# Signal modeling study for Higgs boson decay to a Z boson and a photon Analysis

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# Signal modeling in H to Zy Analysis

The signal mass distribution for the Higgs boson decay into  $Z\gamma$  is well modelled by a double-sided Crystal Ball (DSCB) function (a Gaussian function with power-law tails on both sides).

The peak position and width of the Gaussian component are represented by  $\mu_{CB}$  and  $\sigma_{CB}$ , respectively.



- name Name that identifies the PDF in computations.
- title Title for plotting.
- x The variable of the PDF.
- x0 Location parameter of the Gaussian component.
- sigmaLR Width parameter of the Gaussian component.
- alphaL Location of transition to a power law on the left, in standard deviations away from the mean.
- nL Exponent of power-law tail on the left.
- alphaR Location of transition to a power law on the right, in standard deviations away from the mean.
- **nR** Exponent of power-law tail on the right.

PDF implementing the generalized Asymmetrical Double-Sided Crystall Ball line shape.

$$f(m;m_0,\sigma,lpha_L,n_L,lpha_R,n_R) = egin{cases} A_L \cdot (B_L - rac{m-m_0}{\sigma_L})^{-n_L}, & ext{for } rac{m-m_0}{\sigma_L} < -lpha_L \ \exp\left(-rac{1}{2} \cdot \left[rac{m-m_0}{\sigma_L}
ight]^2
ight), & ext{for } rac{m-m_0}{\sigma_L} \leq 0 \ \exp\left(-rac{1}{2} \cdot \left[rac{m-m_0}{\sigma_R}
ight]^2
ight), & ext{for } rac{m-m_0}{\sigma_R} \leq lpha_R \ A_R \cdot (B_R + rac{m-m_0}{\sigma_R})^{-n_R}, & ext{otherwise}, \end{cases}$$

times some normalization factor, where

 $egin{aligned} A_i &= \left(rac{n_i}{|lpha_i|}
ight)^{n_i} \cdot \exp\left(-rac{|lpha_i|^2}{2}
ight) \ B_i &= rac{n_i}{|lpha_i|} - |lpha_i| \end{aligned}$ 

Definition at line 13 of file RooCrystalBall.h.

### Signal modeling process in HGamCore Framework

SignalFunctionalForm: # The input file	DoubleCB
ResonanceMass:	
InputFile:	/eos/home-l/liuk/ZgammaAnalysis/run/hist-sample.root
MCtype: mc21a	
<pre># Name of the sample (e.g.</pre>	"ggH", "VBF", or "SM"). Doesn't affect running
SampleName:	ggH
<pre># The analysis luminosity,</pre>	in pb-1, for normalization of the sample:
Luminosities:	3200
MassBranchUnits:	GeV
VariableBins:	0.0 10000000.
CategoryNames:	Inclusive
<pre>#DefinedParams:</pre>	muCBNom sigmaCBNom alphaCB nCB alphaCBLo nCBLo alphaCBHi alphaCBHi nCBHi sigmaG
A fracCB	
DefinedParams:	alphaCBLo
Param_alphaCBLo:	[1.0, 0.1, 5.0]
Param_alphaCBHi:	[1.0, 0.1, 5.0]

#### Signal modeling is performed by HGamCore/HGamTools/util/createSingleSignal.cxx

- 3736 // Double Crystal Ball-specific parameters:
- 3737 else if (function.Contains("DoubleCB")) {
- 3738 result.push\_back("muCBNom");
- 3739 result.push\_back("sigmaCBNom");
- 3740 result.push\_back("alphaCBLo");
- 3741 result.push\_back("alphaCBHi");
- 3742 result.push\_back("nCBLo");
- 3743 result.push\_back("nCBHi");

3744

- Signal sample: ggH, H->Z(ll)y mc21 13p6TeV.601709.PhPy8EG PDF4LHC21 ggH MINLO Zllgamma.recon.AOD
  - .e8472\_s3873\_r13829

## Signal modeling

#### Should be update to 13.6 TeV



Output

latexTable.txt plot\_singleRes\_m125.00\_c0.pdf res\_ggH\_DoubleCB\_workspace.root resonance\_paramList.txt resonance\_yieldList.txt



### **Summary and To-Do list**

#### Summary

- ➤ I have run through the signal modeling code in HGamCore framework.
- $\succ$  Just one ggF ntuple be used to make a fitting attempt.
- > Currently, the parameters in cfg only initialize alphaCBHi and alphaCBLo.

#### **To-do list**

- > Continue to familiarize myself with the fitting code and add more parameters in cfg.
- ≻ Fitting the complete ggF MC21 ntuple.

# backup





#### InputFile:

/eos/atlas/atlascerngroupdisk/physhiggs/HSG1/MxAOD/h029/mc21a/Nominal/mc21a.PhPy8EG\_PDF4LHC21\_ggZH125\_Zincl.MxAODD etailedNoSkim.e8472\_s3873\_r13829\_p5441\_h029.root