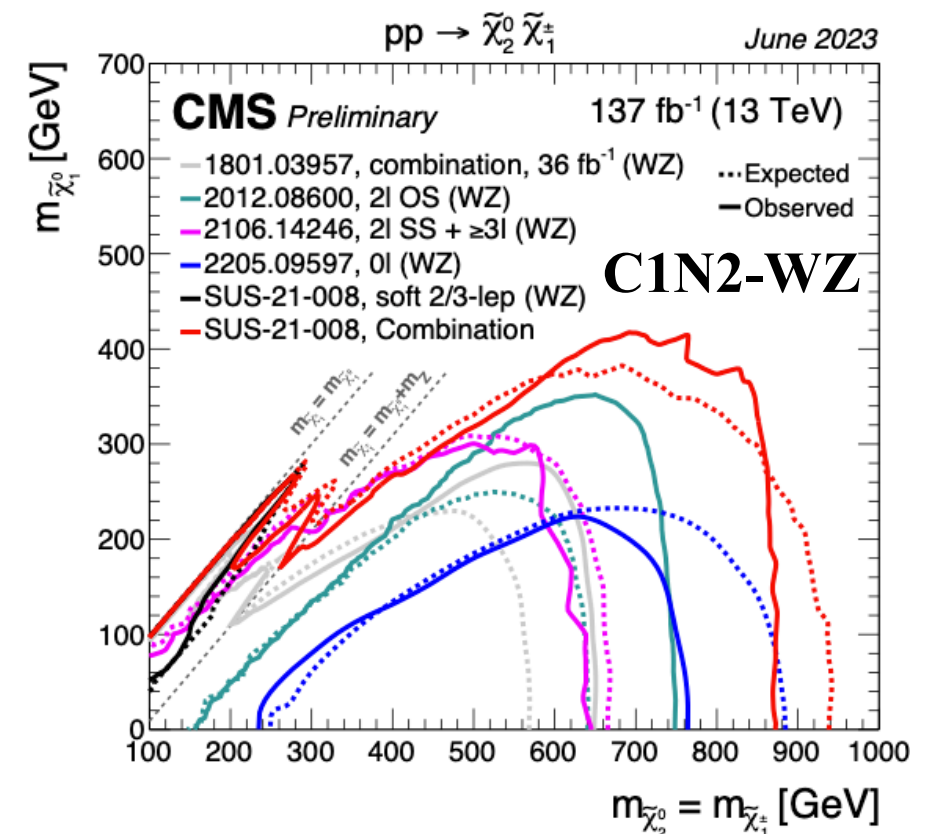


Wino-bino model

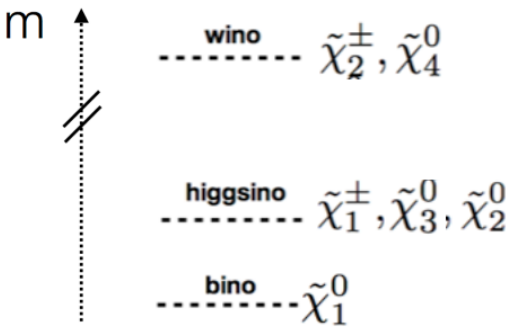
Decay via W/Z



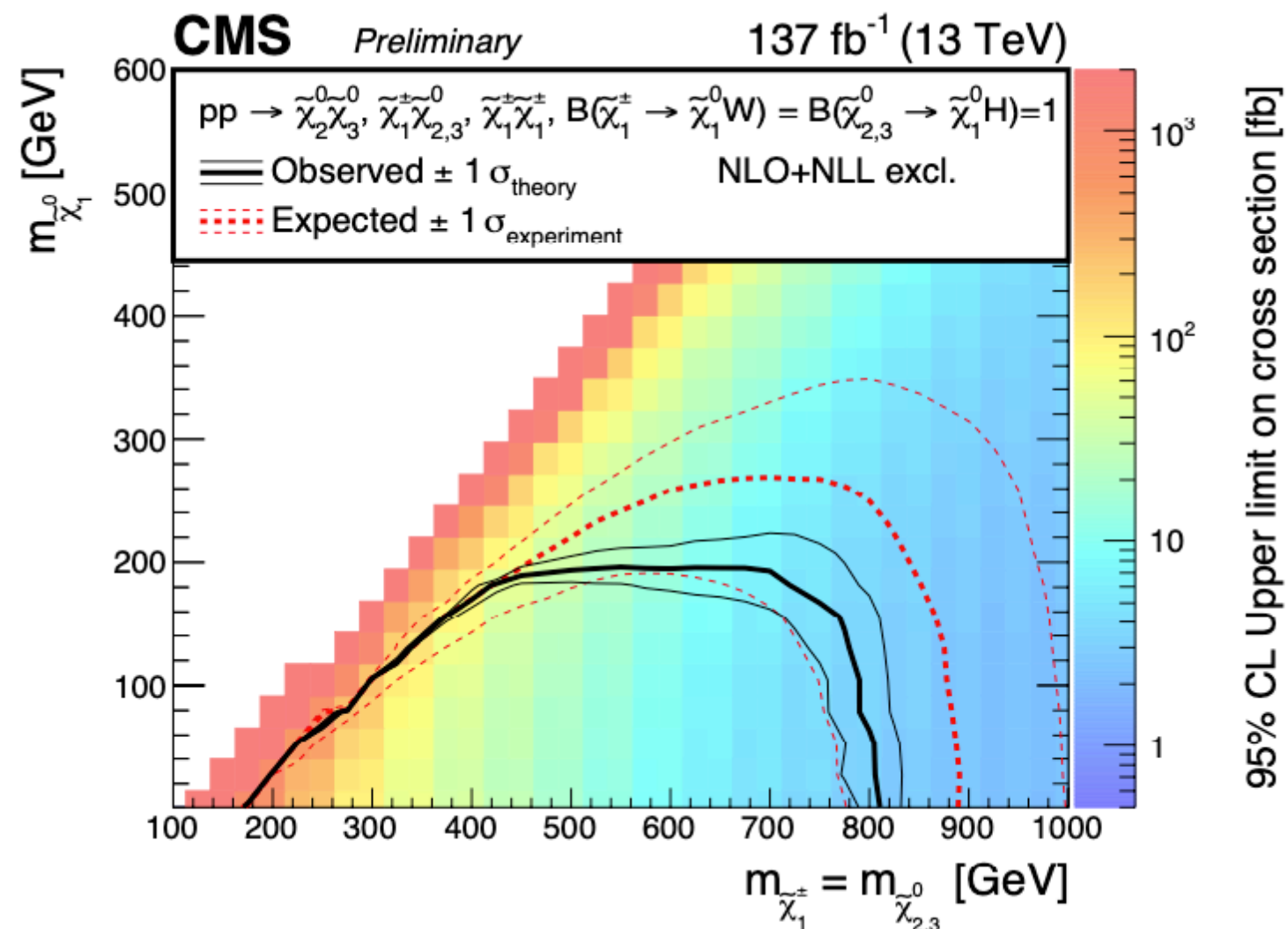
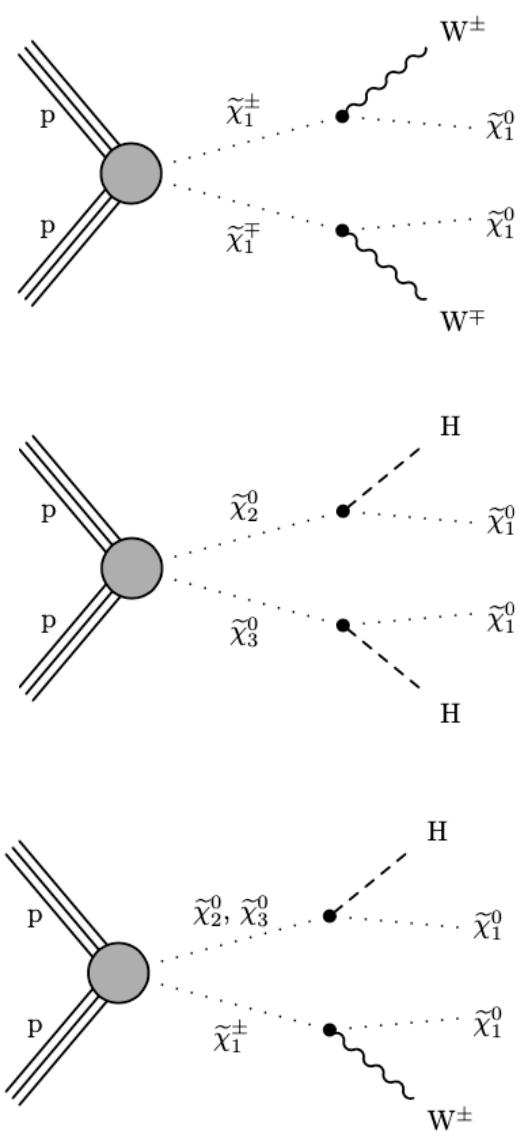
- ATLAS only for **C1C1**, limit is excluded up to ~ 800 GeV for massless LSP; the new **1L** channel has filled in the previous medium mass gap region!
- For **C1N2**, better sensitivity in ATLAS (~ 1 TeV) than in CMS (~ 900 GeV) for low mass LSPs; the off-shell region is well covered by **compressed** and **SS** channels!



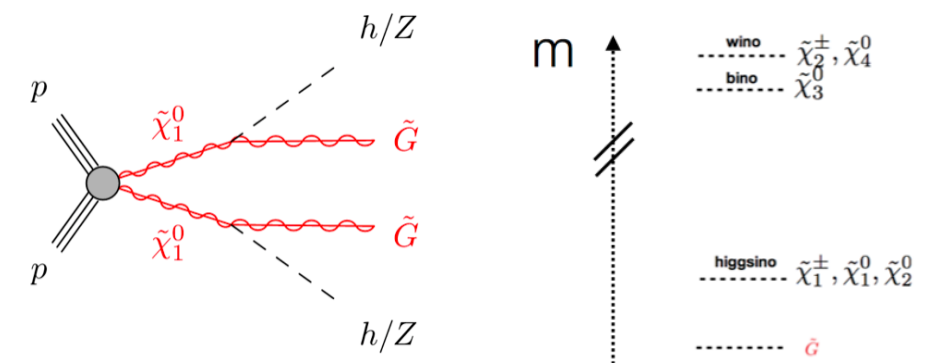
Higgsino-bino model



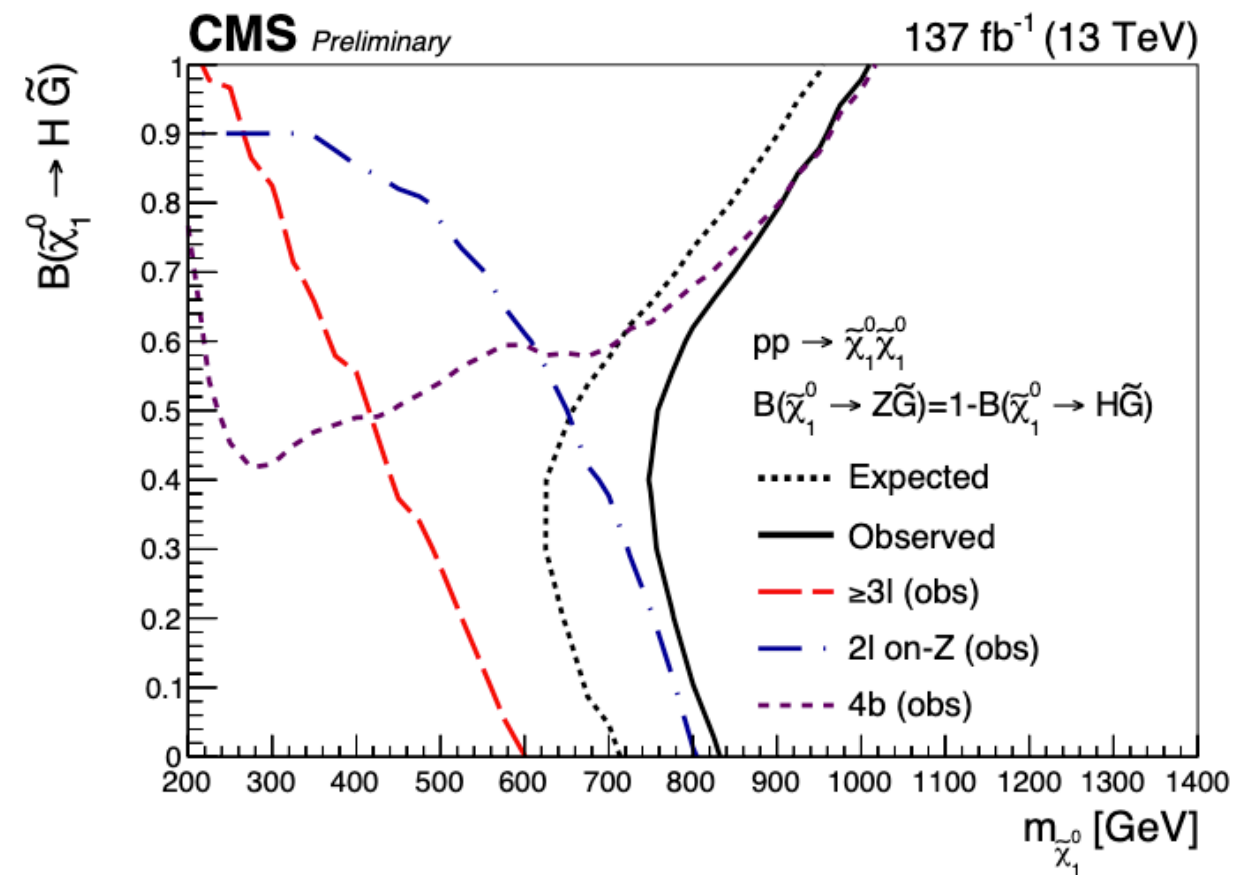
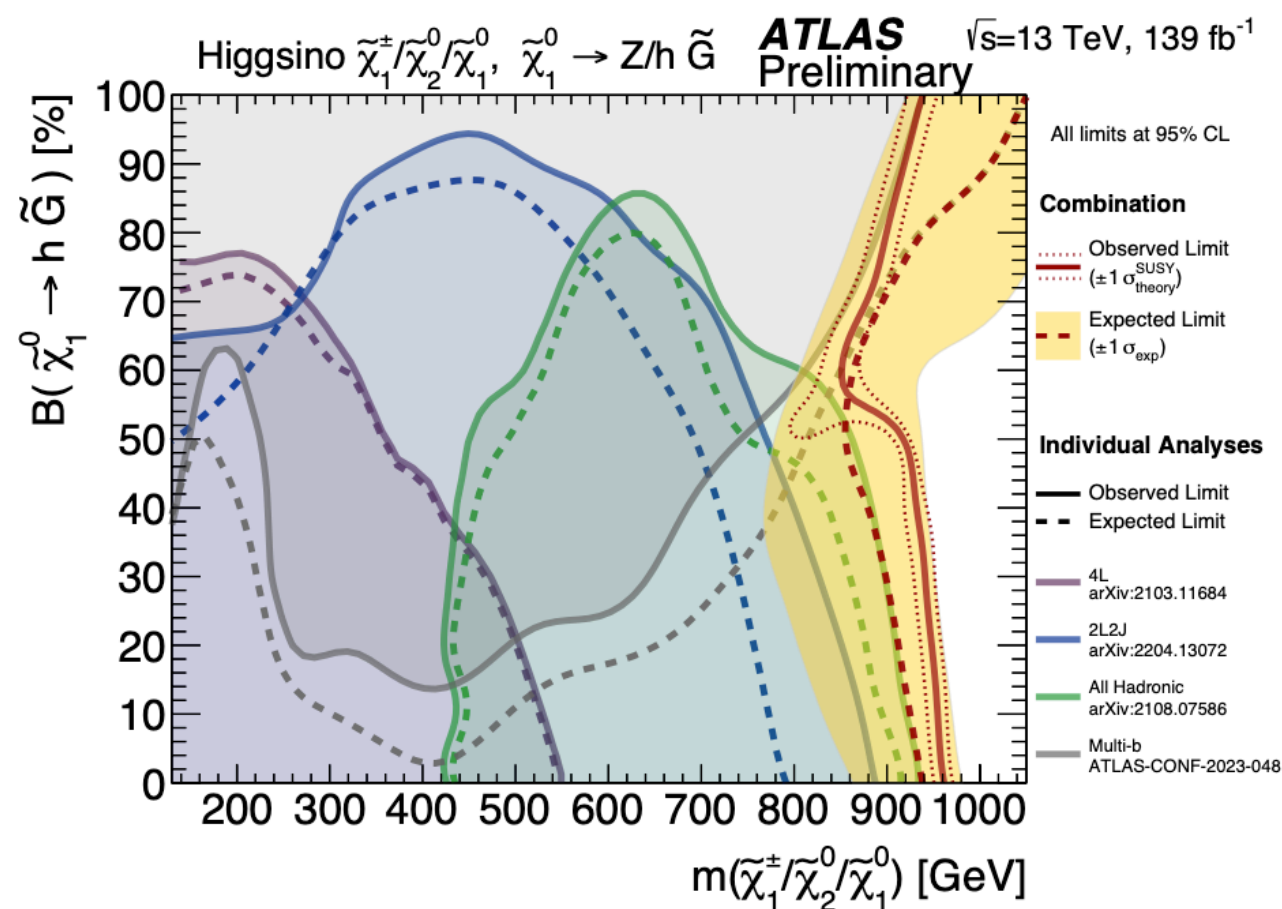
- Mass degenerate higgsino-like N2/N3/C1 and Bino-like N1 as LSP; decay via W/H
- Only interpreted in CMS; weaker limits (~200-800 GeV For low LSP) than wino-bino



Higgsino model

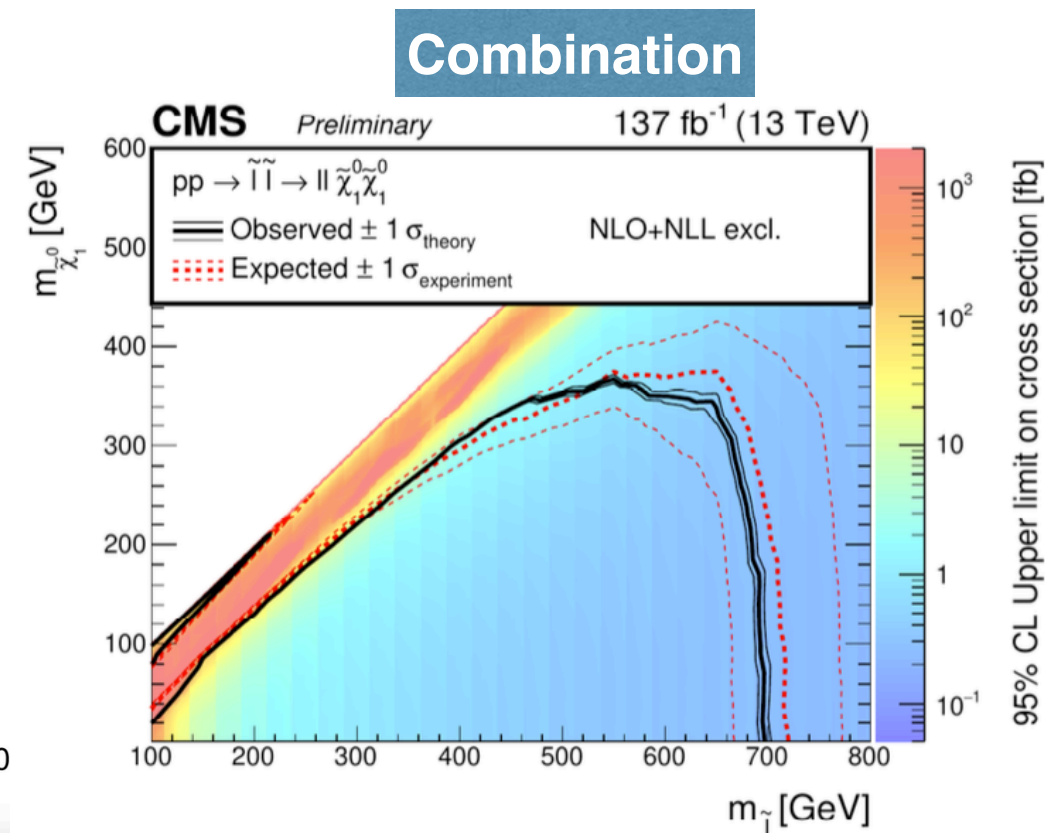
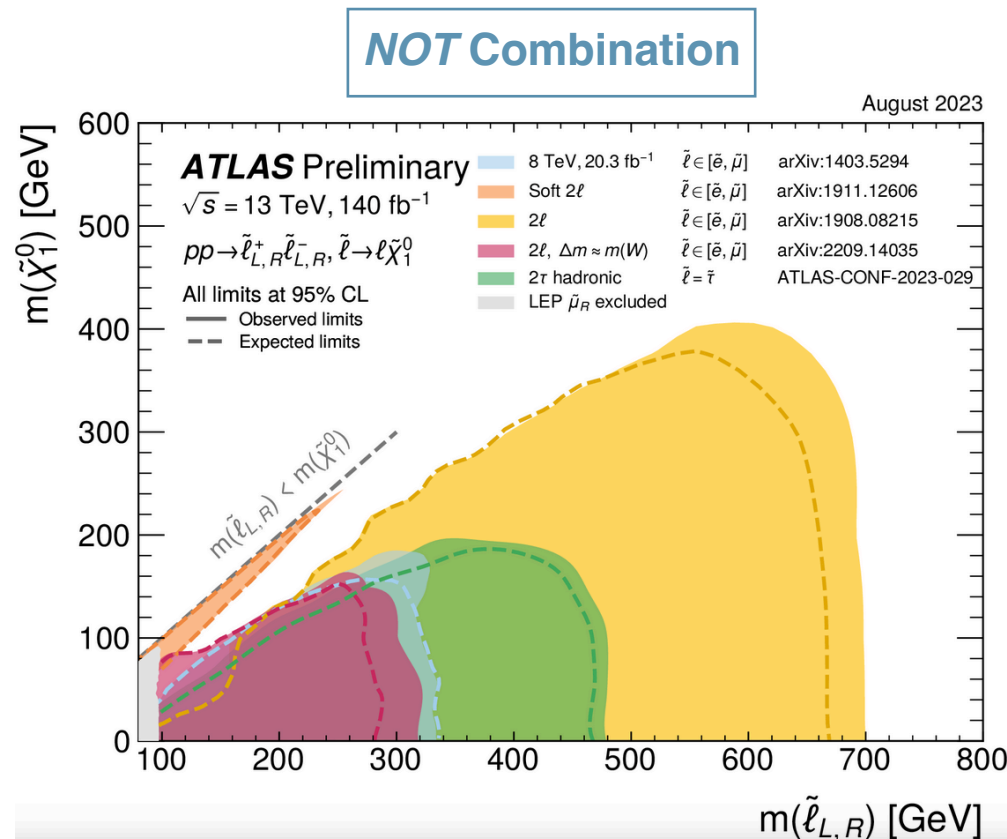
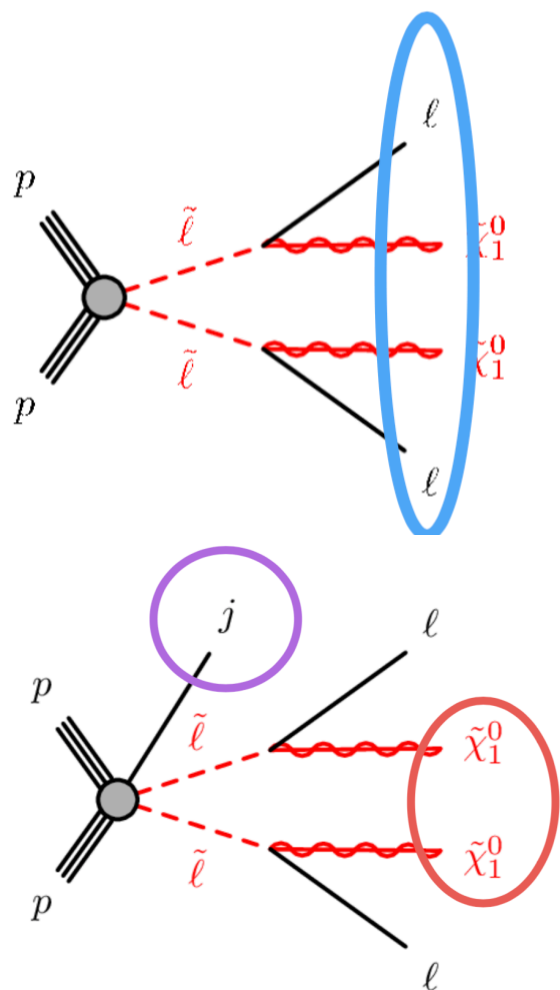


- **GGM: Higgsino-like NLSP; Gravitino as LSP; Decay via Z/H**



- For Higgs dominant decay mode, **multi-b** channel wins
- For Z dominant decay mode, multi-lepton(**3L/4L**) impacts most in low mass region; **allHad** improves high mass region \leftarrow better in ATLAS (~ 960 GeV) than in CMS (~ 840 GeV) as allHad is not considered in the latter case

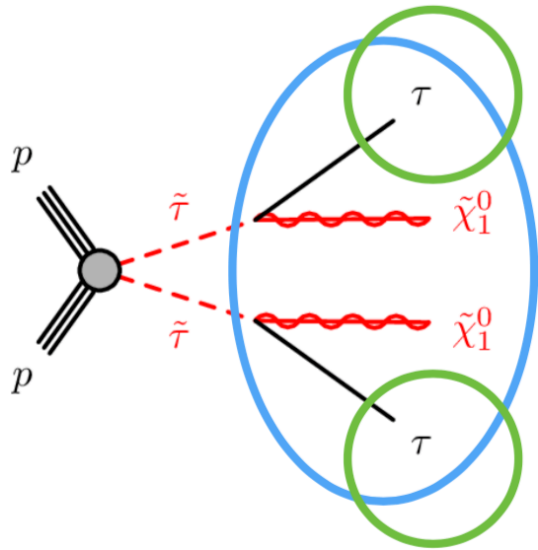
Slepton summary



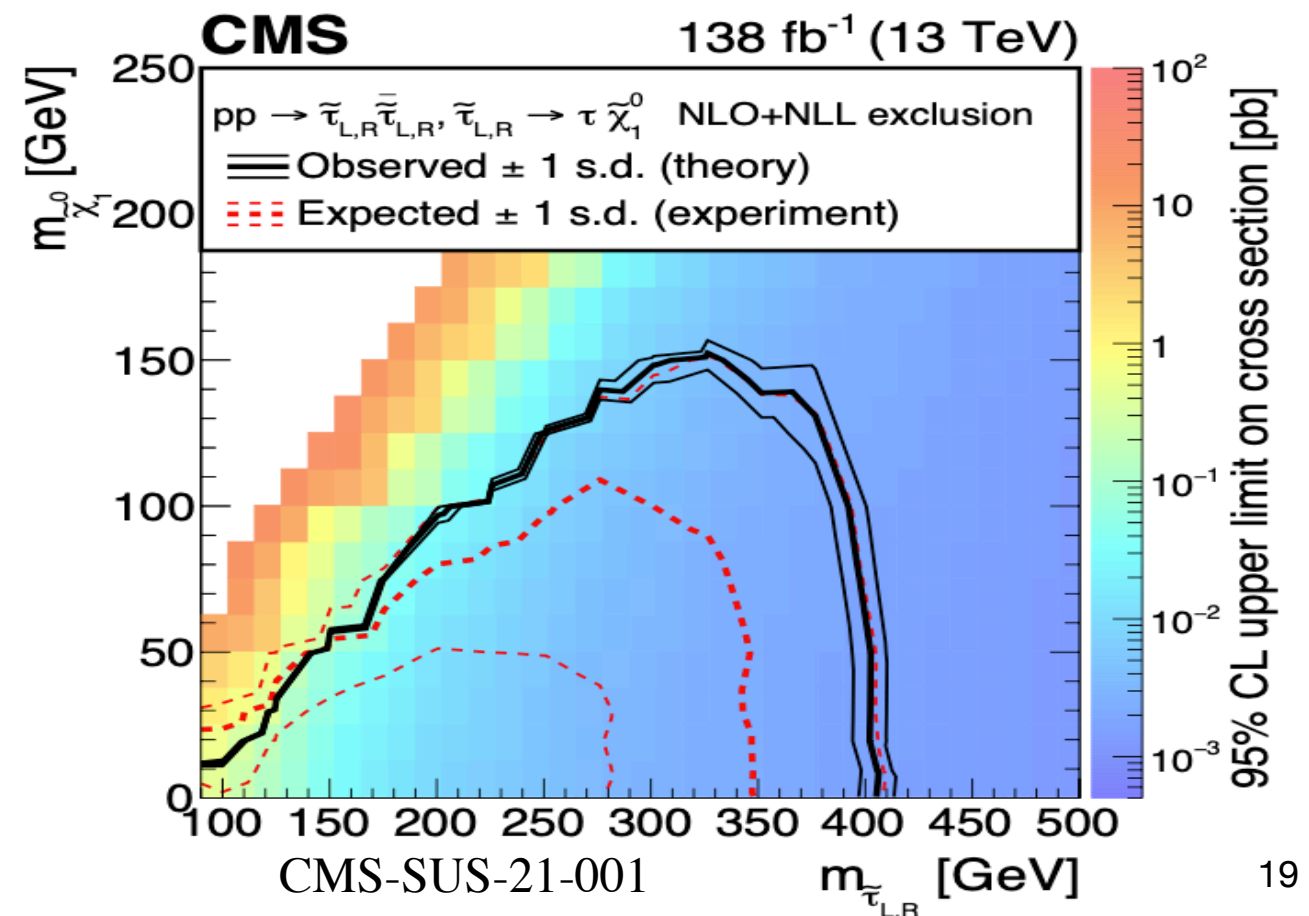
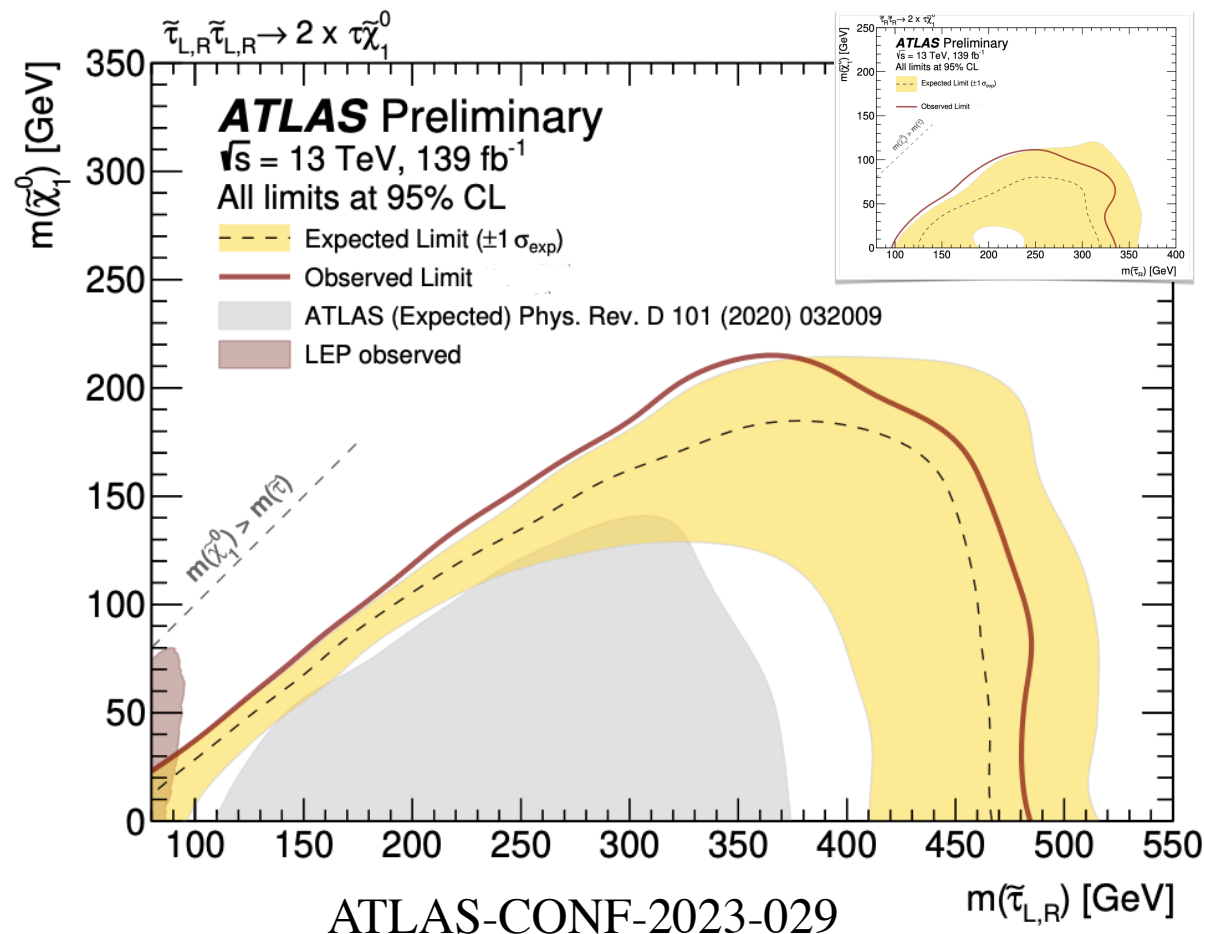
- Similar sensitivity reach in high mass; better coverage in diagonal region for ATLAS benefited from a new analysis targeting moderate mass splitting.

- Search 1: Final states with **2 hard e/μ** ($p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$) \rightarrow target **high** mass region up to $\sim 700 \text{ GeV}$!
- Search 2: **Compressed** analysis — **2 soft e/μ** ($p_{T_e} > 4.5 \text{ GeV}$ and $p_{T_\mu} > 3 \text{ GeV}$) + **ISR-jet** \rightarrow target **small mass splitting** region!
- Search 3: ATLAS has released a new **2 moderate e/μ** analysis only targeting the **moderate mass splitting** region to cover the gap!

Stau summary



- **New limit on stau from ATLAS: Search for two hadronic tau final state!**
 - Large improvement in both small mass splitting and high mass region: masses up to 480 GeV are excluded for massless $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$.
 - The first sensitivity to $\tau_{\tilde{R}}$ pair production scenarios.
 - Four BDTs are trained targeting different masses.



pMSSM — NEW!

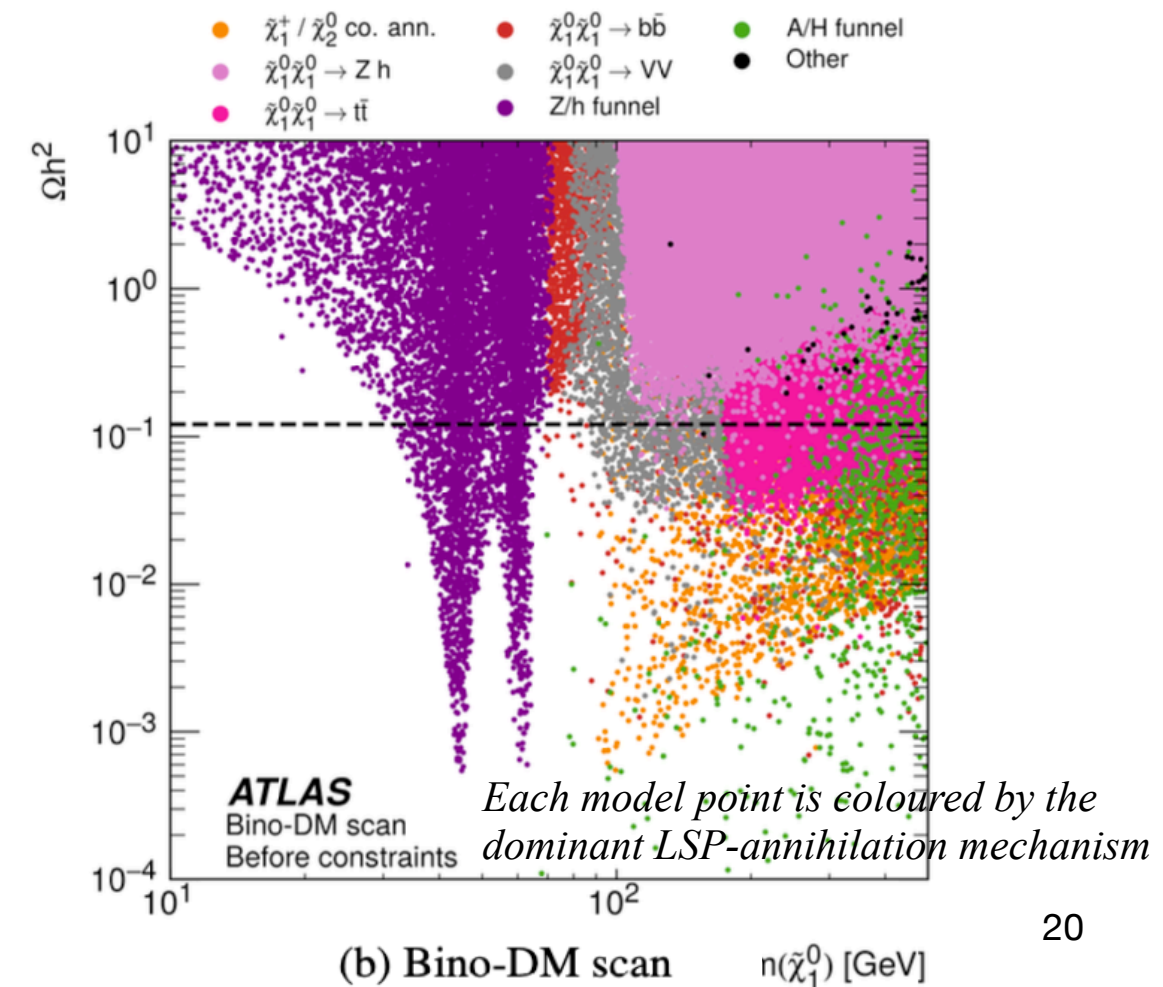
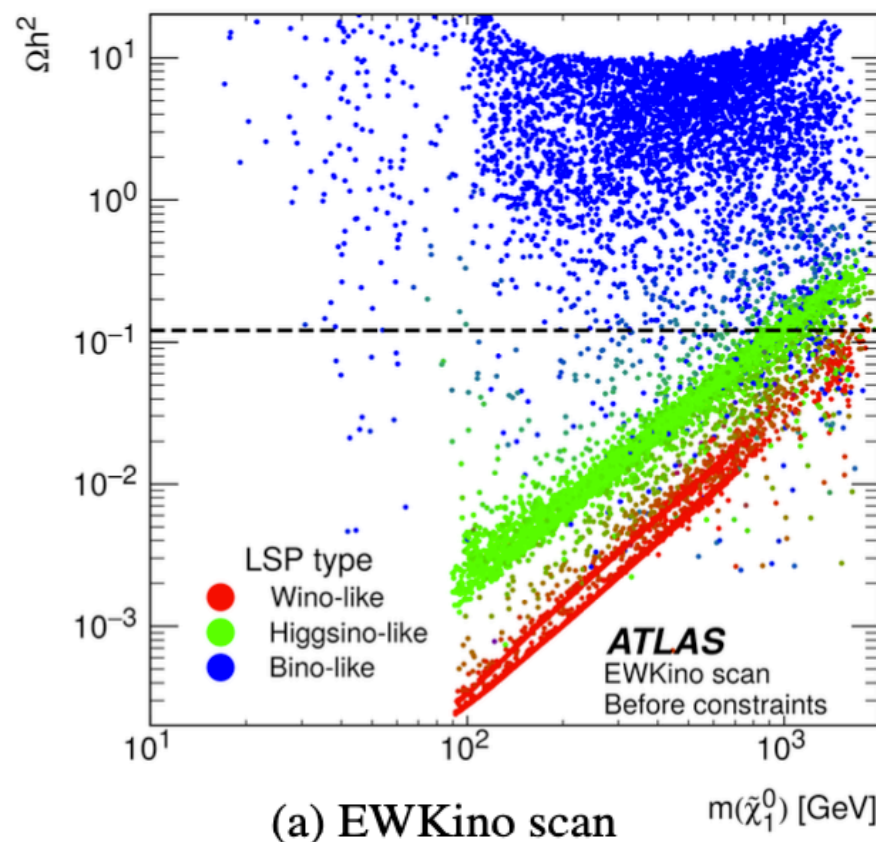
ATLAS-CONF-2023-055

Analysis considered

FullHad [24]
1Lbb [15]
2L0J [19]
2L2J [25]
3L [23]
4L [22]
Compressed [20]
Disappearing-track [27]

pMSSM Parameter
tan β
 M_A
 μ
 M_1, M_2, M_3
 A_t, A_b, A_τ
 $M_{\tilde{q}}, M_{\tilde{u}_R}, M_{\tilde{d}_R}, M_{\tilde{l}}, M_{\tilde{e}_R}$
 $M_{\tilde{Q}}, M_{\tilde{t}_R}, M_{\tilde{b}_R}, M_{\tilde{\tau}_R}$

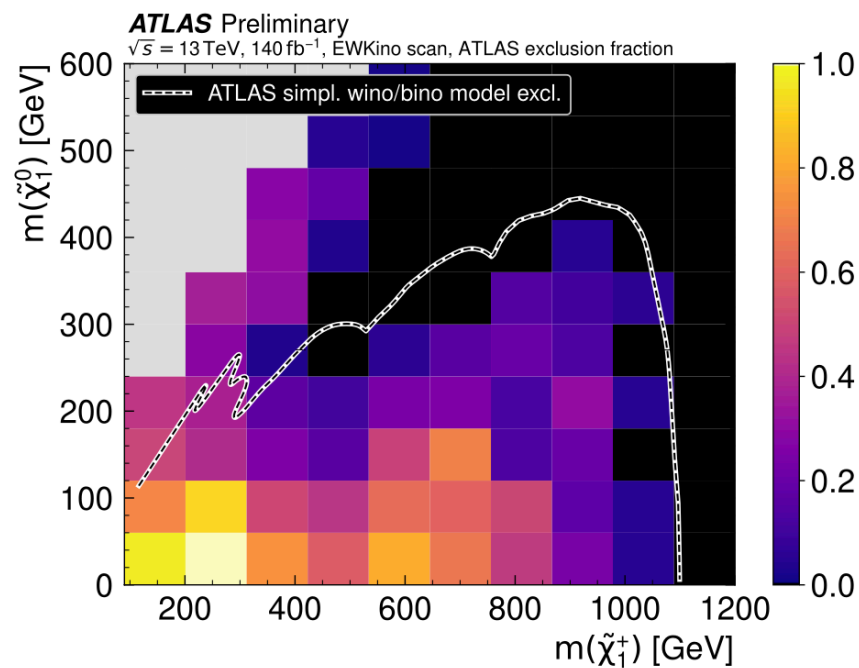
- Previous discussions rely on the *Simplified models*, here we want to discuss *pMSSM*!
- Interpretation in a phenomenological MSSM in a 19-dimensional parameter space
 - **EWKino scan**: general EWK production
 - Bino-like LSP mostly not survive DM relic density constraint
 - **Bino-DM scan**: allow enough stats. of bino-like LSP models ($M_1 < 500\text{GeV}$) even with DM constraint
 - Interesting area: “Z/h funnel” & $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm/\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ co-annihilation



pMSSM

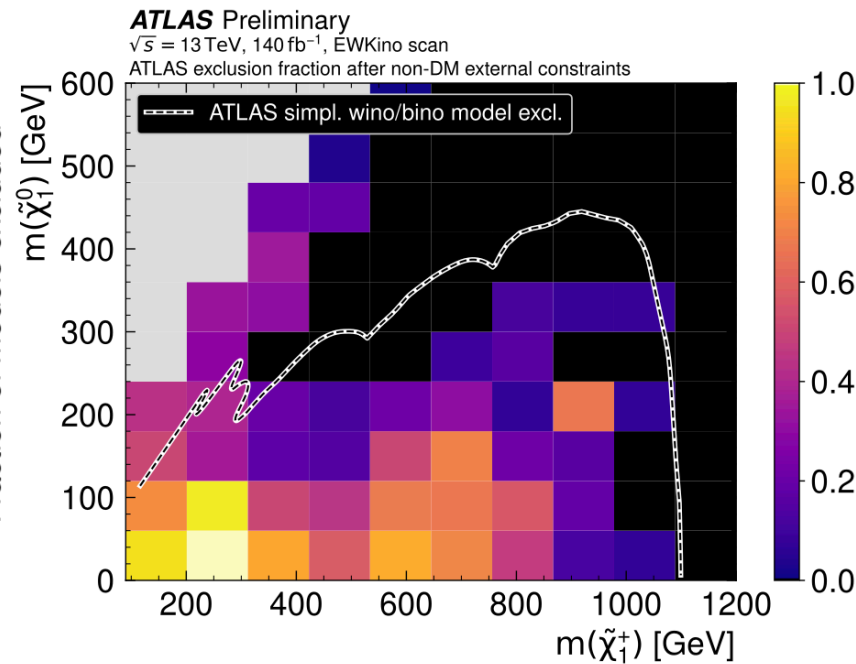
EWKino scan

- The fraction of models excluded by the ATLAS Run 2 electroweak searches
- Plots are overlaid with a contour indicating the exclusion for relevant simplified models



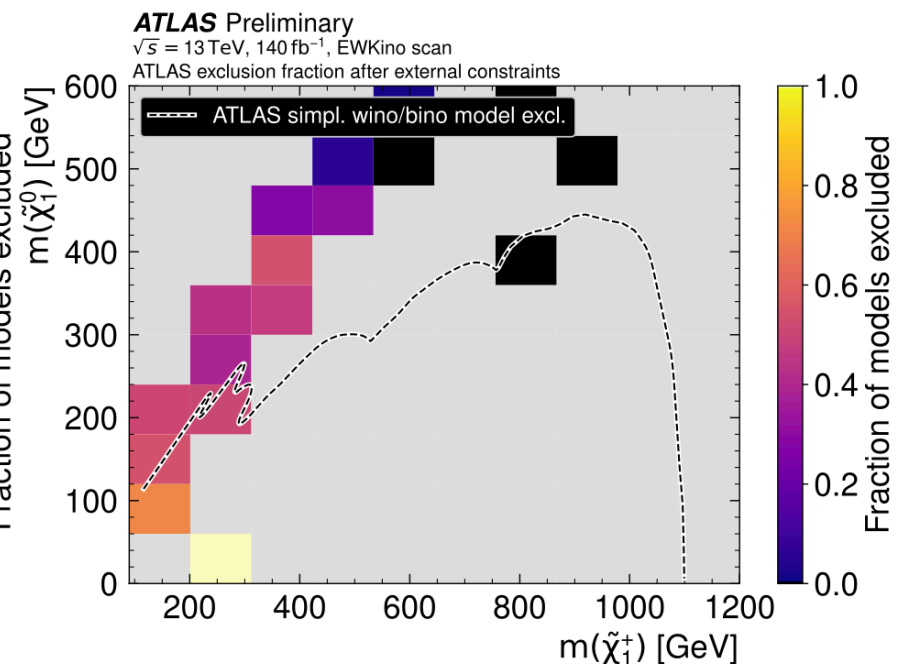
(a) All models

No external constraints



(c) Models passing non-DM external constraints

flavour, precision EWK constraints



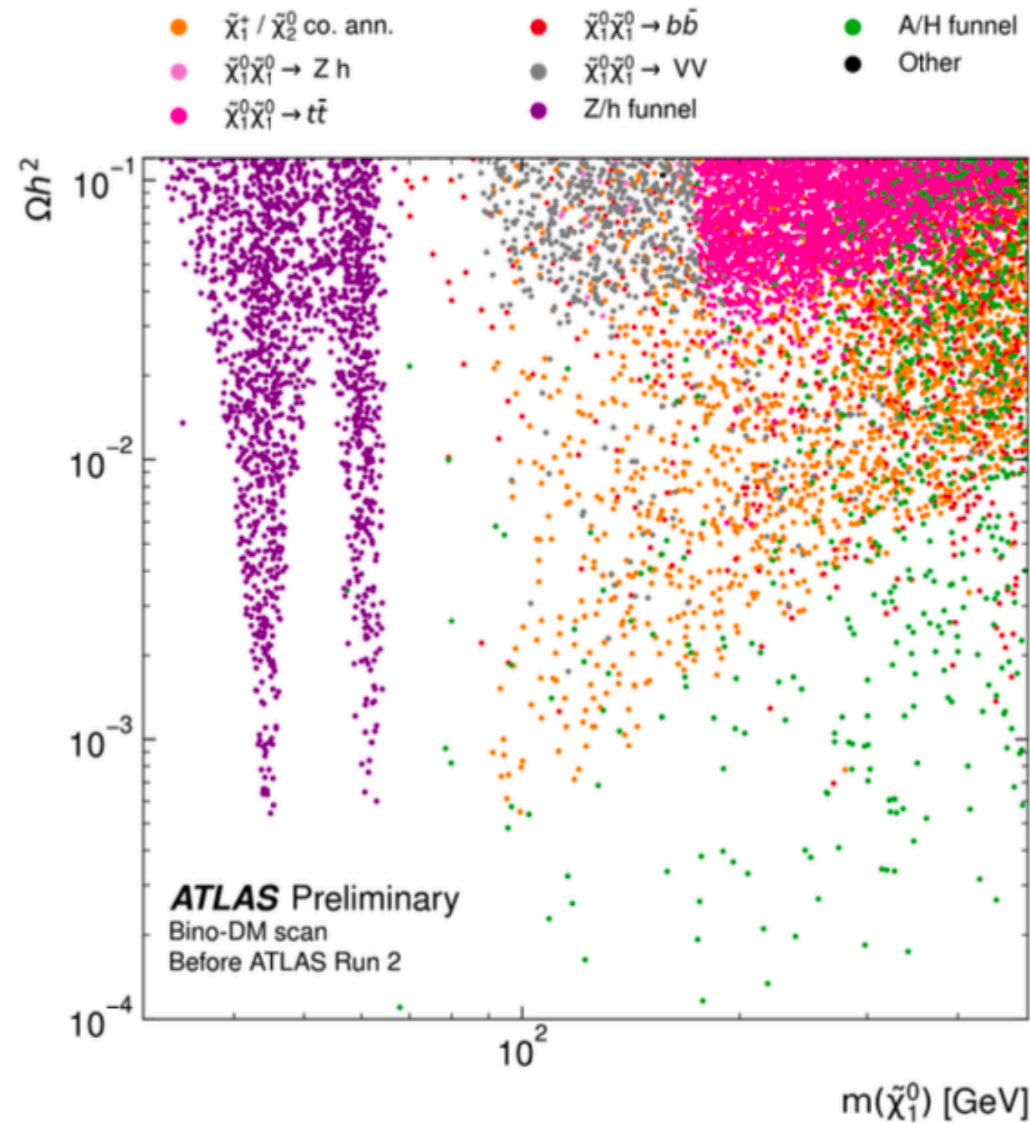
(e) Models passing all external constraints

flavour, precision EWK & DM constraints

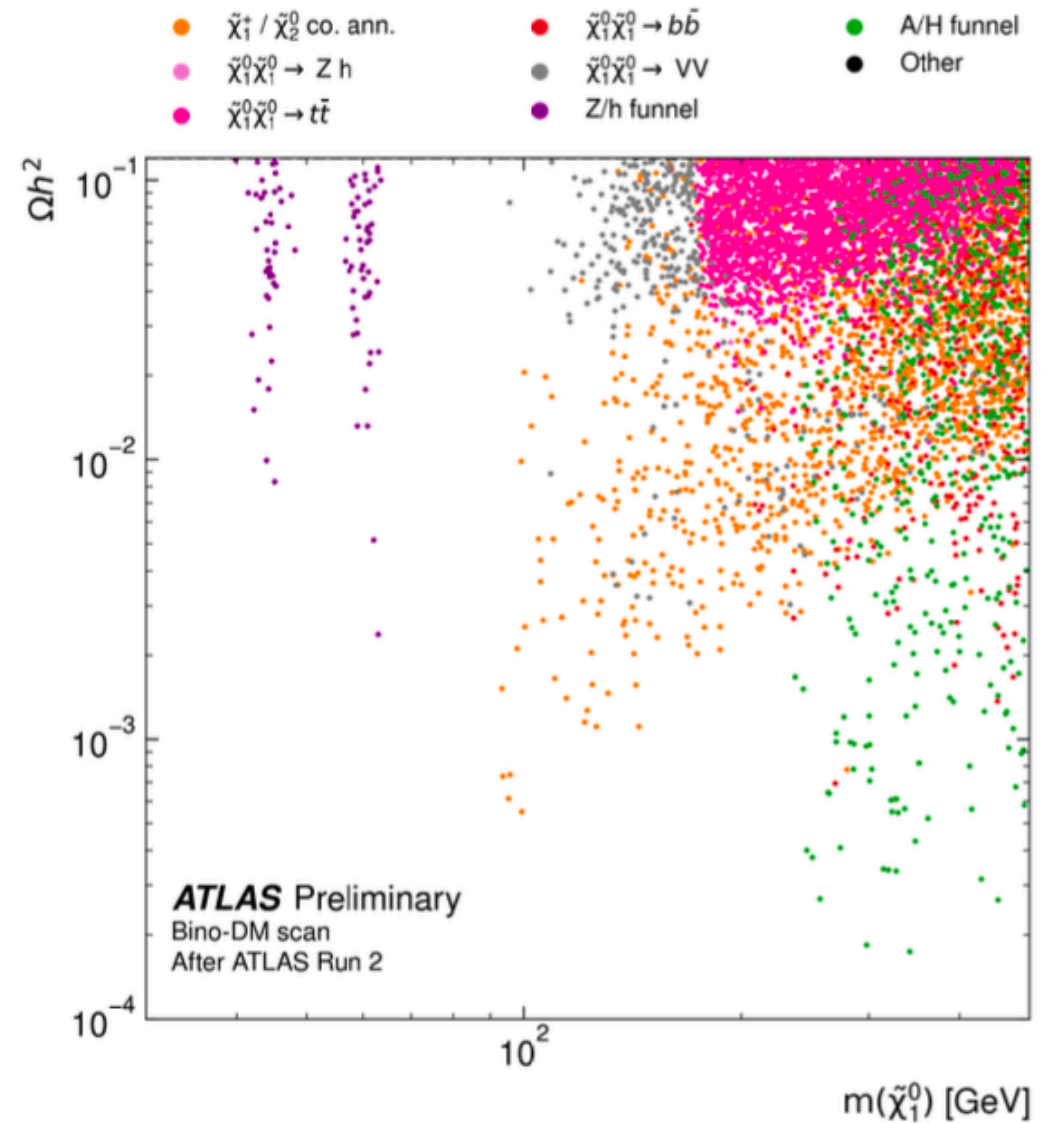
- Most of the excluded models are inside the simplified model contour
- Although most inside contour models can be removed by the external constraints due to the DM relic density requirement which suppresses bino-LSP models
- A majority of the remaining models lying in the diagonal with small mass splittings

pMSSM

Bino-DM scan



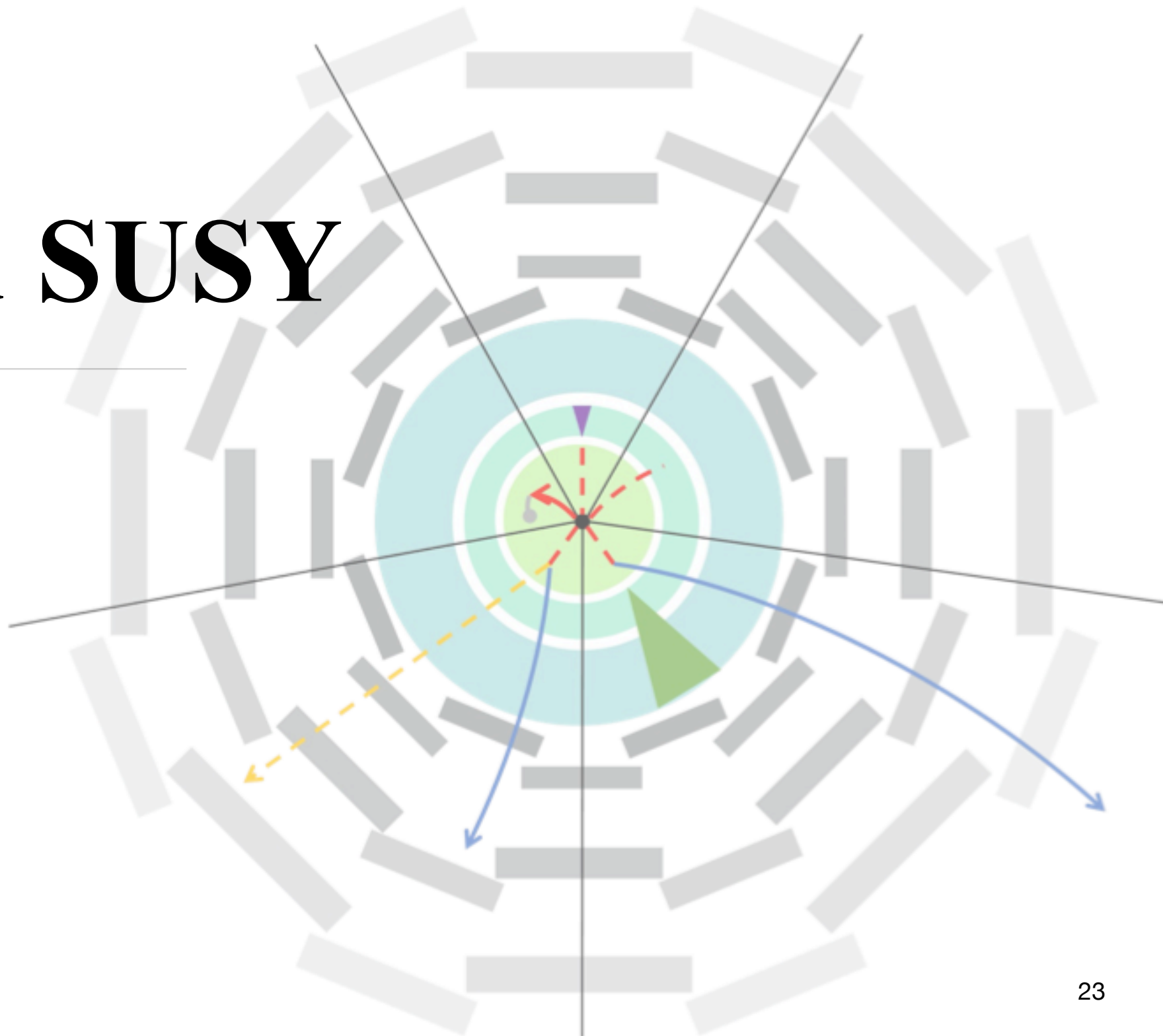
(a) All models



(b) Models not excluded by ATLAS

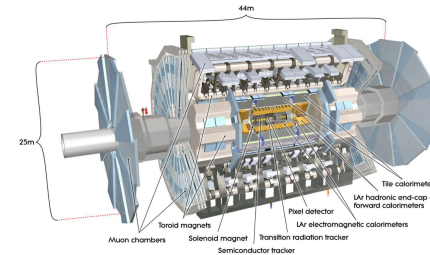
- The Z/h funnel regions are almost entirely excluded by ATLAS
- Models with $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm / \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ co-annihilation are still viable

Long-lived SUSY



Why search for long lived particles?

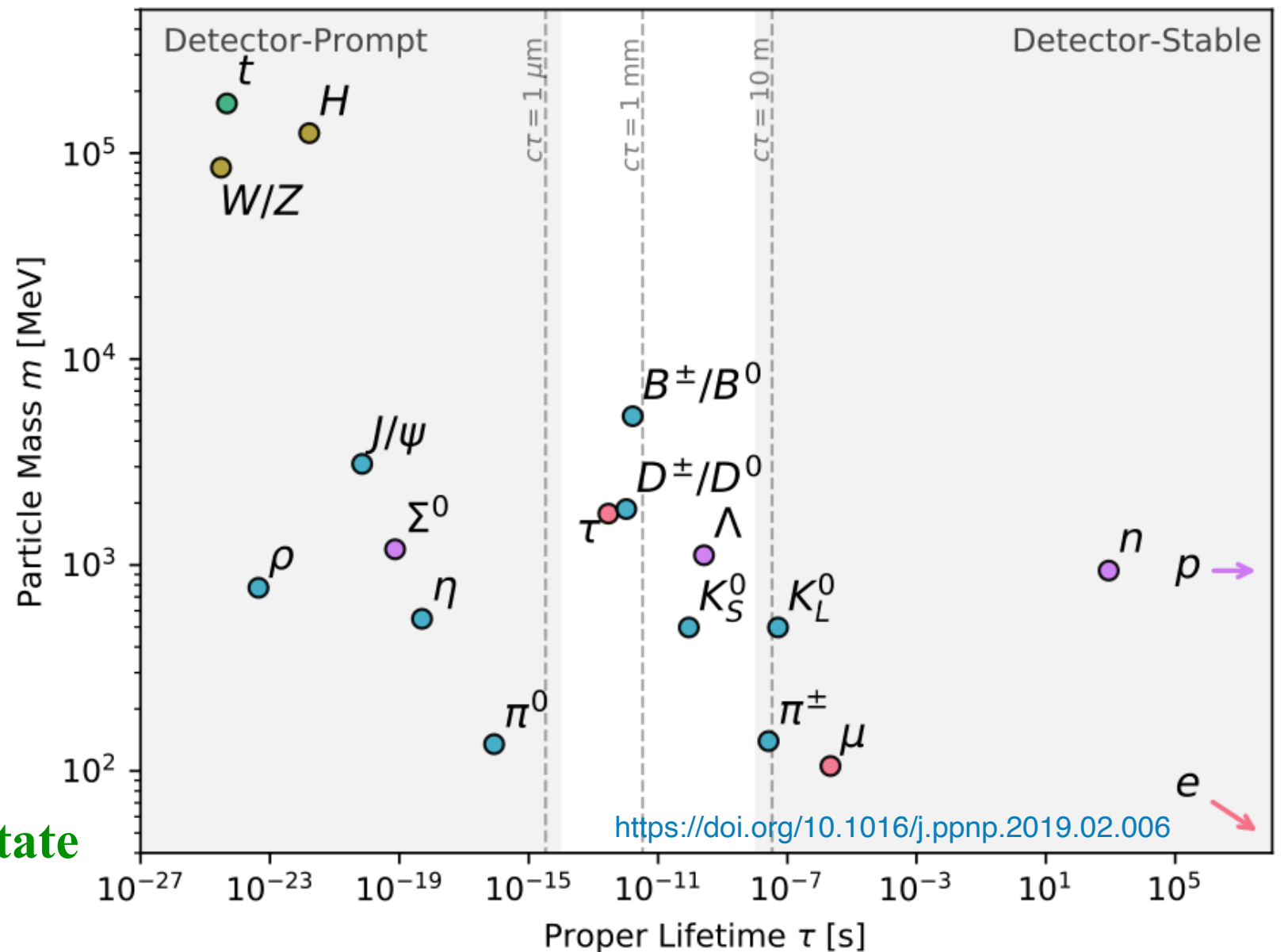
Many SM particles are long-lived!

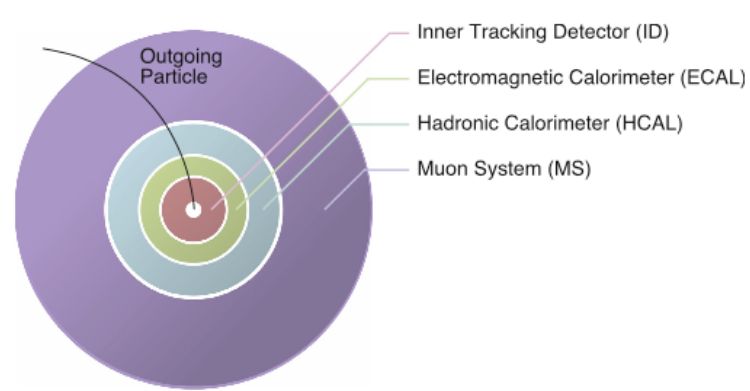


Decay suppression also plays in a variety of BSM scenarios.

LLP model essentials

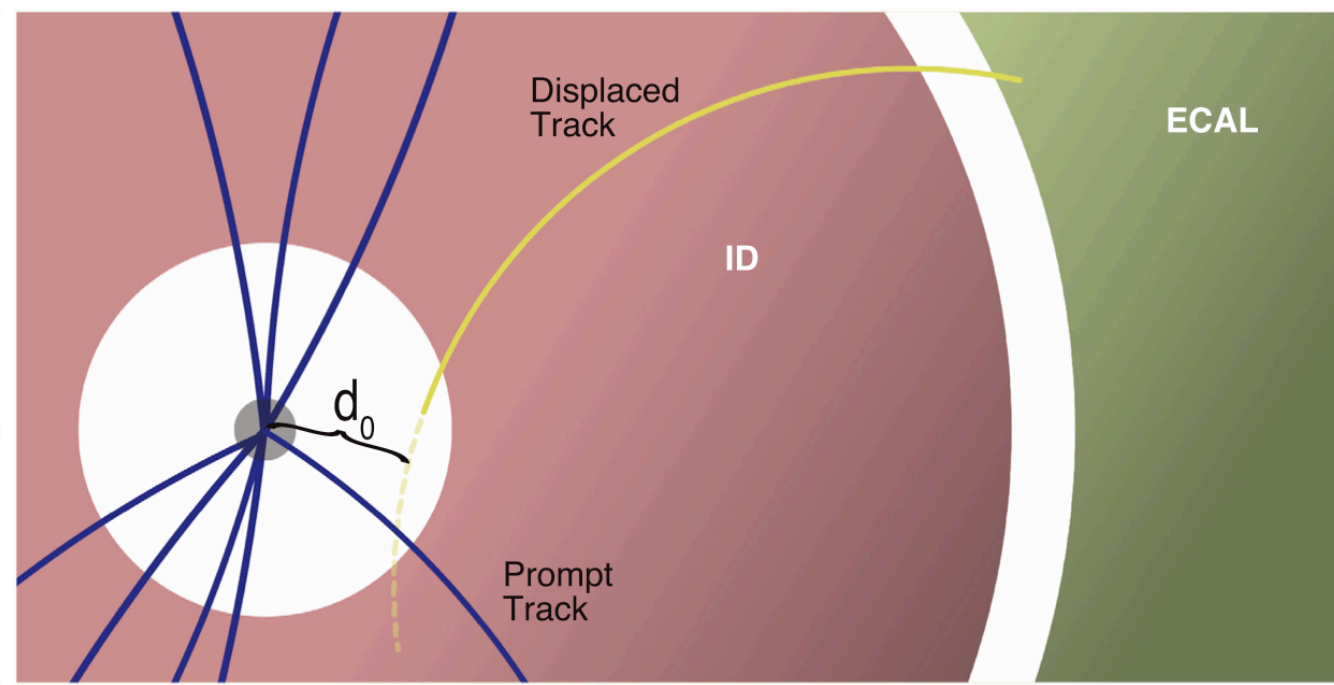
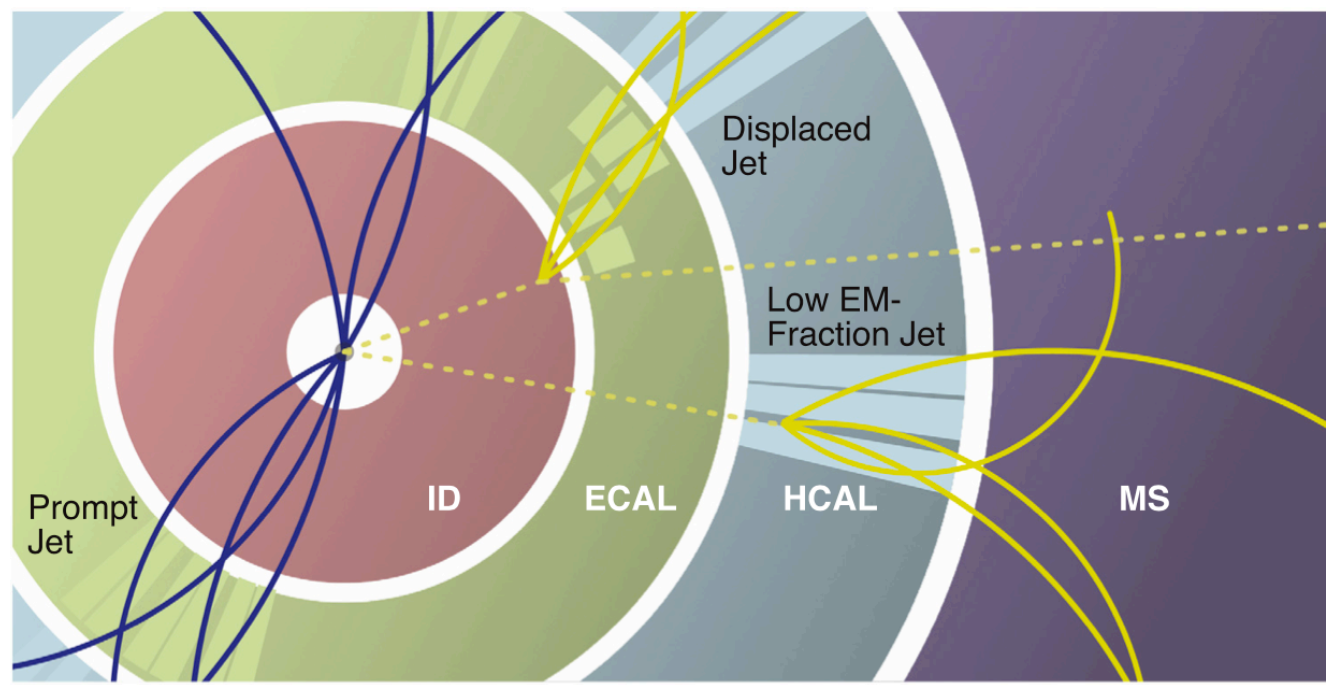
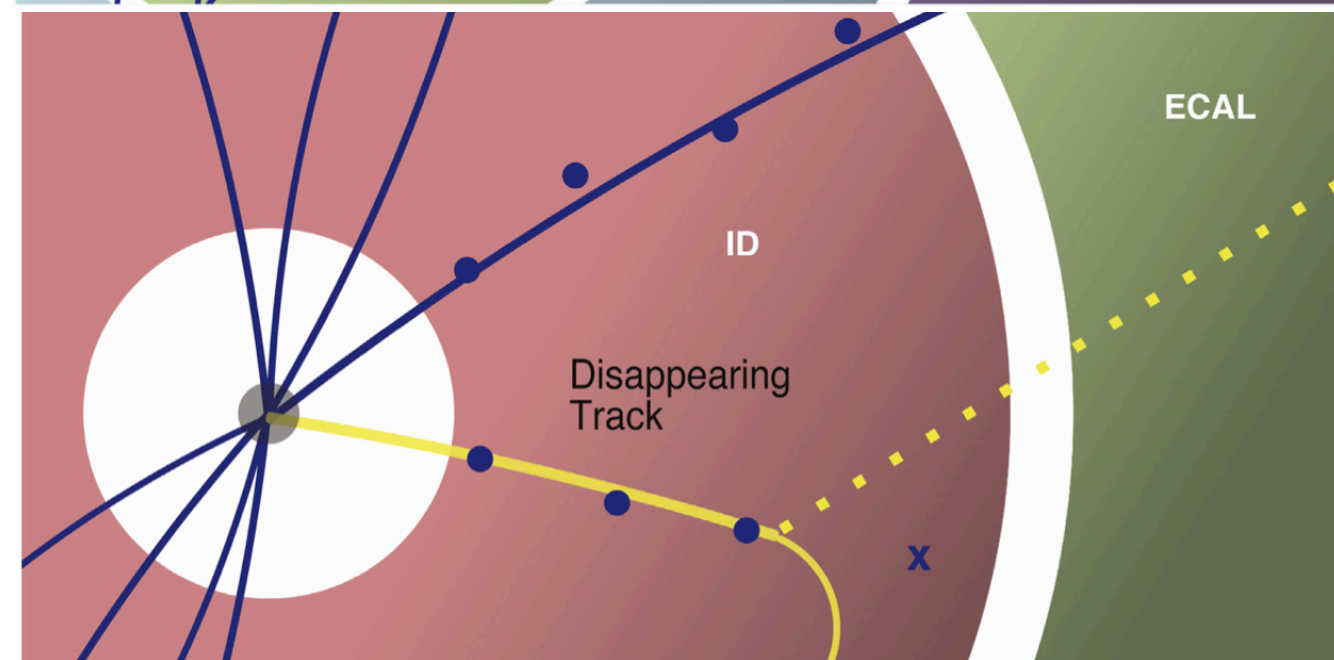
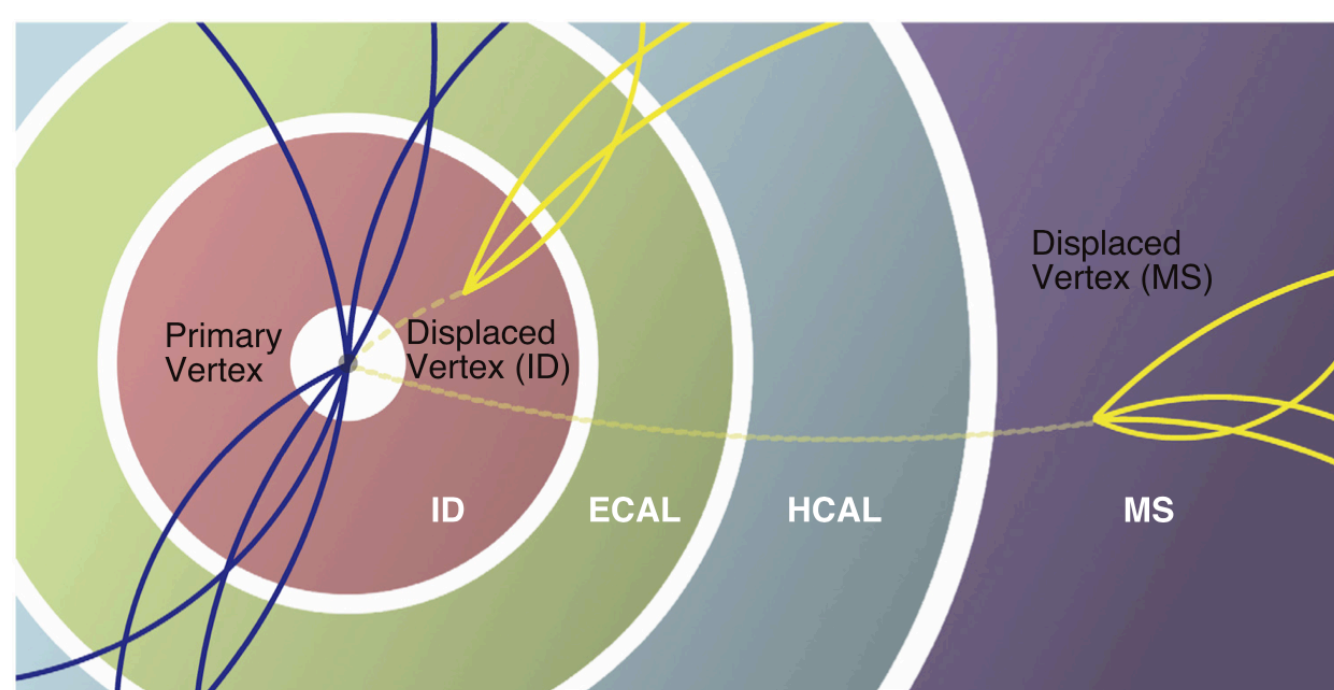
- * (nearly) mass-degenerate
- * small couplings
- * highly virtual intermediate state





Detector signature

- Anomalous Ionization
- Delayed Detector Signals
- Disappearing Tracks
- Displaced Tracks
- Displaced Vertices
- ...

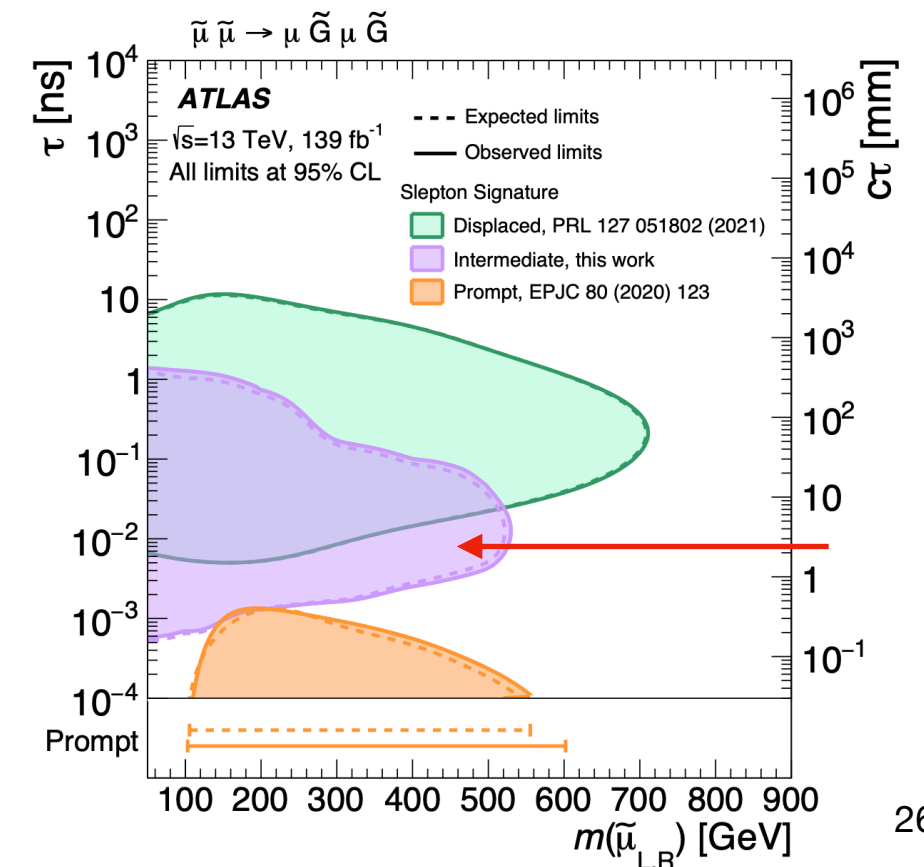
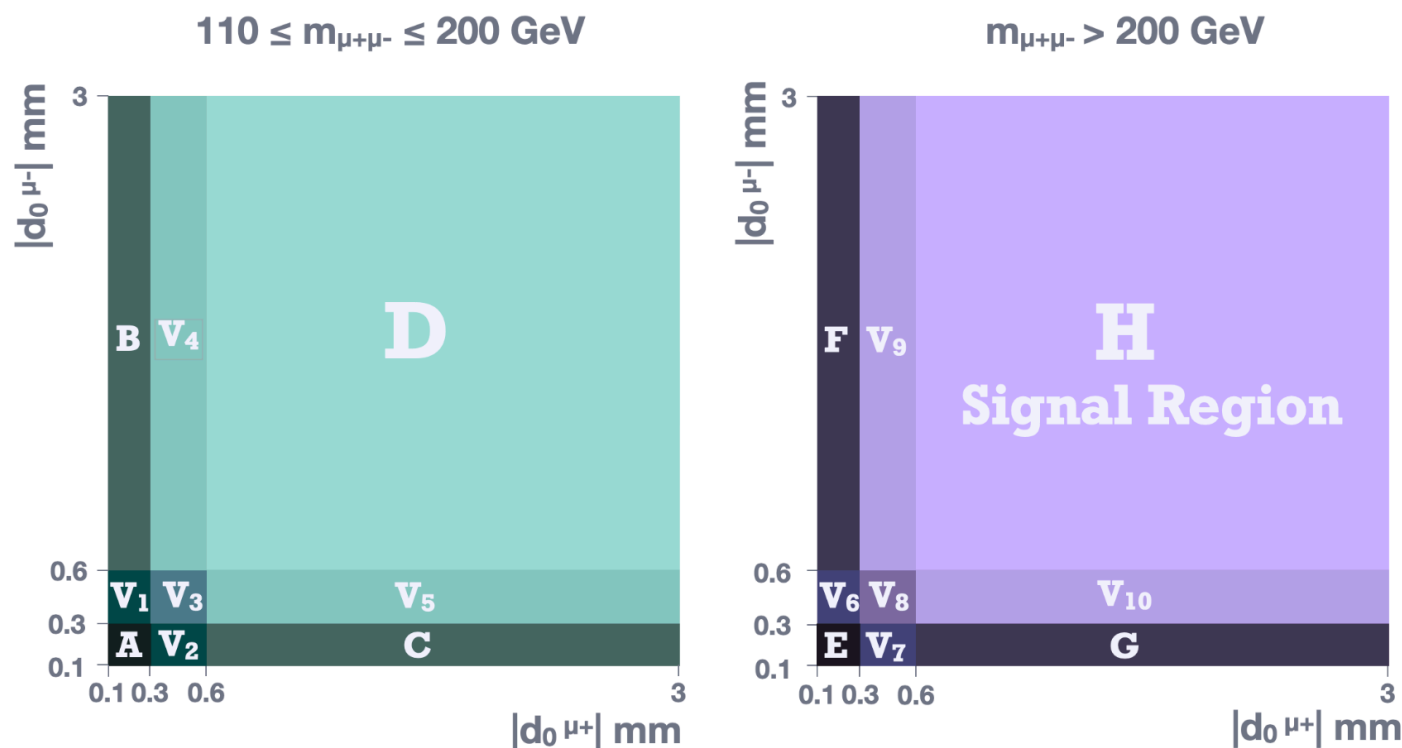
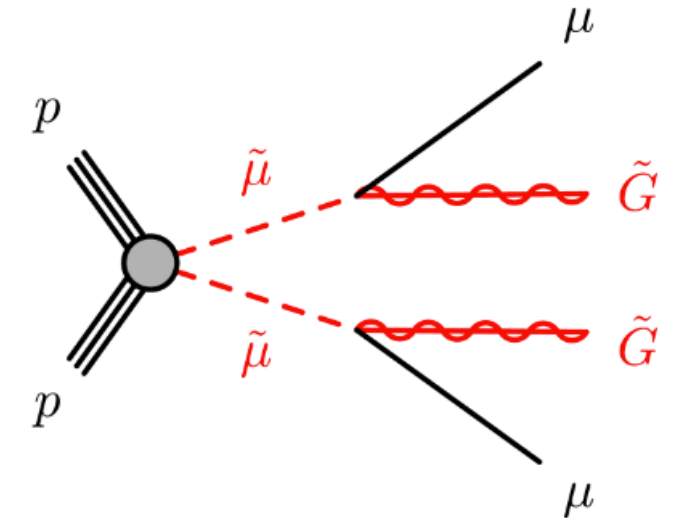


Micro-displaced muons

arXiv: 2305.02005

Pair produced smuons that live for short life time before decay to $\mu + \text{Gravitino}$.

- Muon with impact parameters in the *millimetre* range, targeting the **medium displacement** leptons: complementary to previous searches of large displacement and prompt smuons
- $bb \rightarrow \mu\mu$ is the dominant background, estimated with an extended ABCD data-driven method
- Smuon masses up to **520 GeV** are excluded for a proper lifetime of **10 ps**

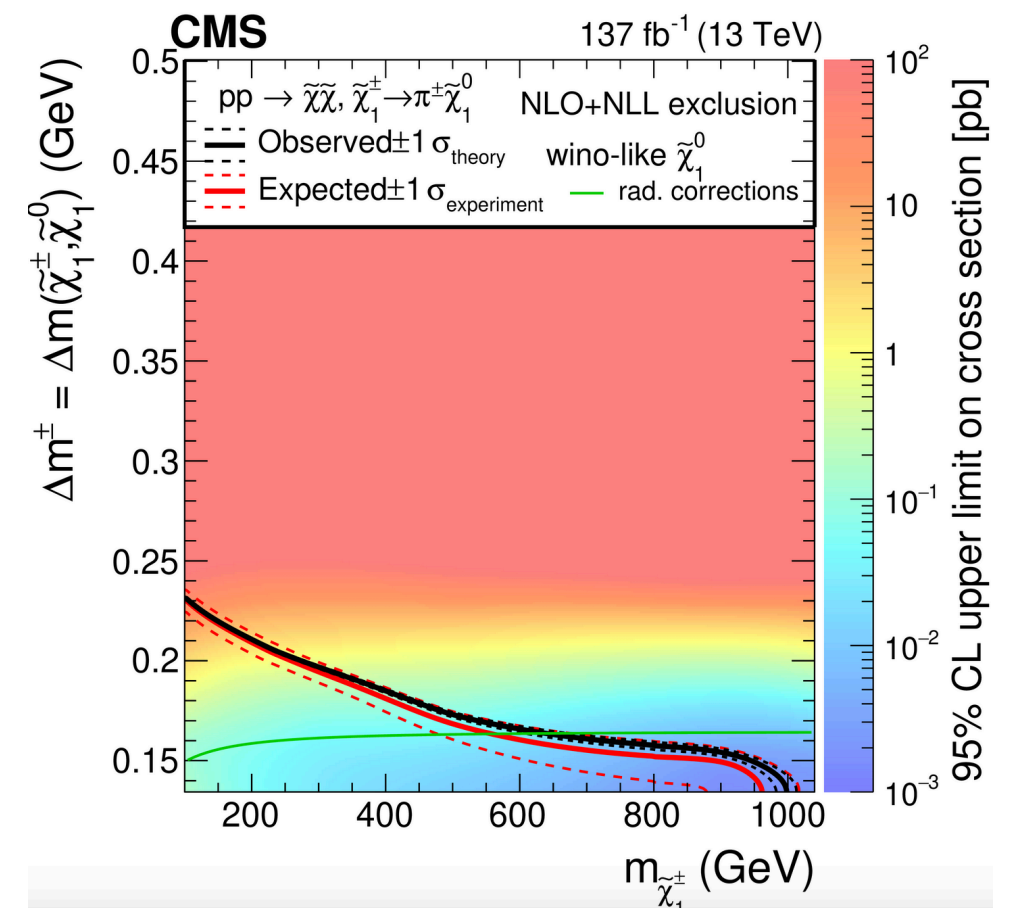
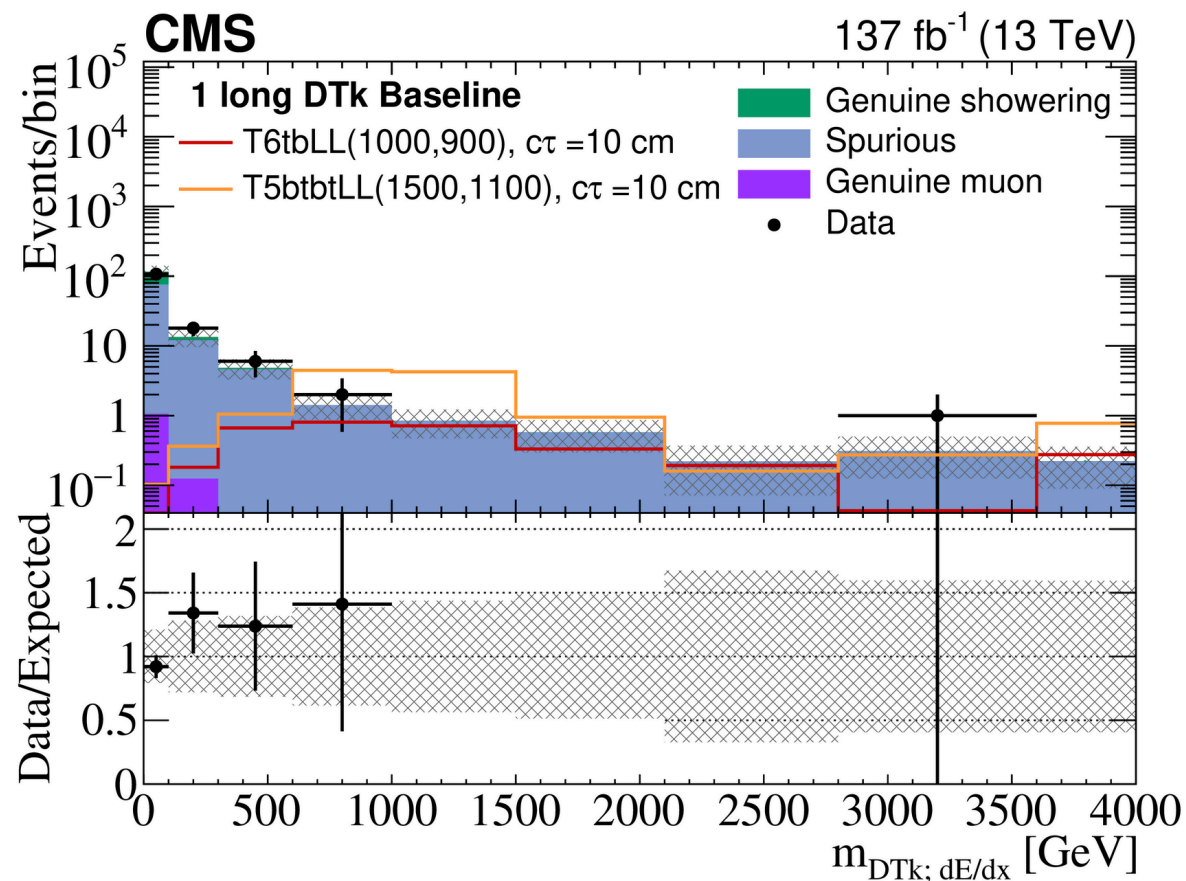
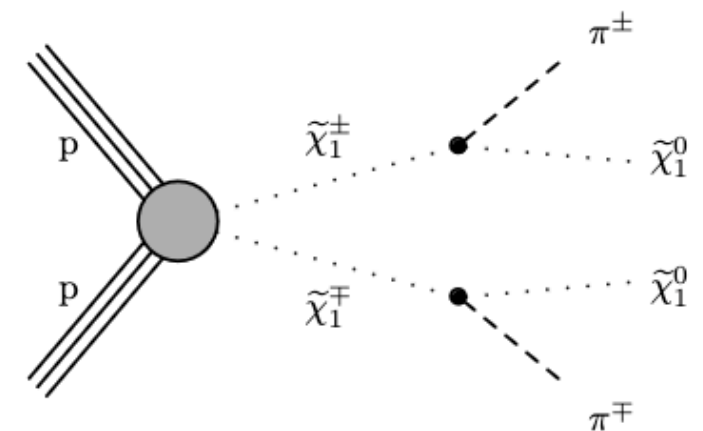


Disappearing track

CMS-SUS-21-006

Search for charged, long-lived SUSY particles with one or more disappearing tracks.

- For a pure wino-like or higgsino-like LSP, its chargino partner is nearly degenerate in mass.
- The dE/dx ionization energy loss in pixel for candidate tracks is sensitivity to charginos with a large mass.
- Similar study from ATLAS in [*Eur. Phys. J. C* 82 \(2022\) 606](#).



ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

August 2023

ATLAS Preliminary

$\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

Model		Signature		$\int \mathcal{L} dt$ [fb ⁻¹]	Mass limit		Reference		
Inclusive Searches	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0 e, μ	2-6 jets	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{q} [1x, 8x Degen.] 1.0 1.85	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 400$ GeV	2010.14293	
	mono-jet	1-3 jets	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{q} [8x Degen.] 0.9	$m(\tilde{q}) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 5$ GeV	2102.10874		
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0 e, μ	2-6 jets	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{g} 2.3	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0$ GeV	2010.14293	
					\tilde{g} Forbidden 1.15-1.95	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 1000$ GeV	2010.14293		
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}W\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	2-6 jets	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{g} 2.2	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 600$ GeV	2101.01629	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}(\ell\ell)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$ee, \mu\mu$	2 jets	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{g} 2.2	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 700$ GeV	2204.13072	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}WZ\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0 e, μ	7-11 jets	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{g} 1.97	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 600$ GeV	2008.06032	
	SS e, μ	6 jets	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{g} 1.15	$m(\tilde{g}) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 200$ GeV	2307.01094		
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{g} 2.45	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 500$ GeV	2211.08028		
SS e, μ	6 jets	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{g} 1.25	$m(\tilde{g}) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 300$ GeV	1909.08457			
3 rd gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1$	0 e, μ	2 b	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{b}_1 1.255	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 400$ GeV	2101.12527	
					\tilde{b}_1 0.68	10 GeV < $\Delta m(\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 20$ GeV	2101.12527		
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow bh\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0 e, μ	6 b	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{b}_1 Forbidden 0.23-1.35	$\Delta m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 130$ GeV, $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100$ GeV	1908.03122	
	2 τ	2 b	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{b}_1 0.13-0.85	$\Delta m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 130$ GeV, $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0$ GeV	2103.08189		
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	≥ 1 jet	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{t}_1 1.25	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 1$ GeV	2004.14060, 2012.03799	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	3 jets/1 b	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{t}_1 Forbidden 1.05	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 500$ GeV	2012.03799, ATLAS-CONF-2023-043	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 b\nu, \tilde{\tau}_1 \rightarrow \tau\tilde{G}$	1-2 τ	2 jets/1 b	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{t}_1 Forbidden 1.4	$m(\tilde{\tau}_1) = 800$ GeV	2108.07665	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0 / \tilde{c}\tilde{c}, \tilde{c} \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0 e, μ	2 c	E_T^{miss}	36.1	\tilde{t}_1 0.85	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0$ GeV	1805.01649	
0 e, μ	mono-jet	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{t}_1 0.55	$m(\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{c}) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 5$ GeV	2102.10874			
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z/h\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1-2 e, μ	1-4 b	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{t}_1 0.067-1.18	$m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0) = 500$ GeV	2006.05880		
$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ	1 b	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{t}_2 Forbidden 0.86	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 360$ GeV, $m(\tilde{t}_1) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 40$ GeV	2006.05880		
EW direct	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ via WZ	Multiple ℓ /jets	$ee, \mu\mu$	≥ 1 jet	E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm/\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 0.96	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0$, wino-bino	2106.01676, 2108.07586
					$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm/\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 0.205	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 5$ GeV, wino-bino	1911.12606		
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ via WW	2 e, μ		E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 0.42	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0$, wino-bino	1908.08215	
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ via Wh	Multiple ℓ /jets		E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm/\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ Forbidden 1.06	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 70$ GeV, wino-bino	2004.10894, 2108.07586	
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ via $\tilde{\ell}_L/\tilde{\nu}$	2 e, μ		E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 1.0	$m(\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu}) = 0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) + m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$	1908.08215	
	$\tilde{\tau}^+\tilde{\tau}^-, \tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \tau\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 τ		E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\tau}$ [$\tilde{\tau}_R, \tilde{\tau}_{R,L}$] 0.34 0.48	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0$	ATLAS-CONF-2023-029	
	$\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}, \tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0 jets	E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\ell}$ 0.7	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 0$	1908.08215	
	$ee, \mu\mu$	≥ 1 jet	E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\ell}$ 0.26	$m(\tilde{\ell}) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 10$ GeV	1911.12606		
$\tilde{H}\tilde{H}, \tilde{H} \rightarrow h\tilde{G}/Z\tilde{G}$	0 e, μ	≥ 3 b	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{H} 0.94	$\text{BR}(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h\tilde{G}) = 1$	To appear		
4 e, μ	0 jets	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{H} 0.55	$\text{BR}(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z\tilde{G}) = 1$	2103.11684			
0 e, μ	≥ 2 large jets	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{H} 0.45-0.93	$\text{BR}(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z\tilde{G}) = 1$	2108.07586			
2 e, μ	≥ 2 jets	E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{H} 0.77	$\text{BR}(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z\tilde{G}) = \text{BR}(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h\tilde{G}) = 0.5$	2204.13072			
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 0.66	Pure Wino	2201.02472	
					$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 0.21	Pure higgsino	2201.02472		
	Stable \tilde{g} R-hadron	pixel dE/dx		E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{g} 2.05		2205.06013	
	Metastable \tilde{g} R-hadron, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	pixel dE/dx		E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{g} [$\tau(\tilde{g}) = 10$ ns] 2.2	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100$ GeV	2205.06013	
	$\tilde{\ell}\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell\tilde{G}$	Displ. lep		E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\mu}$ 0.7	$\tau(\tilde{\ell}) = 0.1$ ns	2011.07812	
					$\tilde{\tau}$ 0.34	$\tau(\tilde{\ell}) = 0.1$ ns	2011.07812		
	pixel dE/dx		E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\tau}$ 0.36	$\tau(\tilde{\tau}) = 10$ ns	2205.06013		
RPV	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm/\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow Z\ell\ell\ell$	3 e, μ		E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm/\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ [BR(Z τ)=1, BR(Z e)=1] 0.625 1.05	Pure Wino	2011.10543	
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm/\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow WW/Z\ell\ell\ell\nu\nu$	4 e, μ		E_T^{miss}	140	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm/\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ [$k_{33} \neq 0, k_{12k} \neq 0$] 0.95 1.55	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 200$ GeV	2103.11684	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow q\tilde{q}q$	≥ 8 jets		E_T^{miss}	140	\tilde{g} [$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 50$ GeV, 1250 GeV] 1.6 2.25	Large \mathcal{A}'_{112}	To appear	
	$\tilde{t}\tilde{t}, \tilde{t} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow tbs$	Multiple		36.1	\tilde{t} [$\mathcal{A}'_{323} = 2e-4, 1e-2$] 0.55 1.05	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 200$ GeV, bino-like	ATLAS-CONF-2018-003		
	$\tilde{t}\tilde{t}, \tilde{t} \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow bbs$	$\geq 4b$		140	\tilde{t} Forbidden 0.95	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) = 500$ GeV	2010.01015		
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	2 jets + 2 b		36.7	\tilde{t}_1 [qq, bs] 0.42 0.61		1710.07171		
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow q\ell$	2 e, μ	2 b	36.1	\tilde{t}_1 0.4-1.45	$\text{BR}(\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\ell/b\mu) > 20\%$	1710.05544		
	1 μ	DV	136	\tilde{t}_1 [1e-10 < $\mathcal{A}'_{234} < 1e-8, 3e-10 < \mathcal{A}'_{234} < 3e-9$] 1.0 1.6	$\text{BR}(\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow q\mu) = 100\%, \cos\theta_t = 1$	2003.11956			
$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm/\tilde{\chi}_2^0/\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_{1,2}^0 \rightarrow tbs, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow bbs$	1-2 e, μ	≥ 6 jets		$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 0.2-0.32	Pure higgsino	2106.09609			

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. Many of the limits are based on simplified models, c.f. refs. for the assumptions made.

10⁻¹

1

Mass scale [TeV]

Summary

- * A broad overview on the SUSY searches in LHC is presented with full Run2 data analyzed, including the most interesting results from EWK combination and pMSSM interpretations.**
- * No discovery yet, the limits are probed in new/challenge scenarios, with various novel techniques developed.**
- * Early Run3 analysis is starting up... looking forward.**
- * For your interest, please visit: [ATLAS Publication Web](#) and [CMS Publication Web](#).**

Extra slides
