

NEW SCENARIOS OF COMPOSITE DARK MATTER

Lingfeng Li

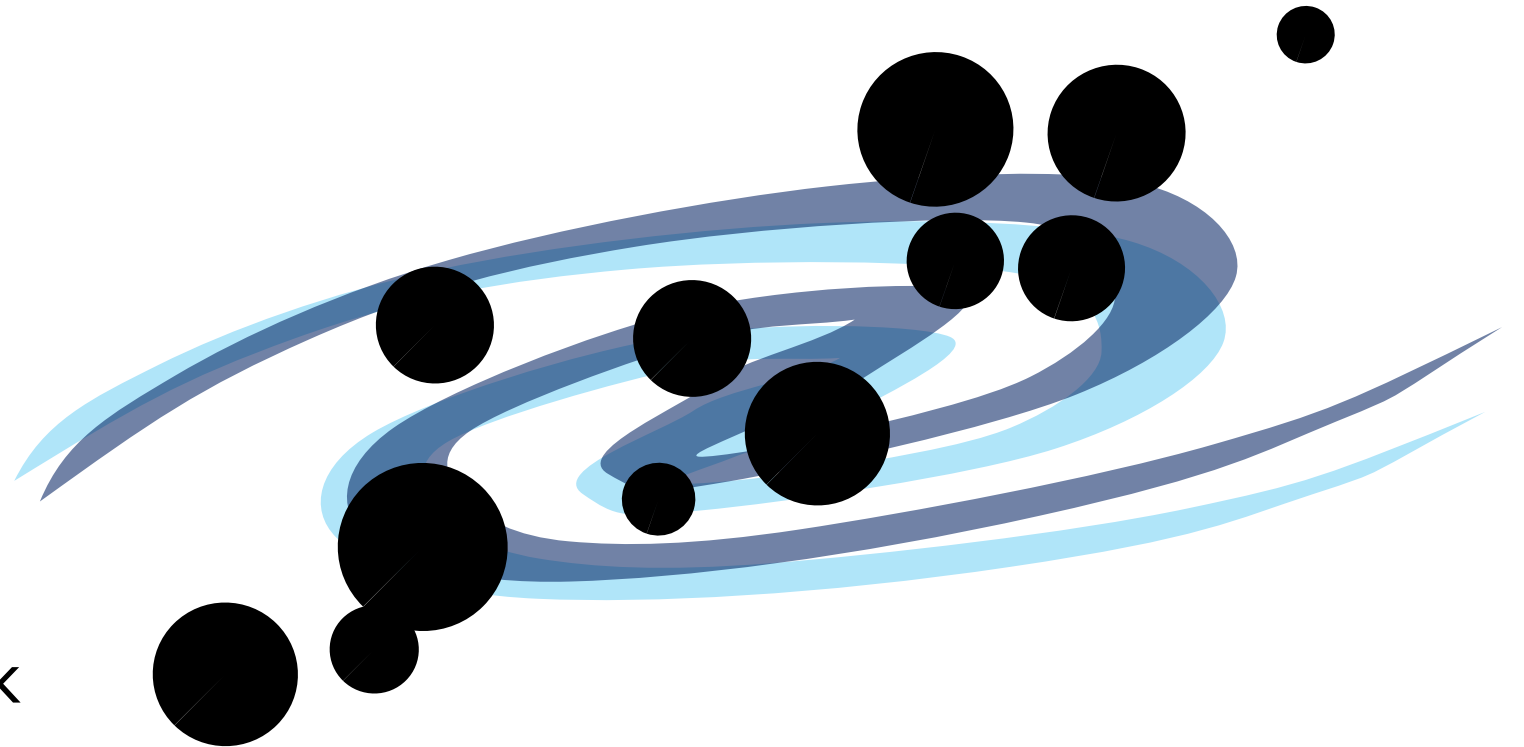
李凌风

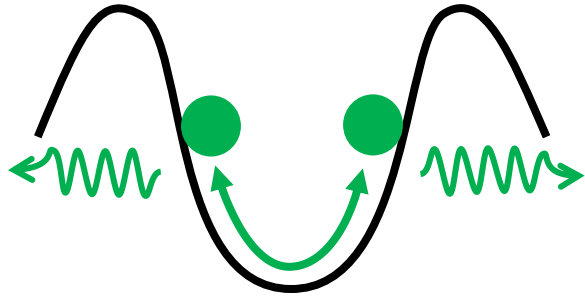
ICTP-AP, UCAS

Aug. 23, 2025

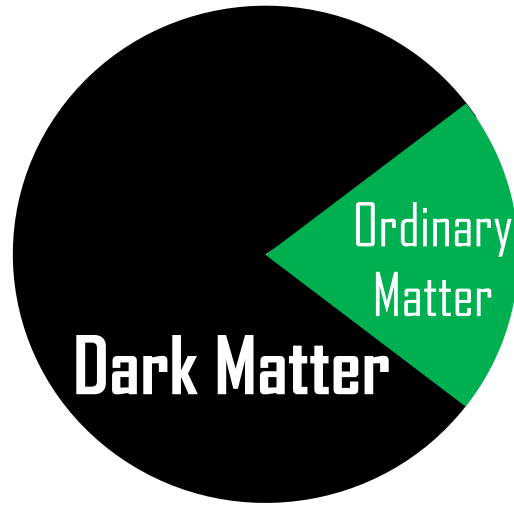
DM & Neutrino Focus Week

TDLI, Shanghai





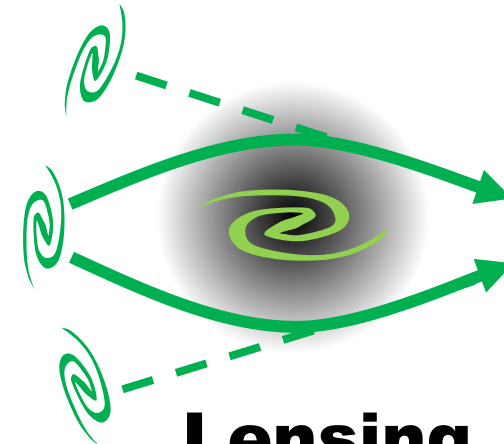
CMB Power Spectra



Large Scale Structure

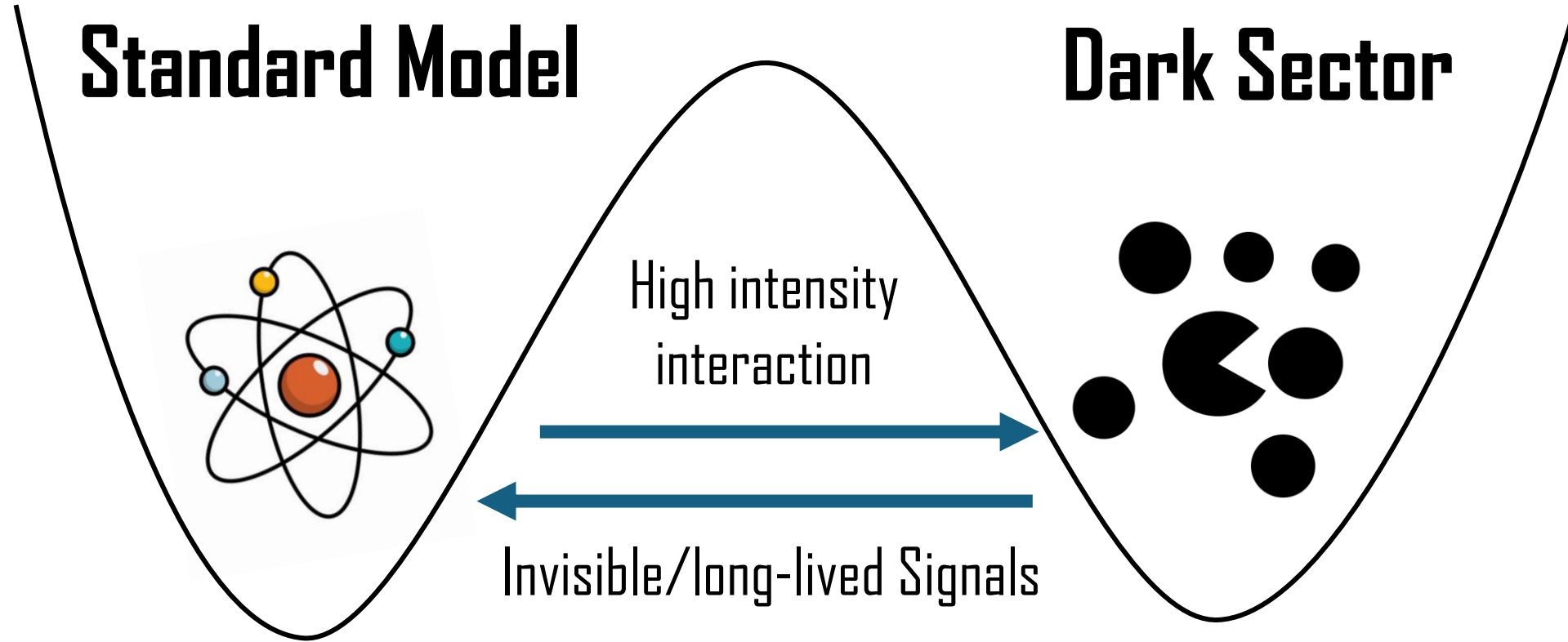


Galaxy Formation



Lensing

Portal to the Dark Sector



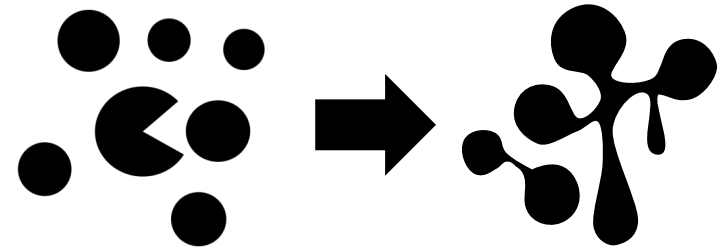
$$\epsilon \mathcal{O}_{\text{SM}} J_{\text{Dark}}$$

Relevant portal: small couplings to keep hidden

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^n} \mathcal{O}_{\text{SM}} J_{\text{Dark}}$$

Irrelevant portal: Hidden behind EFT

DM being Composite



- Often found in UV theories (e.g. GUT, neutral naturalness)

Z. Chacko, H.S. Goh, and R. Harnik, 0506256; G. Burdman, Z. Chacko, H.S. Goh and R. Harnik, 0609152; H-C. Cheng, LFL, E. Salvioni, and C. Verhaaren, 1803.03561

- Phenomenology friendly (e.g. phase transition, long-lived particles)

P. Schwaller, D. Stolarski, A. Weiler, 1502.05409;
CMS, 1810.10069; S. Knapen, J. Shelton, D. Xu, 2103.01238;
S. Born, R. Karur, S. Knapen, J. Shelton, 2303.04167; J. Carroasco, J. Zivita, 2307.04847

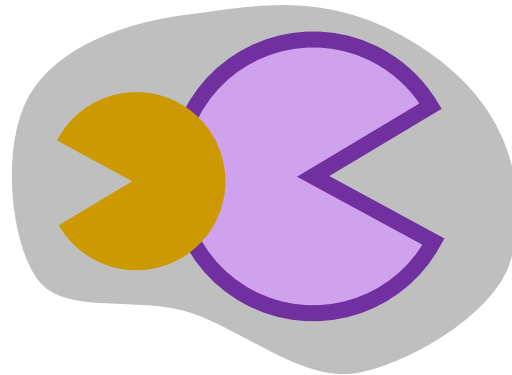
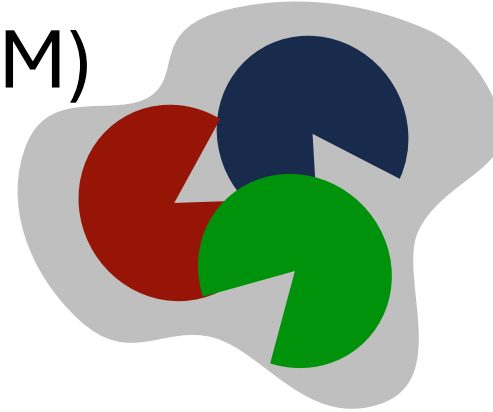
- More DM mechanism

Y. Hochberg, E. Kuflik, H. Murayama, T. Volansky, J. Wacker, 1411. 3727;
A. Katz, E. Salvioni, and B. Shakya, 2006.15148;
LFL, Y. Tsai, 1901.0993; E. Bernreuther, F. Kahlhoefer, M. Kramer
and P. Tunney, 1907.04346; LFL, S.Lu, In prep.....

- May resolve some cosmological issues

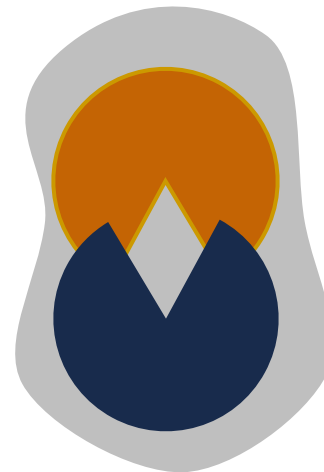
Composite DM Candidates

➤ Dark baryons (asymmetric DM)

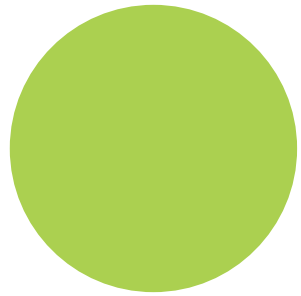


➤ Dark R-hadrons

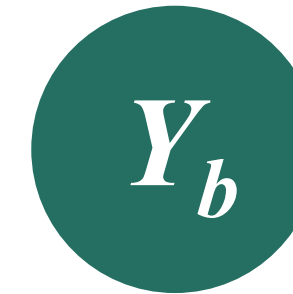
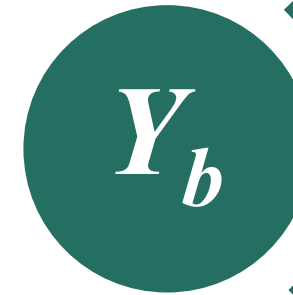
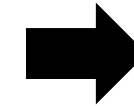
➤ Stable dark mesons



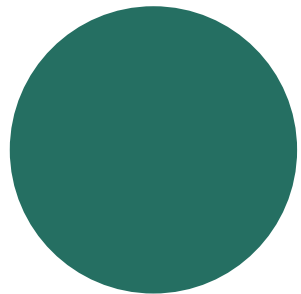
Forbidden Composite DM



The lightest dark sector particle, the DM



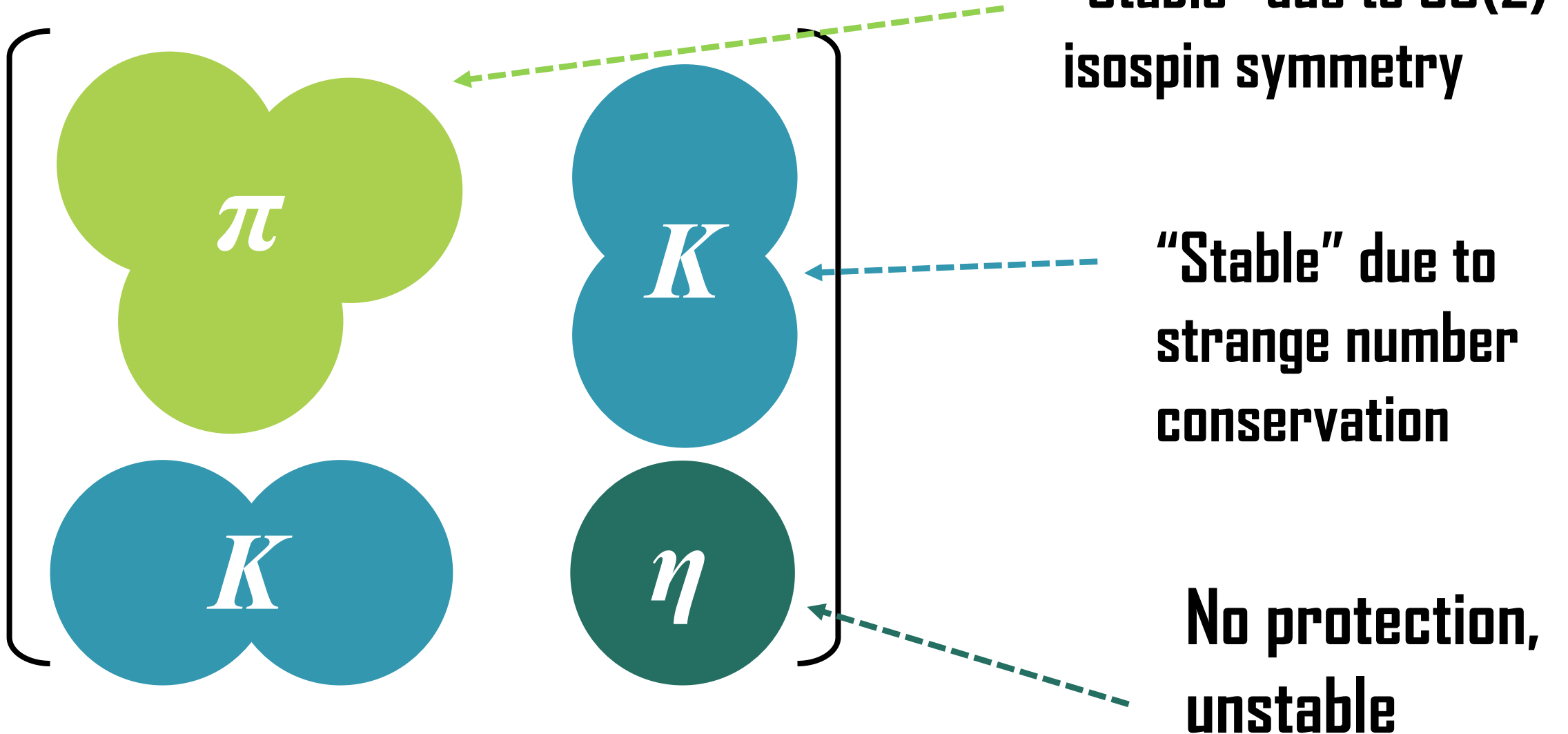
To SM



The "excited state", heavier and interacting with the SM

Only energetic particle can go through the mass gap, exponential sensitivity

Back in the SM



Thermal Mechanisms



The messenger: heavy meson that decays, contact with the SM



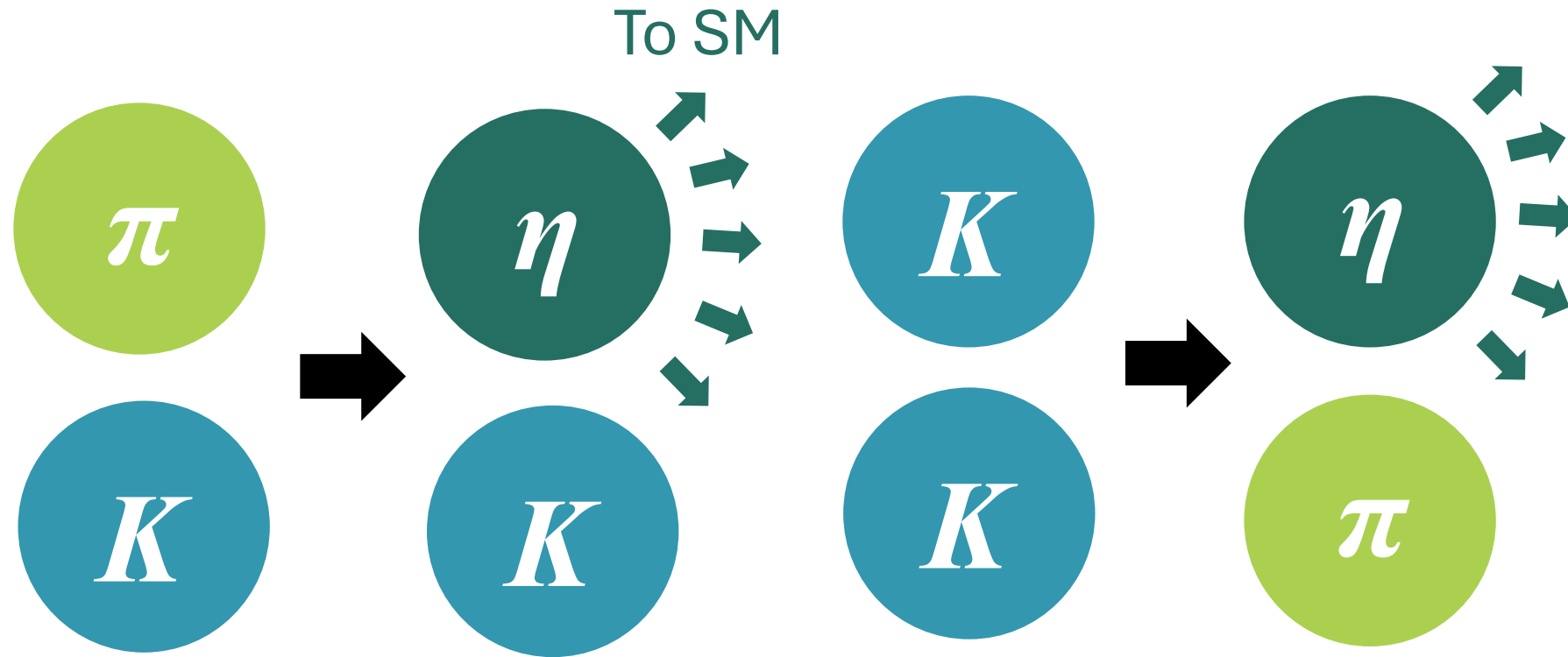
The DM meson, non-interacting



The intermediate, exists in many models



Important Alternative Processes



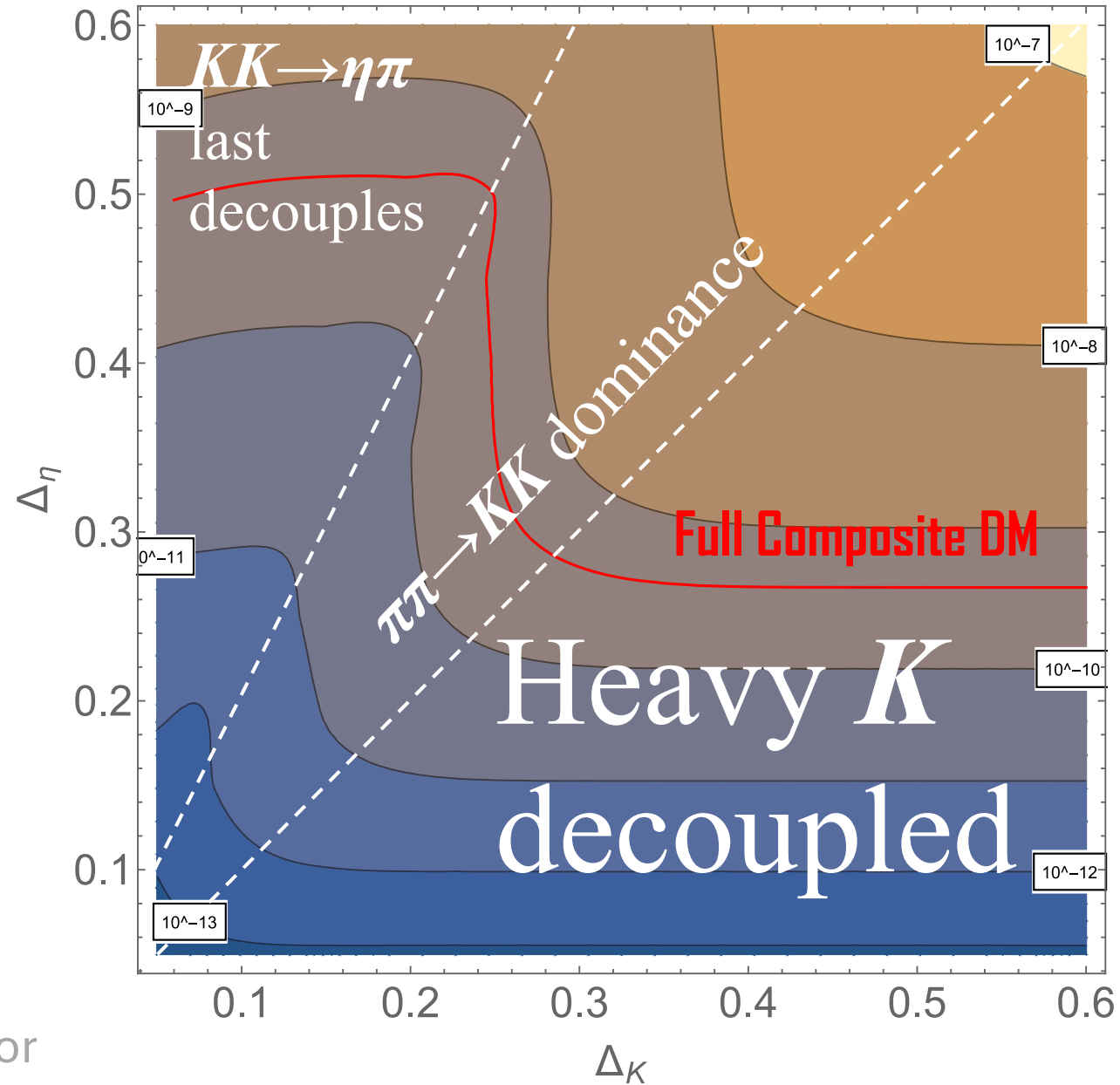
K assisted conversion, low Boltzmann suppression

K annihilation, gives indirect detection signals

GeV DM Test Run

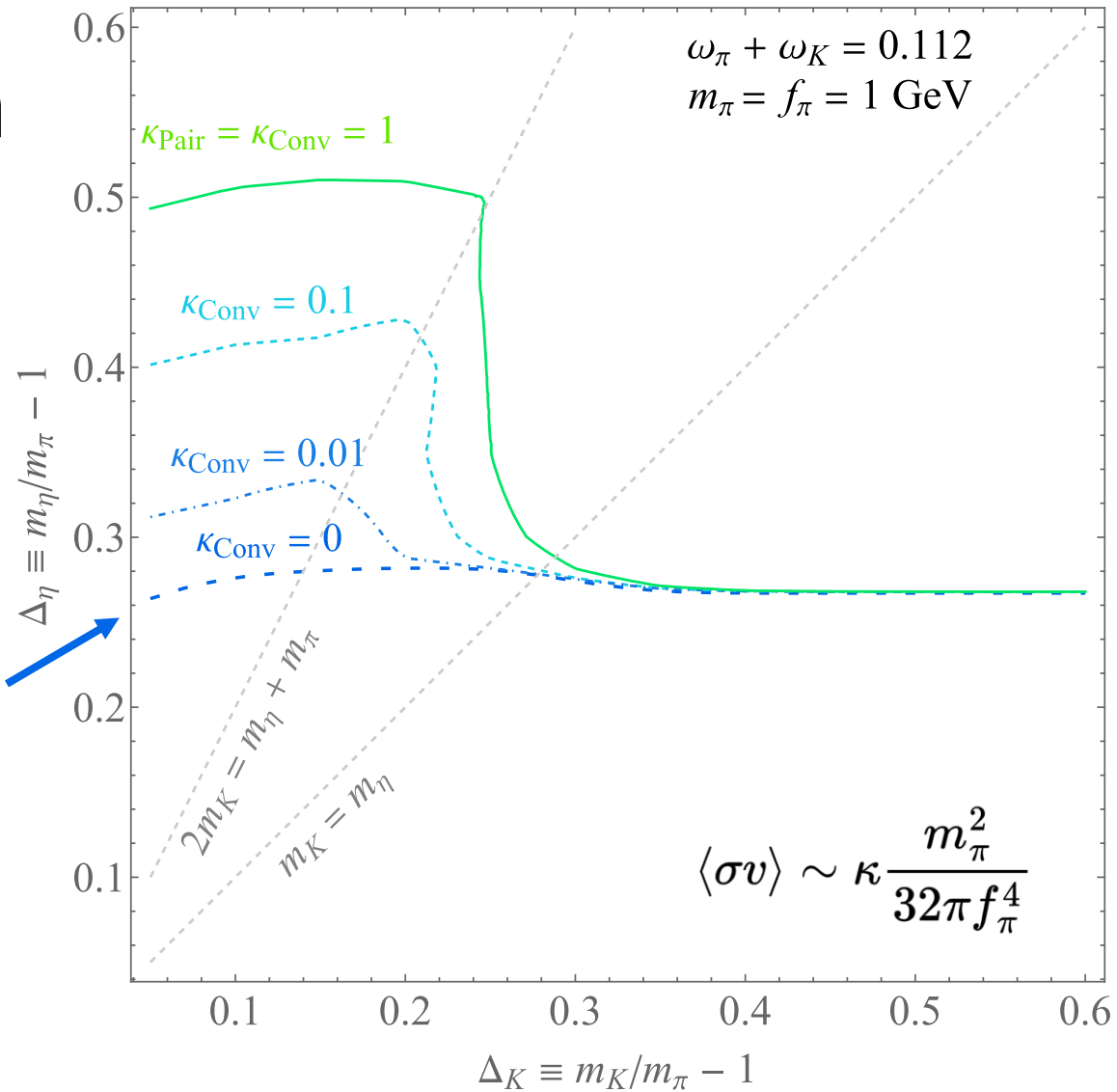
At least three
DM phases
recognized

* Assuming all
processes having
similar cross
sections, not
necessarily true for
realistic models

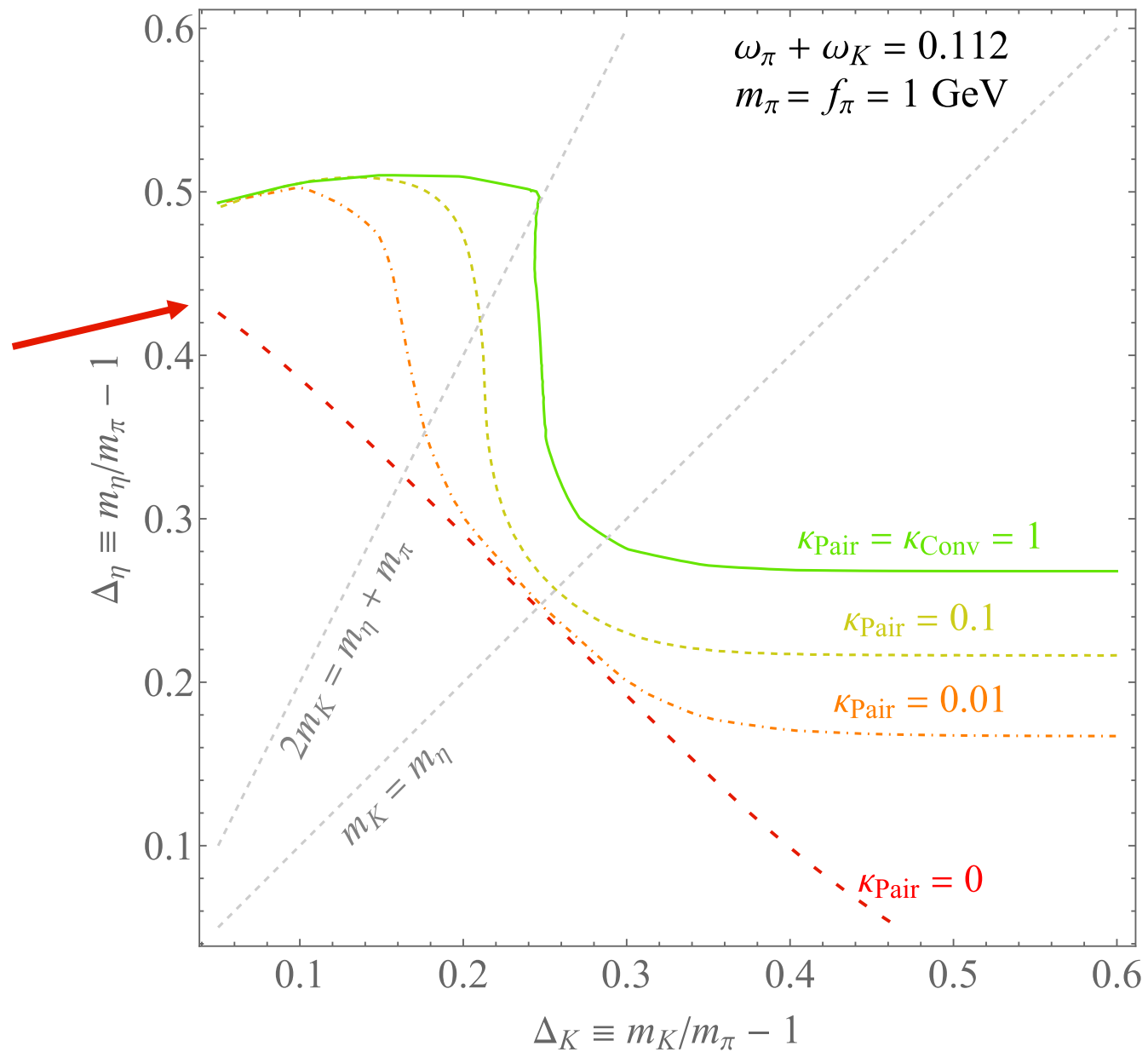


Examining Conversion Rates:

No conversion limit,
K as secondary DM



**Full $\pi K \rightarrow \eta K$
dominance**



The Model

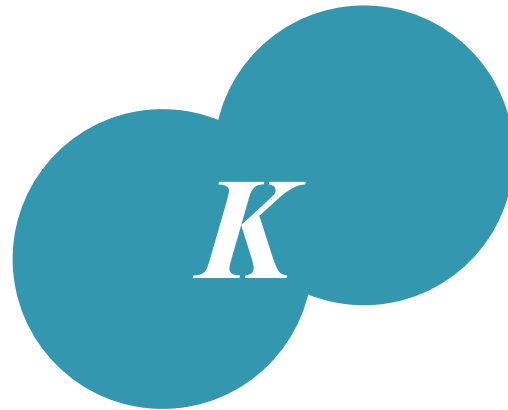
Gauge group: $SO(N_c)$ $N_c \geq 4$

$SU(3)/SO(3) \Rightarrow$ 5 Goldstone bosons

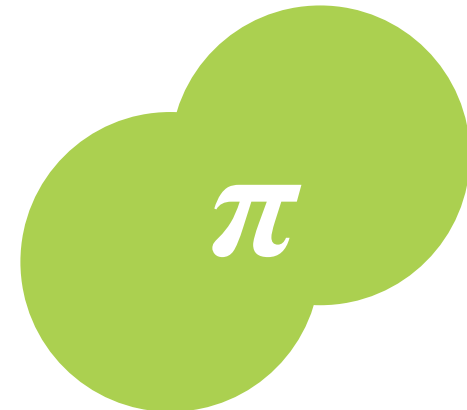
Two π , two K and one η



$$m_\eta = (1 + \Delta_\eta) m_\pi >$$

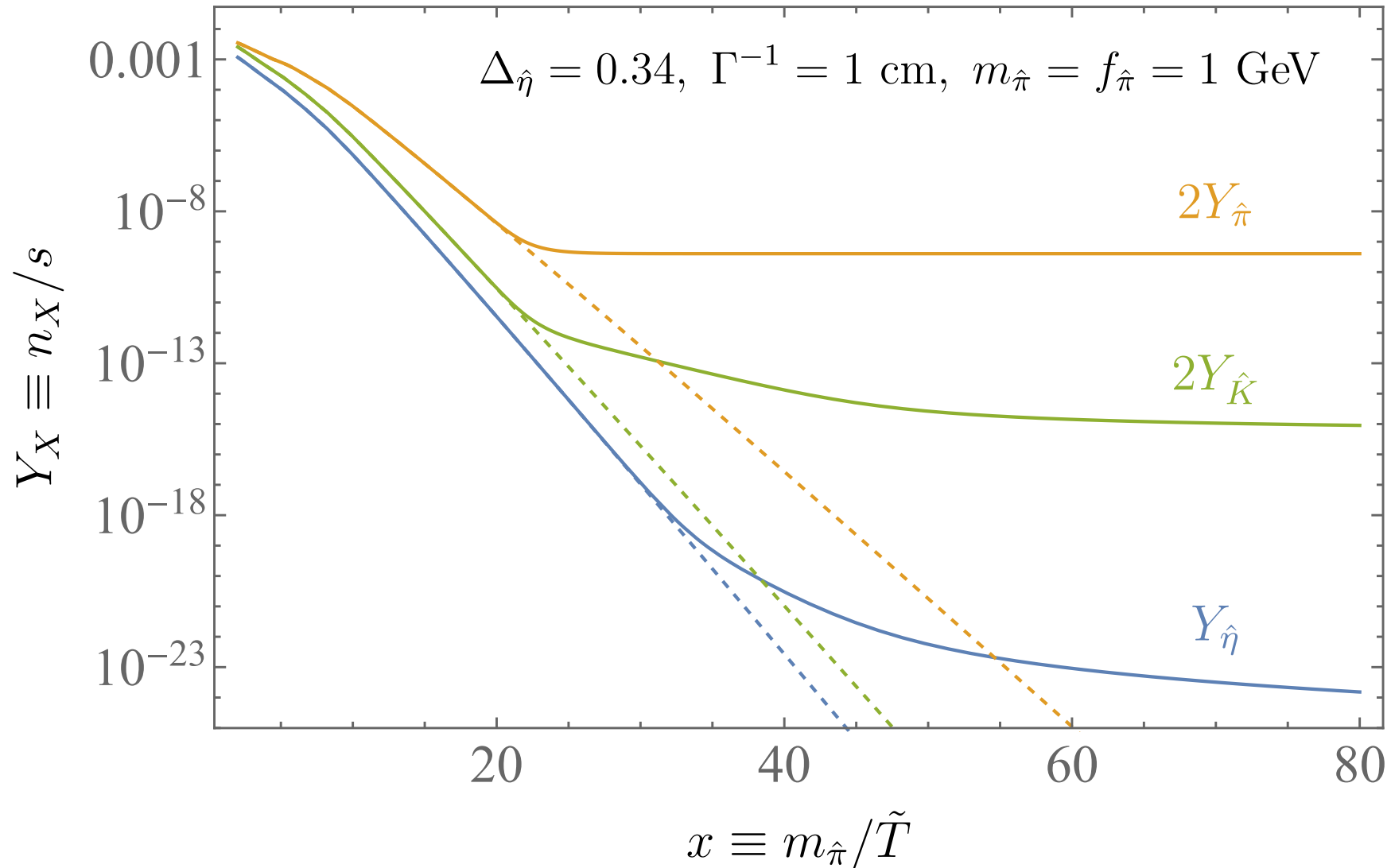


$$m_K = (1 + \Delta_K) m_\pi >$$

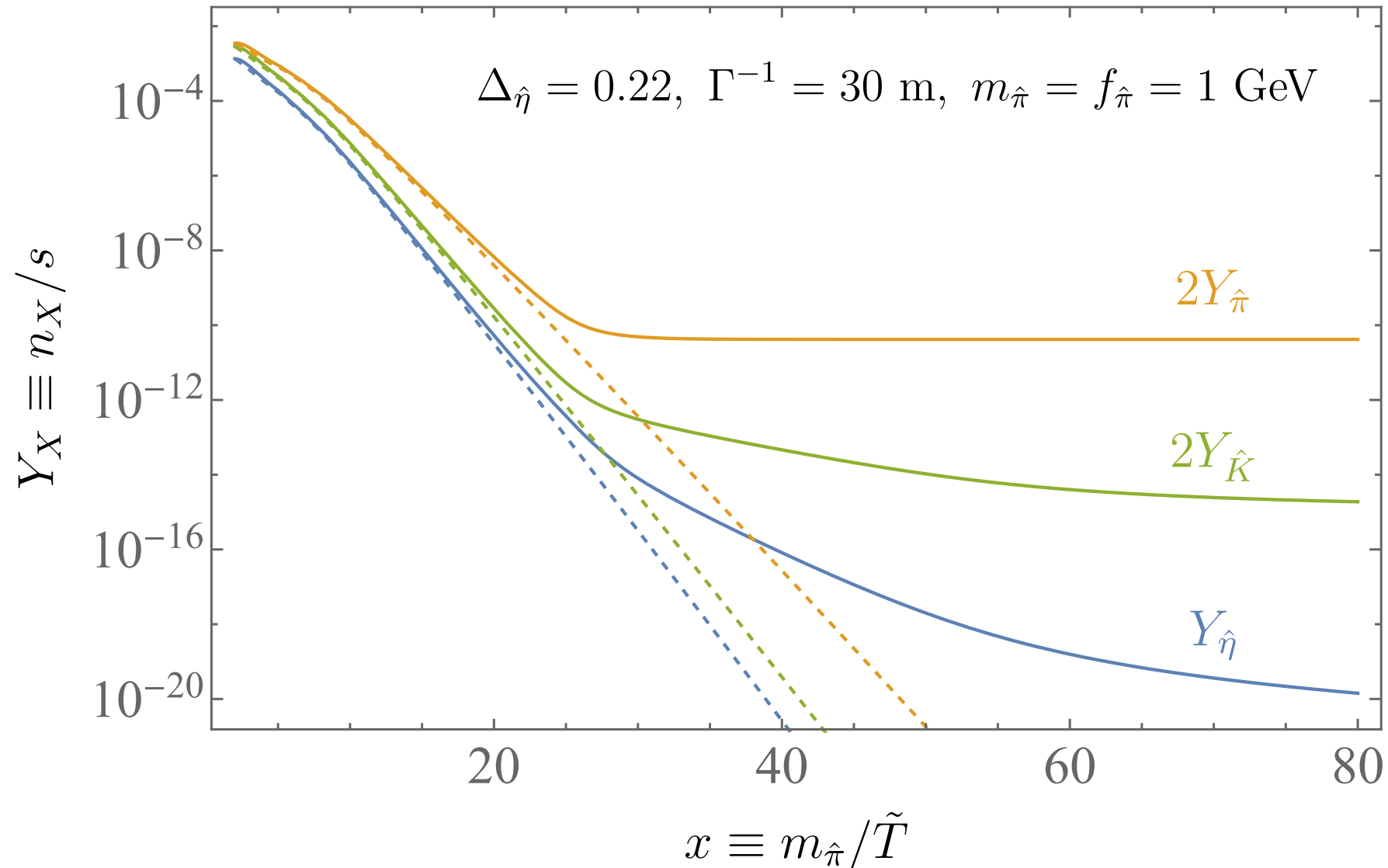


$$m_\pi$$

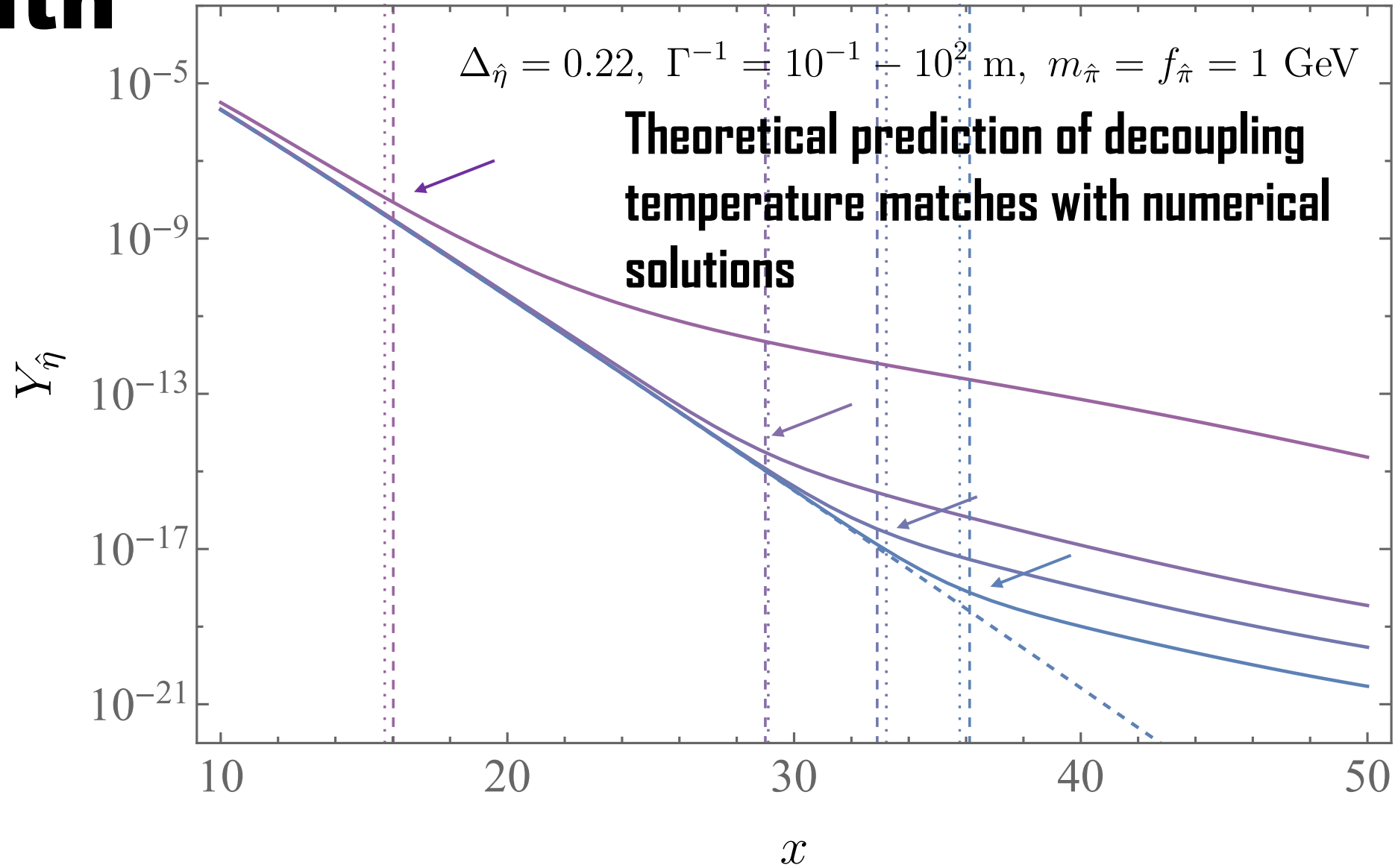
Large Decay Width Limit: Freezeout Controlled by Conversion

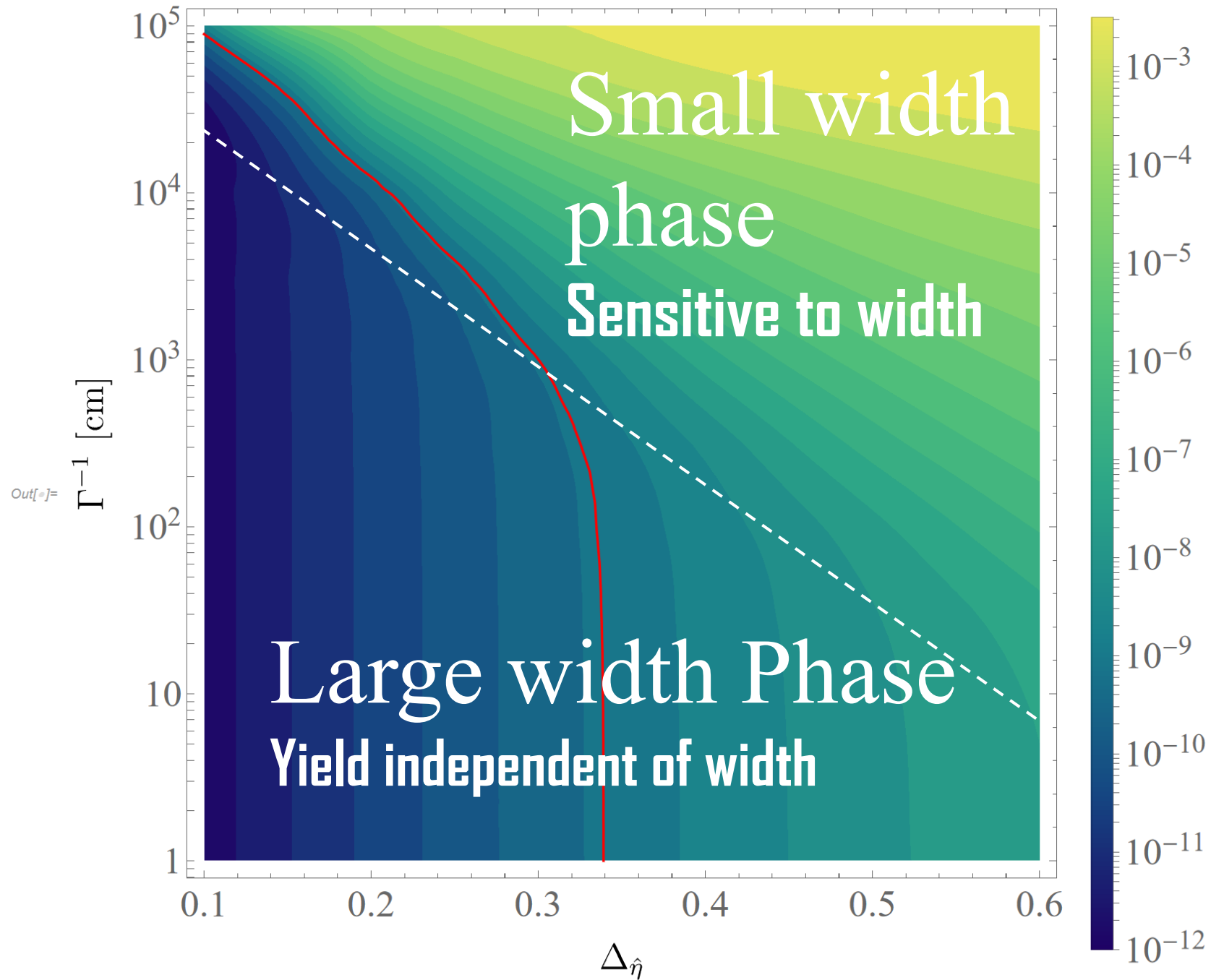


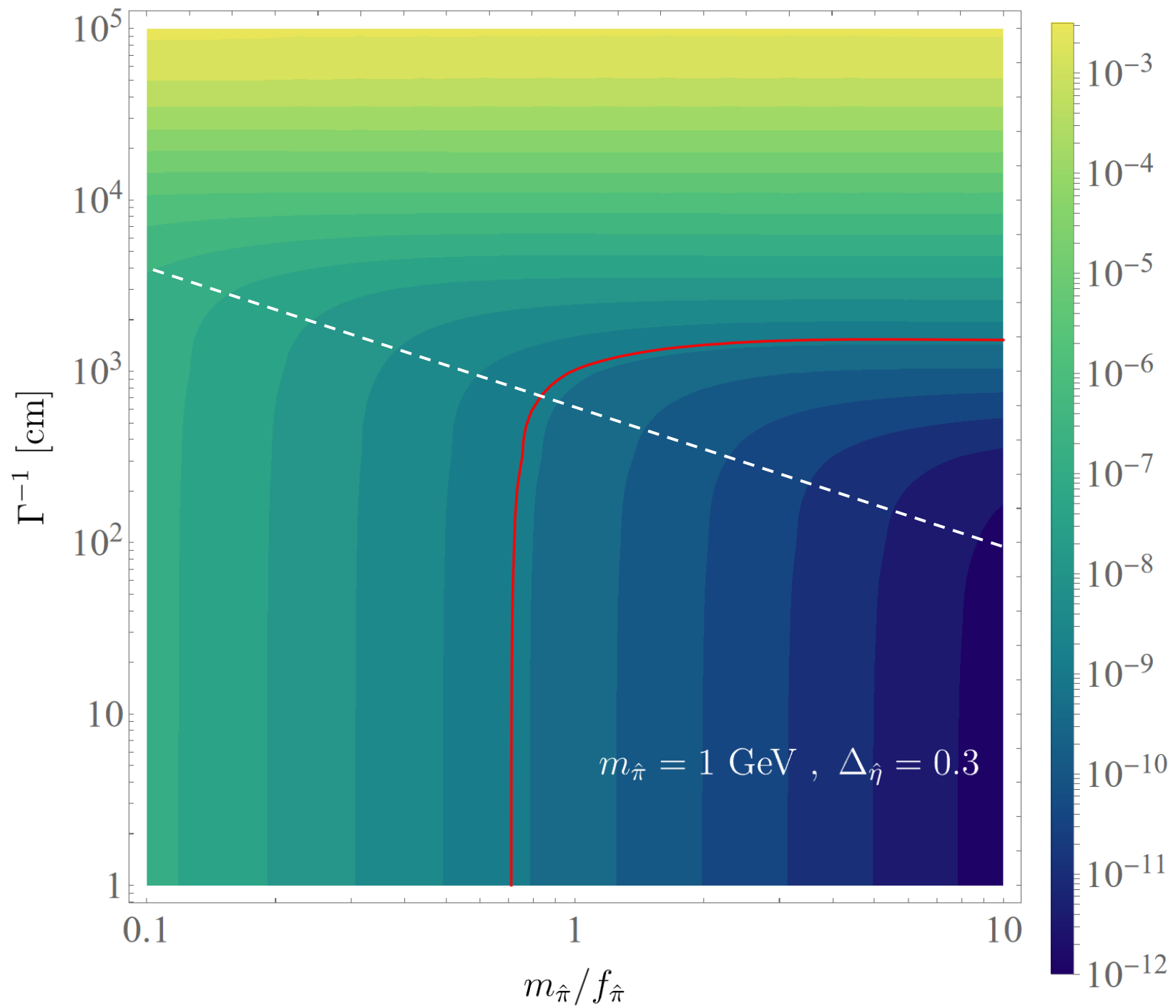
Small Decay Width Limit: Freezeout Controlled by the Decay

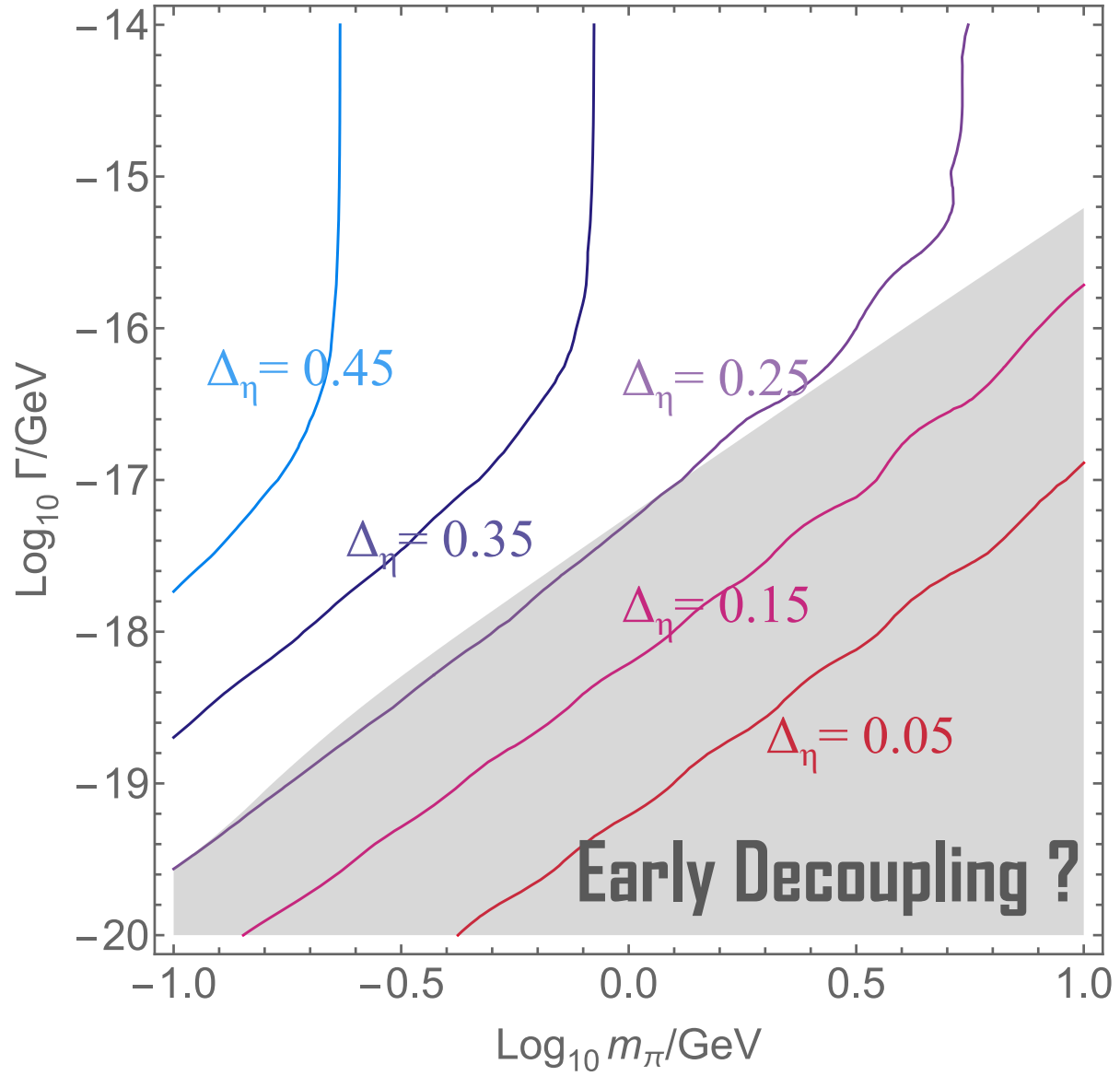


Transition Between Different Decay Width









The EW Portal Back to SM

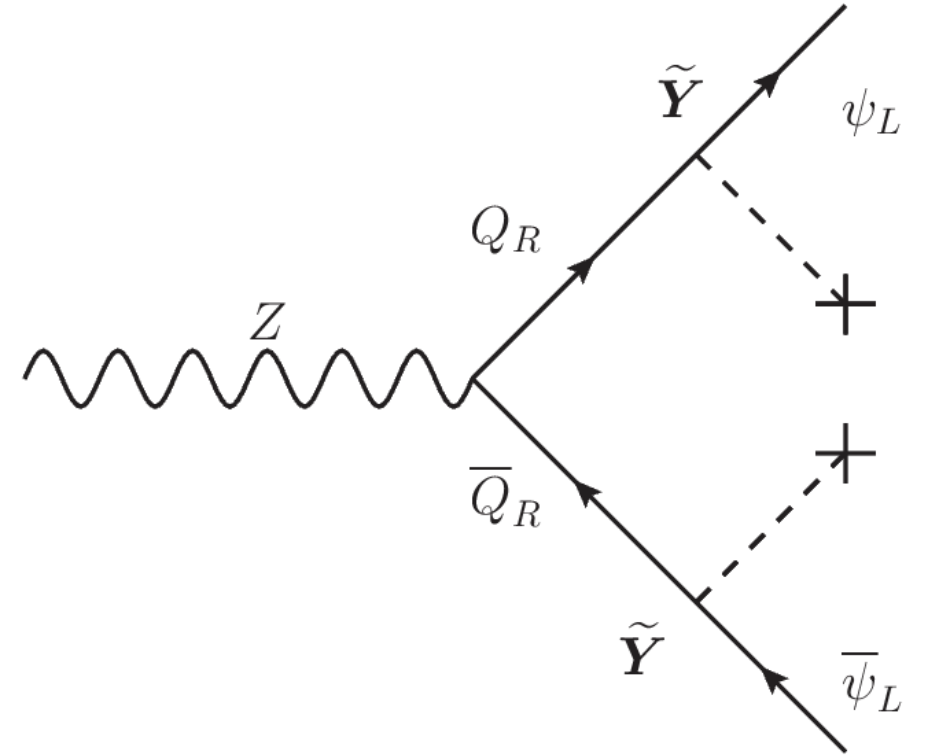
$$-\mathcal{L}_{UV} \supset Q_i^c T (M_Q)_{ij} \epsilon Q_j + Q_i^T H Y_{ij} \epsilon \psi_j + Q_i^c T \tilde{H} \tilde{Y}_{ij} \epsilon \psi_j + \text{h.c.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}}^{Q+Q^c} = & \frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{|y_1|^2}{M_{Q_1}^2} - \frac{|\tilde{y}_1|^2}{M_{Q_1}^2} \right) (\psi_1^\dagger \bar{\sigma}^\mu \psi_1 + \psi_2^\dagger \bar{\sigma}^\mu \psi_2) + \left(\frac{|y_3|^2}{M_{Q_3}^2} - \frac{|\tilde{y}_3|^2}{M_{Q_3}^2} \right) \psi_3^\dagger \bar{\sigma}^\mu \psi_3 \right] (iH^\dagger D_\mu H + \text{h.c.}) \\ & - \left[\frac{y_1 \tilde{y}_1}{M_{Q_1}} |H|^2 (\psi_1^T \epsilon \psi + \psi_2^T \epsilon \psi_2) + \frac{y_3 \tilde{y}_3}{M_{Q_3}} |H|^2 (\psi_3^T \epsilon \psi_3) + \text{h.c.} \right] \\ & + |H|^2 \left\{ \left(\frac{|y_1|^2}{M_{Q_1}^2} + \frac{|\tilde{y}_1|^2}{M_{Q_1}^2} \right) (\psi_1^\dagger i \not{D} \psi_1 + \psi_2^\dagger i \not{D} \psi_2) + \frac{|\tilde{y}_3|^2}{M_{Q_3}^2} \psi_3^\dagger i \not{D} \psi_3 + \text{h.c.} \right\}, \end{aligned} \quad (4.3)$$

Mass < 1 GeV : decay to $\mu\mu$

Mass > 1 GeV: hadronic decays

$$\Gamma_{\hat{\eta}} \sim \frac{y^4 f_{\hat{\pi}}^2 m_{\hat{\eta}} m_\mu^2}{M_Q^4} \ll \text{GeV}$$



2408.13304 H-C. Cheng, X. Jiang, LFL

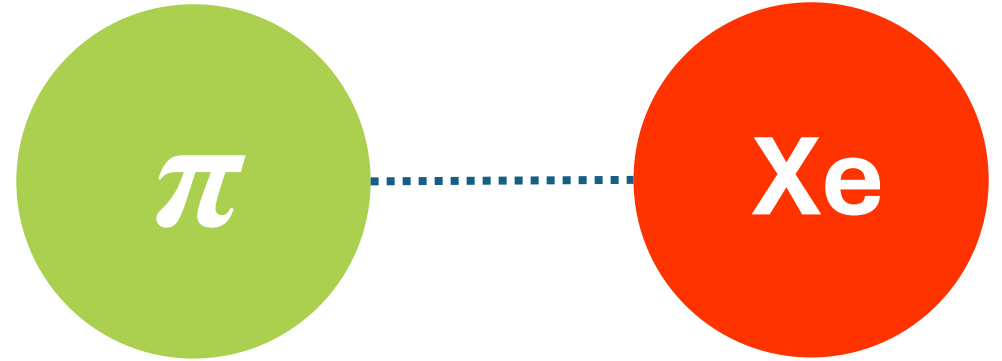
2401.08785 H-C. Cheng, X. Jiang, LFL, E. Salvioni

2110.10691 H-C. Cheng, LFL, E. Salvioni

Direct Detection Prospects

The leading Z exchange between DM and SM are forbidden by the same symmetry that stabilizes the DM, the remaining Higgs exchange:

$$\mathcal{L} \supset 4B \frac{y_1 \tilde{y}_1}{M_{Q_1}} \pi_+ \pi_- |H|^2,$$



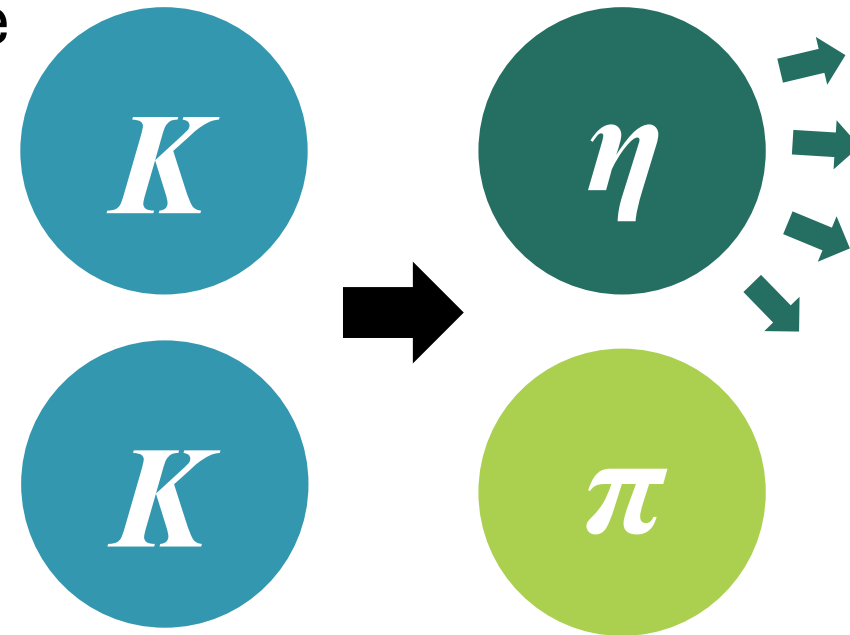
Nucleon
scattering
Xsec:

$$\simeq 2.5 \times 10^{-45} \text{ cm}^2 b^2 \left(\frac{m_N}{m_\pi + m_N} \right)^2 \left(\frac{f}{\text{GeV}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{y_1 \tilde{y}_1}{10^{-2}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\text{TeV}}{M_{Q_1}} \right)^2$$

When $m > 8 \text{ GeV}$, could be above the neutrino fog

Indirect Detection Prospects

- As forbidden dark matter, usually free from indirect detection
- The remaining secondary Kaon DM can annihilate to SM, strongly depending on how many K remain



The most stringent CMB spectral distortion limit constraints the highly degenerate case ($\Delta < 1\%$)

Phenomenology Prospects



➤ Emerging jets

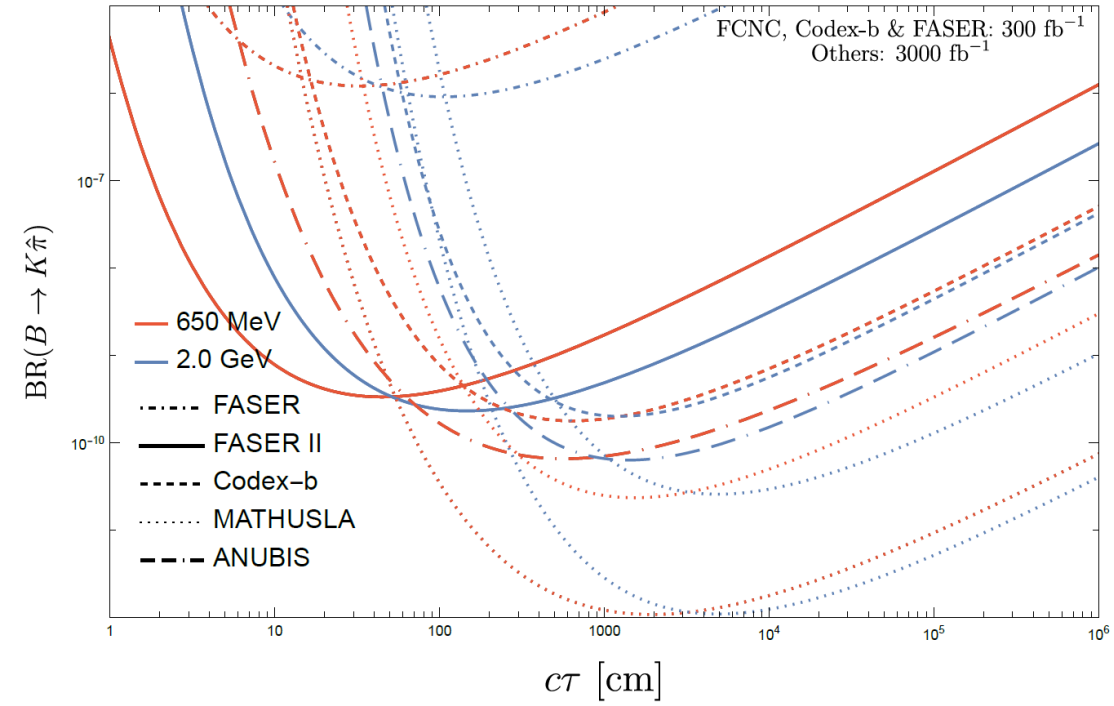
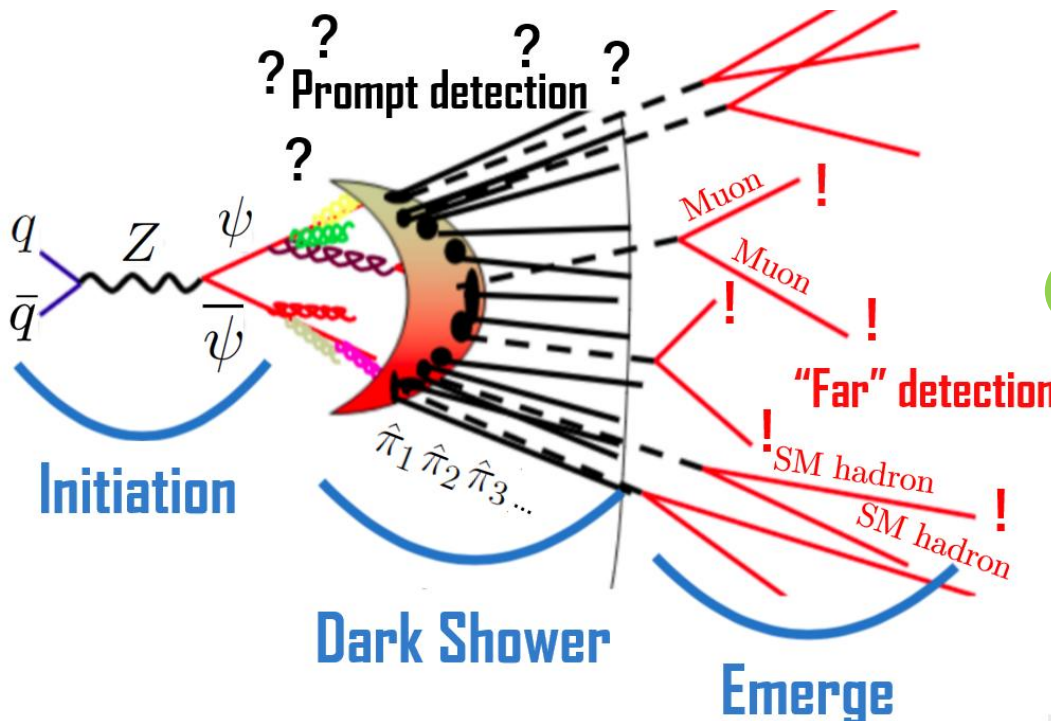
P. Schwaller, D. Stolarski and A. Weiler, 1502.05409

➤ Semi-visible jets

T. Cohen, M. Lisanti and H. K. Lou, 1503.00009

➤ Individual leptonic vertexes

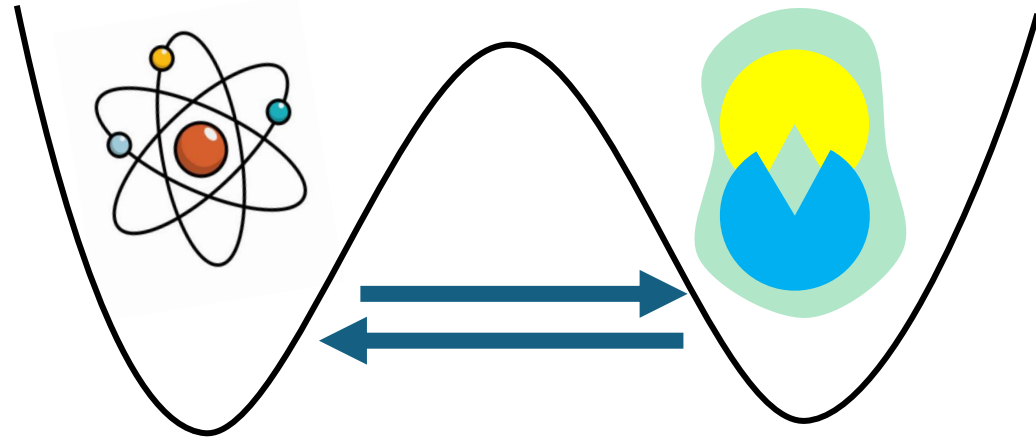
LHCb, 2007.03923; CMS, 2112.13769



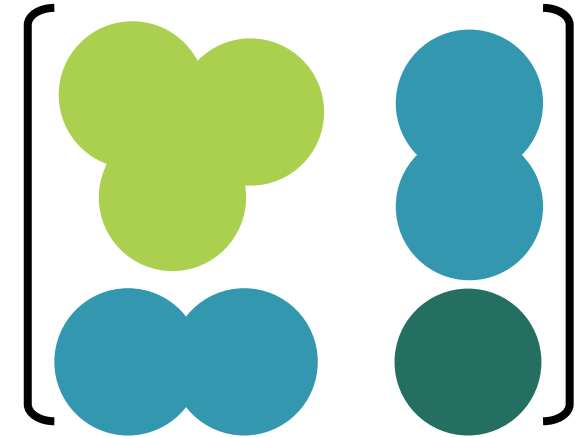
- SM meson decays such as B/K FCNC decays
- EW precision tests

2408.13304 H-C. Cheng, X. Jiang, LFL
 2401.08785 H-C. Cheng, X. Jiang, LFL, E. Salvioni
 2110.10691 H-C. Cheng, LFL, E. Salvioni

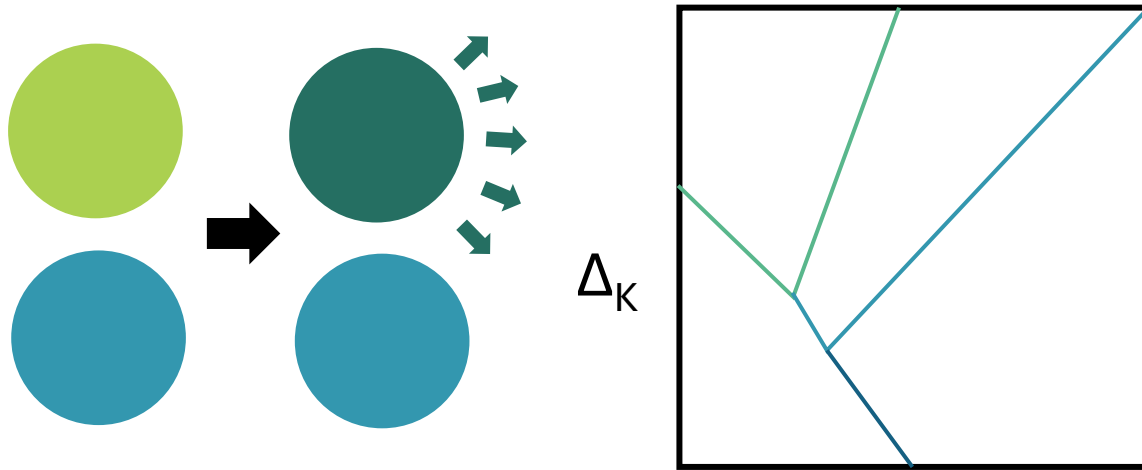
THANK YOU



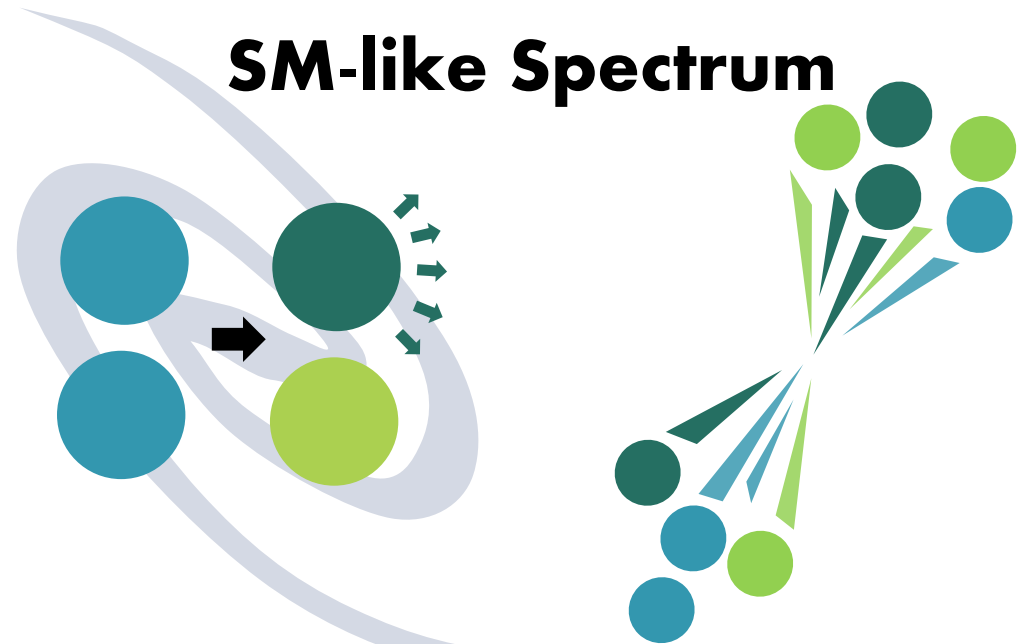
Composite DM with Portal



SM-like Spectrum



Many New Dynamics



Unique detection implications